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VOL. III. NO. 159 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 7, 1915. CITY PRICE ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE TO LONDON.

CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Date of sailing about	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
SUNDAY. July				
11th ,,	Khyber	9000	.. ..	..
18th ,,	Salsette	6000	Medina	12500
25th ,,	Caledonia	8000	.. ..	..
1st August	Salsette	6000	Mongolia	10000
8th ,,	Khiva	9000	.. ..	..
15th ,,	alsette	6000	Malwa	11000
22nd ,,	Kashmir	9000	.. ..	..
29th ,,	Salsette	6000	Persia	8050
5th Sept.	Mooltan	10000	.. ..	..
12th ,,	Salsette	6000	Morea	11000
19th ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500	.. ..	..
26th ,,	Maloja	12500	.. ..	..
3rd Oct.	Egypt	8300	.. ..	..
10th ,,	Salsette	6000	Arabia	8000
17th ,,	Karmala	9000	.. ..	..
24th ,,	alsette	6000	Moldavia	10000
31st ,,	Caledonia	8000	.. ..	..

Until further notice the Homeward Steamers will not call at Plymouth.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p.m., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA and NEW ZEALAND.

These steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly, on WEDNESDAYS. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to:—

E. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.

(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.)

Incorporated in Japan.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders	Tons	Arrival.	Departure.
Rangoon Maru	H. Nomura	6126	5th July	17th July
Kirin Maru	T. Sasaki	5348	14th July	26th July
Iyo Maru	K. Okamoto	6320	27th July	8 th August

For Freight apply to:—

H. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA,
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the

HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,

28, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,

BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bath-room Fittings, etc.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND, LTD., ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital of Rs. 1,95,600.

Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very large scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

FREE! FREE!! FREE!!!

Rai Shaheb Dr. K. C. Dass's

HEALTH LITERATURE.

The most up-to-date Science of Health to Young and Old. Distributed gratis or post free. Apply to:—

THE SWASTHYA SAHAI PHARMACY,
30/2, Harrison Road, CALCUTTA.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE)

SAILINGS 1915.

Future sailings will be announced shortly.

FARES.	1st. class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd. class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	555	833	420	630
London via Marseilles	630	1,033	480	790
Liverpool	600	900	450	675
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	..	942	..	713

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A. and C. class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

KILLICK NIXON & CO.,

Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bate and Sons, Agency, Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY-AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO., TURNER MORRISON & CO., LTD., Agents.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£1,175,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

Post Box 151

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposit may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum of the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

E. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

FOR KARACHI & PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "CHAKDARA," 3,035 tons, sailing on arrival of the English Mail steamer on Saturday, the 10th July, connecting at Karachi (passengers only) with the *s.* s. "DWARKA" for Muscat, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI & PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "BARPETA," 3,283 tons, on Friday 9th July, calling at Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomera and Busreh.

FOR EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

S. S. "PUNDUA," 3,305 tons, sailing about 15th/16th July, calling at Seychelles, Mombassa and Zanzibar.

FOR RANGOON DIRECT.

S S. "OKARA," 5,291 tons, sailing on or about 8th July.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier,
Bombay.

7th July, 1915.

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR 1915.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains.	Leave Bombay about.
S.S. "Olympia"	5124	Alex Andrew	about 24th July, 1915.

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in the future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single Rs.	Return Rs.
Bombay to Suez	420	630
Bombay to Cairo	435	660
Bombay to Port Said	450	675
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	555	867
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	630	942
Bombay to Gibraltar	570	855
Bombay to Liverpool	600	900
Bombay to New York via Liverpool and Glasgow	867	1433

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric-fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rate to Europe includes free passage by B. I. S. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay

F. CORNAGLIA

BOMBAY & POONA.

SPECIALIST IN WEDDING CAKES.

Caterer for Wedding Parties, Soirees and all kinds of Entertainments.

ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION

F. CORNAGLIA

Importer of High Class Stores and Wines.

83, 85, Medows Street and 7, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY

and

Arsenal Road, POONA.

Telegrams, CORNAGLIA. Telephone No. 42.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.

Branches at: Bombay, Calcutta and Baghdad.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Called-up Capital	£600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£900,000
Reserve Fund	£55,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir Jacob E. Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
Emile Francqui, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
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J. S. Haskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq., (of Martins Bank, Ltd.)

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A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculdas, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE.

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNT opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON SAVING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loan and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING.

BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaikwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE BARODA.

Branches: Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed	Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 3,75,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSIT.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

Zymole Trokeys are handy to carry and are invaluable to all who talk or sing. As a stimulating antiseptic for the throat they are unequalled. 29

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd.

(SCOTLAND)

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS

B. O. C. LAMP OILS — B. O. C. PITCH
B. O. C. PETROL — B. O. C. CANDLES
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS — B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES — B. O. C. WAX

BOMBAY AGENTS:

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street.

P. O. Box 203 *Telephone Nos.* 102 & 1439

WHEN IS A WATCH CHEAP?

The movement of the watch that will give trustworthy service for a life-time is the watch that is cheap in the economic sense. Here value and price coincide in meaning because value is realised in price and price becomes the measure of value.

So-called cheap watches, flashily cased, containing highly polished movements with an ostentatious display of jewels (?) of indifferent character, and to sell at out prices are dear at any price. Watches of this character soon need replacing, becoming thereby a recurring drain on one's resources.

It is economy to spend Rs. 50 on one watch that will give you of its best for 15 to 20 years: but it is not economy to spend Rs. 150 to Rs. 200 at about Rs. 10 per year on 15 to 20 or may be 30 common Watches for the same period.

WALTHAM WATCHES

sell at a fair price and those offered by us under our name-guarantee with the addition of the WALTHAM name can be depended upon as watches which will last a life-time.

The following watches of the WALTHAM manufacture are now offered by us:

WALTHAM POCKET WATCH

High Grade Jewelled lever movemnet fitted with compensated balance and brequet hairspring, folding into one piece, dust-proof case with screw bezel.

Nickel Rs. 35. Silver Rs. 45.

WALTHAM WRIST WATCH

High Grade Jewelled lever movement fitted with compensated balance and brequet hairspring in double domed and flush fitting case with hinged lugs and one piece strap.

Silver Rs. 47-8.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.

JEWELLERS & WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

AERTEX CELLULAR CLOTHING.

AERTEX CELLULAR UNDERWEAR

IS THE

Healthiest Coolest and most Comfortable make of all the materials manufactured for Gentlemen's Underwear.

Undershirts	..from Rs.	2-12
Drawers	.. ,, ,,	3-0
Tennis Shirts	.. ,, ,,	4-0
Sleeping Suits	.. ,, ,,	8-8

Less 10 % Cash Discount.

Send to the local agents for Samples and full Particulars.

Badham, Pile & Co. Ltd

BOMBAY, POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

Telephone No. 2728.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorised	Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued	Rs. 30,00,000
Capital Subscribed	Rs. 26,81,500
Capital Paid Up	Rs. 13,14,273
Reserve Fund	Rs. 10,80,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshwar City, Ambalia City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan)

Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 45,000,000
Paid up Capital	Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 12,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Aucung Hsein	Liaoyang	Pekin
Changchun	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Darien (Dalney)	London	San Francisco
Hankow	Lyons	Shanghai
Harbin	Fengtien (Mukden)	Tiehling
Hong Kong	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tokyo
Kobe	New York	Tsingtau
Lee Angles (Cal. U.S.A.)	Osaka	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 267.

Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID.:—

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES

may be had on application to—

The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

THE HUP OF THE UNIVERSE—The 1915 Hupmobile is the best value offered in American Cars. A trial will convince you. Agents—

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR Co., Ltd.,

Elphinstone Circle and Apollo Bunder,

531—1 Bombay.

PROBLEMS of LUBRICATION. Copies free to Engineers, and Mill Agents. From TARAPORWALLA, Book Sellers, Medows Street, or from ROYSAMPAT, above Pear & Co., Apollo Street. 1183

TO RESIDENTS on Cuffe Parade or vicinity. Breakfasts, Luncheons, and Dinners supplied at moderate rates. Excellent cuisine. For terms and other particulars apply to Box No. 523 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle.". 170

DAVER'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities Best Examination results. 60, Esplanade Road. 832

D. C. BOTTLEWALLA. Furniture Merchant undertakes the sale, hire and purchase of furniture on the most favourable terms.

46, Apollo Street, Fort, opp. Liptons. 1056

PIANOS:—Mr. A. F. SOUNDY having severed his connection with MESSRS. SOUNDY & CO., LTD., Music Warehouse is now prepared to undertake TUNINGS and REPAIRS to all makes of PIANOS, ORGANS HARMONIUMS, etc. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply A. F. SOUNDY, "Sea Croft," Colaba Reclamation, Bombay. 2454

A RARE OPPORTUNITY—(Confidential)—A well-known AMERICAN DENTIST in Bombay undertakes to do any kind of dental work on *monthly payment* at moderate charges.

High class work guaranteed. No increase in price. Please apply: DENTIST, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 951

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS AND CO., LTD. Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes, Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas, Laldas, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. 535

WE are SPECIALISTS in the Design of CYCLES. We offer at Rs. 75 the ALL INDIA CYCLE which cannot be beaten by machines costing 25 per cent more.

Write for specification to

THE AUTOMOBILE CO., LTD.,

New Queen's Road, Bombay.

Telephone:—No. 2180.

Telegrams:—"Aeroplane" Bombay. 5

WANTED.

WANTED EMPLOYMENT as a MOTOR CAR DRIVER by a competent Pathan. Good references. Apply "PATHAN" care of this paper. 300

WANTED.—By cheerful French family, to let comfortable airy rooms, with excellent board by week or month. E. L. F. Home comforts. Very moderate. Good central locality. Address to Box No. 510, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 180

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of District Board Engineer, Gujranwala.

Applicants should give the following particulars in regard to themselves.

Qualifications.

Age.

Previous engineering experience.

Present salary.

Knowledge of English and office experience.

Only competent men with qualifications of an Assistant Engineer need apply. The selected candidate will be on probation for 6 months.

The question of pay has not been finally decided yet, but it may be Rs. 250 or 300 or more according to the qualifications of the selected candidate.

Only the successful candidate will receive a reply and testimonials will not be returned.

Applications, which should be submitted before the 15th July, should be addressed to the Chairman, District Board, Gujranwala.

BHAI DALIP SINGH, B.A.,
Chairman, Distt. Board.

Gujranwala,
Dated 14th June 1915. 304 319

WANTED.

WANTED—Patients suffering from Leucoderma (white Leprosy). Treatment on contract. Apply to Box No. 300, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 516

WANTED EMPLOYMENT in a commercial house by a young Englishman, well up in accounts and correspondence. Willing to start on living salary, provided prospects good. Apply to "S. E. C." Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 300

WANTED: Gent or Lady of LITERARY and CANVASSING ABILITIES to earn Rs. 10 to Rs. 100 a day independently. Enclose as. 4 for scheme. Business Agency, Byculla, Bombay. 1181

WANTED—A complete cloth and yarn baling press with pump either a new one or a second-hand in good working order. Write with full specification particulars and price, to Box No. 437, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1178

WANTED—A secondhand (in working order) ballast stone breaking machine. Apply with particulars of maker, condition, outturn, H. P. required and condition of delivery, to Box No. 438, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1182

WANTED—Superintendent of Police for the Panna State on a consolidated salary of Rs. 150, p. m., rent free (unfurnished) house. Preference will be given to retired Government servants.

Apply stating age, qualifications and experience with testimonials to THE DEWAN, Panna State, Panna (Bundelkhand), C. I., before the 15th July 1915. 305

WANTED ambitious youths to undergo EXPERT PERSONAL TUITION in "SLOAN-DUPLOYAN" Shorthand, "TOUCH" Type-writing, Telegraphy, Penmanship, Correspondence, Book-keeping, etc. Fees suit all pockets. Proficiency Guaranteed and Situations Secured. Educated "helpless" Orphans Admitted Free.

CENTRAL BUSINESS COLLEGE,
46, Kalbadevi Road Bombay. 200

WANTED immediately for work of a responsible nature in an important State in Rajputana two good SHORTHAND WRITERS and TYPISTS, Hindus for preference. Good salary according to qualifications. Only those with really first class qualifications and the highest testimonials and references need apply, stating qualifications with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned. Apply to Box No. 432, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1163

THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA.—APPLICATIONS are invited for the appointment of FOREMAN for general marine repairs in the Port Commissioners' Works, Kidderpore. Applicants must be home trained and and possess a first class Board of Trade certificate. Preference will be given to candidates who have had workshop experience in India.

Pay Rs. 375 per month.

Applications stating age and qualifications with copies of testimonials to be made to THE CHIEF ENGINEER, Port Commissioners, not later than the 26th July, 1915.

S. C. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

1st July, 1915. 302

THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA.—APPLICATIONS are invited from those in possession of a Master Mariner's Certificate for the post of PROBATIONARY CHIEF OFFICER, Despatch Vessel "Retriever," on Rs. 350 with a mess allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem.

The selected candidate will be required to pass a medical examination and to qualify for a Pilot's Certificate to enable him to navigate the Commissioners' vessels. On his obtaining a Pilot's Certificate (provided his conduct and ability be approved), he will be confirmed in the appointment on Rs. 400 with a mess allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem, and his service from the date of joining will be counted as qualifying for leave and pension under the ordinary rules laid down in the Civil Service Regulations so far as adopted by the Commissioners.

Applications stating age and qualifications with copies of testimonials and certificates should be addressed to the Undersigned not later than the 31st July, 1915.

E. A. CONSTABLE,
Offg. Deputy Conservator.

29th June, 1915. 303

APPOINTMENT VACANT—APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Municipal Engineer to the Municipal Board of Cawnpore in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, India.

The pay of the appointment is progressive, viz. Rs. 800 to 1,000 per mensom, an increment of Rs. 50 per annum being given after every year of approved service upto the maximum pay of 1,000 per mensem, but the first increment will be conditional on the passing of a colloquial test in the language of the Province, viz. Urdu. The agreement will be terminable by six months' notice on either side. 9 3/8 per cent. will be deducted each month from the salary and paid into the Municipal Provident Fund: and the Municipality will make a contribution equal to one-half of the amount of the deduction made from the salary to the deposit secount of the applicant.

Applicant must be between 28 and 40 years of age, must have practised as a Borough Surveyor or Municipal Engineer for 5 years and must hold a recognised diploma in Civil Engineering. Preference will be given to candidates who also possess knowledge and experience of Mechanical Engineering, Water Works and maintenance of macadamized roads. The salary will commence from the date of the successful applicant's joining at Cawnpore.

Applications, which should be accompanied by a full statement of qualifications, copies of certificates, a medical certificate of sound health and references to three persons who may be addressed as to character, should be addressed not later than 31st July 1915 to—

THE CHAIRMAN,
Municipal Board,
Cawnpore.

WANTED.

WANTED a capable and experienced HINDU STENOGRAPHER. Good position for able and hard working men. Apply to Box No. 435, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1173

WANTED by the Poona City Municipality SANITARY INSPECTORS holding certificates of Sanitary Surveyor's Class of Bombay on salary of Rs. 50 plus Rs.10. alowance per mensem.

The applicants should send in their applications stating their age and with copies of testimonials, if any, so as to reach the undersigned before 15th July 1915.

Poona City Municipal Office,
29th June, 1915.

K. P. PARANJPYE,
1138 Chief Officer, P. C. M.

WANTED—A CHIEF OFFICER and ENGINEER for the Shikarpur (Sind) Municipality Pay Rs. 400-50-500 Horse allowance Rs. 25 Rs. 2,000 Security required.

Engineering qualifications indispensable and a Graduate preferred. Applications stating age and experience obtained with certificates of degrees and testimonials will be received by the Vice President upto 1st August 1915.

The appointment will be subject to the approval of the Commissioner in Sind.

(Sd.) H. MONTGOMERY,
President,
Shikarpur Municipality.

1162

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.—WANTED A EUROPEAN as CONFIDENTIAL CLERK to the Head Master of Oak Grove School, near Mussoorie. The applicant must b6 thoroughly competent to deal with correspondence and should have a good knowledge of keeping and dealing with accounts. The minimum salary offered is Rs. 100 per mensem with board, furnished quarters, washing and medical attendance free. In no case can accommodation in the school be given to a married man.

The applicant will be required to join as early as possible.

Applications with copies of testimonials should be sent to the Undersigned at E. I. Ry. House, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta.

R. S. HIGHET,
Agent.

Calcutta, the 3rd July, 1915. 320

FOR SALE.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN going abroad may advantageously sell their furniture, piano, etc., in one lot to No. 5, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 997

FRESH THICK CREAM can always be had from VICTORIA DAIRY Co., Tamarind Lane, Fort, at one rupee per pound. 1148

FOR SALE.—Going cheap a double aluminium bedstead mounted with solid brass with spring and cotton Mattress. Can be seen. Apply to Box No. 522, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 170

FOR SALE a COTTON PRESS FACTORY with fireproof building in good working order close to Railway Station in a good cotton centre, might sell machinery, plant complete if intended shifting. Apply to Box No. 436, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1177

FOR SALE—The property of a gentleman, an English rubber tyred landaulette in very good order by Mulliner, very light and comfortable, patent self-acting hood, with brake.

A chestnut waler cob about 14-3, 8 years old in very good condition, fast, strong and no vice. Apply

HORMASJI SORABJI & SONS,
Queen's Road, Bombay. 1150

TO BE LET.

TO LET—Excellent suite of rooms consisting of bed room, dressing room, bathroom, W. C., private entrance. Furnished or unfurnished—with or without board. Apply to Box No. 521, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2(

TO LET for Offices and Banks ground floor of Building No. 2, in Raja Bahadur Motilal's Mansions, formerly occupied by the Indian Specie Bank Ltd. Apply to the ESTATE MANAGER to Raja Bahadur Shivlal Motilal, Hummum Street, Fort. 1121

NOTICES.

THE BOMBAY VILLAS SYNDICATE.

PLOTS FOR LEASE.

4 VALUABLE PLOTS admeasuring about 600 sq. yds: each within easy access of tram and train at Gamdevi are to be leased for a period of 999 years.

For further particulars please apply to—

LALUBHAI SAMALDAS,
Honorary Secretary,
Bombay Villas Syndicate

65, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay. 1166

NOTICE.

From and after this date the undersigned will be prepared to accept Fire Insurance Risks in the Bombay Presidency, on behalf of the London Assurance Corporation established in A.D. 1720 and Incorporated in England.

FRAMJEE SONS & Co.,
Oriental Buildings,
Hornby Road, Bombay 939

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that NATHANIEL EZEKIEL DIVEKAR, of Bombay Bene Israil Inhabitant has contracted to sell the property hereinafter described. All persons having any claims or demands against or to the said property either by way of Mortgage, Gift, Sale, Use, Trust, Possession, Inheritance, Lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Prince Building, Meadows Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Fazandari tenure containing by admeasurement 222 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3695 together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under E Ward No. 5955 Street No. 75, all which premises are situate at Matarpakhady Oart without the Fort, in Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and are bounded on the East by a Gully a moiety whereof belongs to the said premises and the other moiety belongs to the property of E. Perreira on the West and North by the Matarpakhady Oart Public passage and on the South by the property of Dadabhoy Cowasji and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Vendor and his tenants.

Dated this 6th day of July 1915.

VACHHA & Co.,
1185 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Dr. SAMUEL JOSEPH, of Savantwadi, a Christian Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client BAI DINBAI NANABHAI COWASJI ENGINEER, the property hereinafter described. All persons having any claims or demands against or to the said property either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, lease, or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office in Prince Buildings, Medows Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All those pieces or parcels of Government Land or ground situate in the village of Udwada, Taluka Pardi in the registration sub-district of Surat, bearing New Survey Nos. 106 and 107 together with the messuage tenements or building standing thereon admeasuring about square yards 1265 (Gunthas 10-5559 yards) and 2167 square yards (Gunthas 17-110 square yards) respectively, that is, in all Gunthas 28-44 square yards and bounded on the East beyond the public passage by the land or ground bearing survey No. 8 on the West by the sea, on the North by the Land or ground bearing lot numbers 104 and 105 and on the South beyond the Public passage leading to the above lots, by the land or ground bearing survey No. 8 and lot No. 108 and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Vendor and his tenants.

Dated this 6th day of July 1915.

VACHHA & Co.,
1179 Purchaser's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

No. 1390, E 1395.
5-7-1915. Recd. 2-7-1915.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the UNITED KINGDOM of GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND and of the British Dominions beyond the seas King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of ALI-KHAN FATEKHAN, late of Bombay Sunni Mahomedan Inhabitant a Contractor. ..... Deceased.

ISMAILKHAN FATEKHAN, of Bombay Sunni Mahomedan Inhabitant residing at No. 82, Tandel Street, outside the Fort, a brother of the said deceased. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness SIR BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Thirtieth day of June, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and fifteen and in the sixth year of our Reign.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,

The 30th day of June 1915.

Messrs. MEHTA DALPATRAM & LALJEE,
1186 Petitioner's Attorneys.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S. S. "RANGOON MARU" having arrived on the 5th instant from Japan via Hongkong, Singapore, Malacca, and Colombo, the Consignees of her Cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within ten days after the steamer's arrival. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No Survey will be held on Bag Cargo in Single Gunnies. The Bills for claims are to be sent in to this Office within one month from the date of Steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

HANSA LINE LIQUIDATION.

ALL those having claims outstanding against the Hansa Line, Bombay, are requested to send them in to the undersigned fully detailed and vouched on or before Thursday, July 15th 1915. No claims received after this date can be considered.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Liquidators of the Hansa Line, Bombay.
Grahams Buildings,
1st July, 1915. 1155

NOTICES.

S. S. "CITY OF NORWICH."

ARRIVED ON 6TH JULY, 1915.

CONSIGNEES are requested to take delivery of their CARGO as per Bill of Lading. Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of the consignees unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.

Chafed or broken packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed and within one week of their being landed, otherwise no claim will be recognised. The undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Captain Metcalfe will attend every morning to survey damaged and broken packages. All claims must be certified by him and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

EDWARD BATES & SONS' AGENCY,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.)
Agents.

Home Street.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that MOSES DAVID SHALOM ZAKERIA, lately a clerk in my service has no further connection with us as from the 1st current.

Any person or firms dealing with him will do so at their own risk.

SOLOMON ABOODY MENASHY MEER.
Bombay, 1st July 1915. 1143

NOTICE.

MR. CHARLES V. BIRCH, having resigned his appointment as manager in India of the Texas Company, the power of attorney held by him, has been cancelled and a new power of attorney given to Mr. BEN F. WRIGHT. 3400

AUCTION SALE

MEHTA & CO.

ON GOVERNMENT & G. I. P. By. LISTS N. 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 1285.

SALE TO-DAY AT 4-30 AND 5 P.M. (S.T.)

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTMENT.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES SITUATE AT MODYKHANA AND MINT ROAD, FORT.

Under instructions from Messrs. Rustomji and Jinvala attorneys for the mortagees Messrs. Keshawlal Chhagganlal and Jamnadas Chhaganlal and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Bai Javervahu widow of Pitambardas Naranji and by virtue of power of sale reserved to the Mortgagees in the Indenture of mortgage dated the 14th day of May 1913 and made between the mortgagor Bai Javervahu widow of Pitambardas Narainji of the one part and the mortgagees of the other part, Messrs. MEHTA & Co., auctioneers will put up for sale by Public Auction, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of July, 1915, at the undermentioned time on the premises the immovable properties described in the schedule hereunder. The property in lot No. 1, will be sold subject to an Indenture of mortgage dated the 4th day of March, 1904 for Rs. 25,000 made between the mortgagor of the one part and Tribhowandas Varjiwandas and others of the other part.

SCHEDULE.

LOT NO. 1 AT 4-30 P.M. (S. T.).

All the pieces or parcels of quit and ground rent tenure together with the several messuages, tenements and buildings houses standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Mody-Street in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 407 and 2/9 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—On the East by the property described in the second Schedule hereunder written, on the West partly by the property of Ragunathgir Ratnagir and partly by Mody Lane, on the north partly by the property of Ragunathgir Rantnagir and partly by Mody Lane and on the South by the property of Parbhudas Jeewandas Kothari and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 740-730 and 731 Collector's New Nos. 5944-5945 and 5947 old Survey Nos. 1287, 1090 and 1288 and new Survey Nos. 8535, 8535, and 2/8534 and which said premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Bombay Municipality under A Ward No. 1972 and Street Nos. 177-179.

LOT NO. 2 AT 5 P.M. (S. T.).

All that piece or parcel of Municipal land or ground together with messuage tenements buildings and stables standing thereon situate at Rampart Row or Mint Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 162 and 8/9 square yards or thereabouts, the land being not surveyed by Colonel Laught on it does not bear Collector's number or New Survey number and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Bombay Municipality under A Ward No. 1972 and Street Nos. 102-104 and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the Rampart Row or Mint Street on or towards the West by the property hereinbefore described in the first schedule on or towards the North by the Mody Lane and on or towards the South by the property of Parbhudas Jeewandas Kothari.

For further particulars, conditions of sale and inspection of Title Deeds etc., apply to Messrs. Rustomji and Jinwala Attorneys for the said mortgagees at their office No. 373 Hornby Road, within the Fort, or to the undersigned.

MEHTA & CO.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 7th July, 1915.

AUCTION SALE

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE of the Rights of drawing Toddy and Gathering Cocoanuts, etc.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction in the Bombay Municipal Office, 2nd floor on TUESDAY, the 13th July, 1915 at 3 p.m. (S.T.), the several rights for the period of one year from 1st August, 1915, to 31st July, 1916, of Executive Engineer's Department, viz., drawing toddy tending Date Trees and gathering Cocoanuts from trees situate at Chaupati, Gowalia Tank Road, Foras Road, Worli, Sopari Bagh Road, Government Gate Road, Cleveland Bunder, Dadar, Kumbharwada, etc.

For details and conditions of sale, apply in the Municipal Office or to the undersigned. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any, offer.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Landed Properties at Doctor Street and Khoja Street.

Suit No. 317 of 1912.

Bai Amtoobai .....Plaintiff.
vs.
Javerbai and others .....Defendants.

Under instruction from the plaintiff, Bai Amtoobai, widow of Mulla Esaji Shaik Moosaji, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY the 7th day of July, 1915, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), on the premises, the following properties:—

LOT NO. 1.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage or dwelling house, standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Doctor Street, outside the Fort, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 73 3-9, square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1404, New No. 8566, Old Survey No. 988, and New Survey No. 4232, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C. Ward No. 7084, and Street No. 182, and bounded as follows that is to say, on the East by the said Doctor Street, on the West by the sweepers passage, on the North by the property of the said Tyaballi Ismailji, and others, and on the South by the property of Curreembhai Mamooji Mubbu.

LOT NO. 2.

On the same day at 5 p.m. (S.T.)

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the Western side of Khoja Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 133 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under Old No. 3887, New No. 9866, Old Survey No. 2813, and New Survey No. 4321, assessed by the Assesor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under C Ward No. 7300, and Street Nos. 204-206, and 208, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the East by the Khoja Street aforesaid, on the West by the sweepers passage, on the North by the property of Memon Vulli Mahomed Haji Moosa, and on the South by the property of Nanji Ludha.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Patell and Ezekiel, Attorneys for the Plaintiff, at their Office, at Cook's Building, Hornby Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 10th instant at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by public auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S. T.)

1 second hand rubber tyred Victoria, in good order.

1 second hand rubber tyred palanquin office Shigram, in very good order.

1 second hand glass fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.

1 bay pony, quiet in harness.

1 grey horse, aged, quiet in harness and saddle.

BENNETT & Co.,

Bombay, 7th July 1915.

MESSRS GHANDHI & CO

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

52, Medows Street.

AUCTION SALE OF 200 BASKETS DRY GINGER (CALICUT).

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 7th July 1915, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co. will sell by Public Auction by order of Sheth Sivji Gordhan and on account and at the risk of the defaulting indentor Thacker Hemraj Jeram at the godown of the said Sheth Sivji Gordhan, Mandvi, near Police Choky.

200 baskets dry ginger (Calicut).

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF REAL PEARL RICH JEWELLERY.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 7th July, 1915, at 3 p.m (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 52, Meadows Street, opposite Messrs. Tarachand Pursram rich jewellery such as diamond Kuda Jodis, diamond ruby and emerald Hoop rings, rich diamond and ruby necklace, bracelets set with diamonds and rubies, real ear-rings nose-rings, Marquis, etc., set with diamonds pearls and rubies, pearl bangles, etc., etc.

1 Rose of diamonds and emerald.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 7th July, 1915.

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AMUSEMENTS.

PALACE
OF VARIETIES

THE ONLY VARIETY SHOW IN TOWN.

TO-NIGH 6-30 AT GAIETY THEATRE

TTO-NIGHT 10-P.M. AT EDWARD'S THEATRE

GRAND VARIETY PROGRAME

RETURN OF AN OLD FAVOURITE

MISS NORA MOORE

COMEDINNE AND VOCALIST.

LITTLE MONA

SOUBRETTE.

STEVE BUCKINGHAM

THE GENIAL COMIQUE.

STEVE AND NORA

IN A COMICAL DUO.

OUR SPECIAL DRAMA IN TWO PARTS:

THE PORTRAIT

TO-MORROW GRAND GALA NIGHT.

An Unexpected Opportunity!!

A good Chance!!

TO SEE

First Two Instalments

12,000 feet—Together—1 to 10 parts.

MASTER KEY | MASTER KEY

MASTER KEY

AT

OLYMPIA CINEMA

Sandhurst Road

Time:

7 to 9-15, 10 to 12-15 (S. T.)

Usual Hal Rates.

IMPERIAL CINEMA

CHARNI ROAD.

TO-NIGHT

WE SHALL PRESENT

THE WARNING

A strong Original Three-Reel Drama on a New Theme.

Price and Time as Usual.

"MAN PROPOSES, BUT——"

Three Reels.

A sensational story of AUSTRO-ITALIAN Diplomacy.

A film for the times. A drama of AUSTRIAN duplicity and ITALIAN HEROISM.

Time:—7 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15, 10-30 to 12.

HALF RATES AS USUAL.

NEW

ALEXANDRA CINEMA

'Phone | LOHAR CHAWL PRINCESS STREET | 1882

ELYSIUM SKATING RINK

RE-OPENING ON THURSDAY 1st July 1915

Practice	Session	8-30 to 9-30 a. m.
Evening	„	6 to 8 p. m.
Night	„	9-30 to 11-30 p. m.
Sunday	„	9 to 11 a. m.

There will be no Evening Sessions 6 to 8 p.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays.

Feel like giving up, worried, despondent, can't eat. Try Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract, increase your appetite, restore your health, restore the lost energy and be yourself. B. 5

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

TO-NIGHT AT 6-30 p.m. only.

6-30 P. M. THE LONDON FILM Co.'s LATEST TOPICAL DRAMA. 6-30 P.M.

"ON HIS MAJESTY'S SERVICE"

IN 3 PARTS.

An exceedingly interesting and exciting film with a strong cast of British players including Jane Gail and Gerald Ames.

BRITISH WAR SKETCHES. MAX A CHIROPODIST.

NO 10 p.m. PERFORMANCE TO-NIGHT.

owing to Fuel rehearsal of

Next Saturday's World's Masterpiece of Stupendous Realism:

"CABIRIA"

PRICES AS USUAL. PLAN AT ROSE & Co.

AUCTION SALE

MESSRS. SHAW & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 16, Hamam Street, Fort.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

AUCTION SALE OF HIGH CLASS SILVER, NICKEL AND FANCY WATCHES OF CELEBRATED MAKERS.

On FRIDAY, the 9th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. SHAW and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 16, Hummum Street, Fort, a lot of assorted silver, nickel, fancy case, and gunmetal watches, all quite new, fresh, in perfect order and of celebrated makers, Reliance Watch Co. and others.

The watches will be sold singly to suit all customers, and are on view.

SHAW & Co.,

Bombay, 6th July, 1915.

JAPANESE PILSENER BEER

replaces

GERMAN PILSENER

DAI NIPPON BREWERY COMPANY

The Largest Brewery in Japan monopolising Japan and the Eastern Markets.

ASAHI BRAND

STAR BRAND

OLD FISHER BRAND

COCK BRAND

The Best Brands in Japan. Nothing to match them in quality.

Sole Agents

MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, Ltd.

Sub-Agents: D. C. OOMRIGAR & Co. D. D. BARIA & Co.

BOMBAY.

A LA CARTE' SERVICE

from 8 a. m. to 12 p. m.

AT THE

INTERNATIONAL STORES

Next to Hotel Majestic,

Opp. PYRKE'S.

Kasagra is an excellent remedy for rheumatism—used alone or in connection with other treatment. It hastens the elimination of uric acid and other substances causing rheumatism. D 27

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

SIMLA, July 6.

Widespread and locally heavy rain has fallen in North-east India, but no rainfall of importance occurred in any other part of the country.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and Malabar; local in Burma, east and north Punjab, Central India east, and Konkan. A few falls also occurred in United Provinces, Gujarat, Bombay Deccan and south-east Madras.

The Principal amounts are:—Toungoo one and a half inches; Myitkyina three; Cherrapunji ten; Dibrugarh two; Dhubri one and a half; Chittagong, Calcutta, Burdwan and Darjeeling four; Cox's Bazar, Berhampore, Dinajpure and Jalpaiguri two; Jessore one and a half; Saugor Island, Mymensingh and Bogra one; Purnea three; Patna one and a half; Gya and Naya Dumka one; Simla three-quarters; Ratnagiri one; Calicut two; Kodaikanal one.

Forecast:—No important change.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on TUESDAY, the 6th of July, 1915.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date	Rainfall. Variation 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	88.2	78.8	57	..	0	..
Do. (5th)	104.0	89.5	37	..	0	—0.05
Jask	102.4	91.0	78	..	0	—0.05
Do. (5th)	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muskat	104.6	90.8	61	..	0	—0.16
Do. (5th)	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB						
Multan	110.3	89.7	66	..	0.53	—0.39
Rawalpindi	102.1	77.8	38	..	1.69	—1.54
Lahore	101.5	79.7	60	0.17	1.87	—0.75
Hissar	103.2	87.6	56	..	2.17	..
Ambala	95.7	71.1	72	0.45	2.70	—2.85
Delhi	99.0	84.3	53	..	3.01	—1.88
UNITED PROVINCES—						
[illegible]	101.4	86.7	49	..	4.66	0.45
[illegible]uri	93.6	80.9	88	..	2.32	—2.66
[illegible]	100.9	85.2	57	..	5.43	—1.81
[illegible]re	90.6	80.1	79	..	4.43	1.71
Allahabad	90.9	81.8	69	..	8.82	1.69
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	112.3	87.8	55	..	0	—0.32
Karachi	88.4	81.1	85	..	0.03	—1.11
Ajmer	99.2	81.2	64	..	0.60	—2.86
Jalpore	103.2	84.8	56	..	0.52	—2.92
Kotah	104.6	84.6	51	..	1.16	—3.14
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	92.6	81.0	59	..	0.28	—2.29
Dwarka	89.1	83.3	78	..	1.84	—1.72
Veraval	85.9	82.1	79	..	2.70	1.88
Rajkot	98.4	98.9	76	..	2.00	—3.95
Bhavnagar Para	100.6	81.0	74	..	5.64	0.83
Surat	91.1	77.7	94	0.36	10.69	—0.35
Ahmedabad	102.8	81.8	59	..	3.78	—2.76
Deesa	99.4	80.4	67	..	1.14	—2.38
Neemuch	96.3	78.7	62	..	2.60	—2.00
Indore	93.6	74.7	71	..	3.25	—4.23
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	86.9	78.3	72	..	18.54	2.51
Saugor	90.2	76.8	74	..	5.42	—3.90
Hoshangabad	93.7	77.6	66	..	8.79	0.53
Khandwa	89.5	77.3	73	..	9.64	2.55
Akola	96.5	77.8	59	..	6.05	—0.38
Amraoti	95.5	77.3	60	..	5.87	—2.80
Nagpur	93.8	78.3	64	..	10.08	—1.01
Chanda	95.1	80.0	53	..	10.26	0.80
Raipur	88.0	78.0	77	..	9.01	—1.96
KONKAN—						
Bombay	85.1	80.4	81	0.01	40.49	16 48
Ratnagiri	95.2	76.7	78	C. 24	3 7.87	—2.58
Mormugao	88.2	79.9	84	..	4.27	—4.27
Karwar	85.7	77.1	94	0.19	41.41	—5.76
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	95.1	73.1	60	..	8.24	2.77
Ahmednagar	88.7	68.5	67	..	5.48	0.07
Poona	96.0	71.3	78	..	15.71	10.06
Sholapur	90.3	74.1	73	..	5.63	0.03
Bijapur	91.5	70.6	92	..	2.00	—1.84
Belgaum	77.2	67.0	90	0.10	12.51	1.76
Ahmedabad	90.6	70.7	71	..	13.12	6.86
Nizamabad (Indur)	95.8	76.7	63	..	8.55	1.95
Hyderabad	92.8	74.7	89	..	9.15	3.52
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	87.7	75.4	89	0.20	35.45	—10.41
Calicut	79.8	74.6	93	1.86	35.56	—5.15
Cochin	84.8	74.9	82	0.21	30.59	—2.89
Colombo	87.4	74.4	95	0.05	8.12	—0.15
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	101.3	82.1	63	..	7.90	2.15
Bellary	96.1	75.6	57	..	5.11	2.79
Cuddapah	103.4	83.3	53	..	1.26	—2.54
Madras	104.2	81.0	65	..	1.31	—1.48
Bangalore	86.3	66.8	81	..	6.66	3.03
Coimbatore	85.5	71.2	80	..	4.97	3.17
Trichinopoly	102.2	70.7	61	..	1.15	—0.5
Negapatam	100.6	80.7	76	..	1.39	—0.3

Too much smoking sometimes creates a headache—aches so much it nauseates—Stearns' Headache Cure clears the head and makes you feel like new. C 6

CYCLES, MOTOR CYCLES & GRAMOPHONES.

IMPORTERS OF

CENTAUR, RALEIGH, ENFIELD, ROVAL DOVER CYCLES,

SOLE AGENTS FOR

EMPIRE-PHONE GRAMOPHONES.

Petrol, Lubricating Oils, Michelin, Dunlop, Motor car Tyres & Accessories always in stock.

LAMINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR CO.,

33, Church Gate Street,

Fort, BOMBAY.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 6th July, 1915, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rainfall has been local in the north and the east Punjab; Lahore has had 0.17in. and Ambala 0.45in. Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is in excess in the south-west Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is in excess in the extreme western districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in upper Sind and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is in excess in east Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Surat reports 0.36in. of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature is in excess in Central India West, north Gujarat and the eastern half of Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature is generally in excess in the southern half of the division.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been fairly general; Ratnagiri has had 1.24in. and Karwar 0.19in. Skies are moderately clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum reports 0.10in. of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature is in excess at most stations.

General Remarks.—The monsoon continues weak. Rainfall has been nearly general in Malabar, fairly general in the Konkan and local in the north and the east Punjab and Gujarat, while light isolated showers have occured in the Bombay Deccan. In the reporting area in the United Provinces precipitation has ceased.

Fairly general rain is likely in Malabar and some showers in the Konkan. A few showers are possible in the north and the east Punjab.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may be comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 6th July 1915, was 29.917 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 60 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparision at 80 F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 5th July, 1915.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr	29.708	inches.
Temperature of Air	84.6	degrees
Wet Bulb Thermometer	79.6	„
Dew Point	78.0	„
Relative humidity of Air	0.809	„
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	7.0	„
Maximum temperature of Air	88.1	„
Minimum do. do.	81.2	„
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	WSW,SW.	
Movement of Wind	145	Miles
Fall of Rain	0.09	inches
Total fall during month	0.38	„
Do. do. year	42.89	„
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 6th July	0.01	„

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock still

Day of week	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Still.	LOW WATER Month.	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Still.
	July.	h. m.	ft. in.	July	h. m.	ft. in.
Tu.	6	m 7 1	24 5	6	m 0 8	18 4
		5 57a	24 6		m 0 31a	21 10
W.	7	m 8 27	24 9	7	m 1 1	18 3
		7 0a	24 2		m 1 50a	21 11
Th.	8	m 9 26	25 4	8	m 1 53	18 0
		8 5a	24 0		m 2 55a	21 9
Fr.	9	m 10 9	26 0	9	m 2 42	17 5
		9 10a	24 2		m 3 49a	21 4
Sat.	10	m 10 48	26 9	10	m 3 27	17 3
		10 4a	24 6		m 4 36a	20 9
Sun.	11	m 11 24	27 4	11	m 4 10	16 9
		10 47a	24 11		m 5 17a	20 2
Mo.	12	m 11 57	27 11	12	m 4 50	16 4
		11 27a	25 5		m 5 54a	19 8

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

July	Sunrise	Sunset.
„ 6 (Tuesday)	„ 6h. 7m.	„ 7h. 20m
„ 7 (Wednesday)	„ 6h. 7m.	„ 7h. 20m
„ 8 (Thursday)	„ 6h. 7m.	„ 7h. 20m
„ 9 (Friday)	„ 6h. 8m.	„ 7h. 20m
„ 10 (Saturday)	„ 6h. 8m.	„ 7h. 20m
„ 11 (Sunday)	„ 6h. 8m.	„ 7h. 20m
„ 12 (Monday)	„ 6h. 8m.	„ 7h. 20m

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Last Quarter, July 4th14m. 24-2m. a.m.; Apogee, 8th, 4-3h. p.m.; New Moon.12th 3h. 0-8m. p.m.; First Quarter, 20th, 2h. 38-8m. a.m. Perigee, 24th, 10-9h. a.m.; Full Moon, 26th, 5h.41-0m. p.m

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FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY.

THE ROYAL YAKUTI

(ANANG VILAS.)

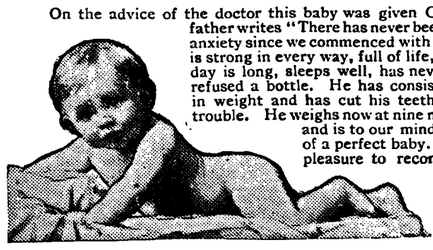
This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is a specific for diseases. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the trumpet as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body, refresh the memory, and to guard against debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It restores strength, and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 40 pills: Rupees ten only. Postage extra. No PARHEZ necessary.

DR. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot, Kathiawar.

Don't give way before your task, gather renewed energy and vitality from Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract. Build up the broken down tissues and nourish the tired nerves. B-6

Her First Baby

Many a mother is at a loss to know what food to give her first baby. Although she showers all her love and care upon him, baby still does not get on. But her anxiety is ended directly she tries Glaxo.



On the advice of the doctor this baby was given Glaxo, and the father writes "There has never been a moment's anxiety since we commenced with Glaxo. Baby is strong in every way, full of life, happy as the day is long, sleeps well, has never been ill, or refused a bottle. He has consistently gained in weight and has cut his teeth without any trouble. He weighs now at nine months 22 lbs., and is to our minds the picture of a perfect baby. To me it is a pleasure to recommend Glaxo as, being a Chemist, I see so much of the evils of improper feeding of babies, and your food completely fills its duties as a substitute for nature's first food."

Glaxo does resemble mother's milk because it contains the same quantity of bone-making, brain-building and muscle-producing material, and is therefore a complete food for all babies from birth.

Ask your Doctor!

Glaxo

Awarded Gold Medal, International Medical Congress Exhibition, London, 1913.

"Builds Bonnie Babies"

Sold by all Chemists and Stores at Re. 1-2, Rs. 2-0, & Rs. 4-8.

Local Office, Taj Buildings, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

4183

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 5th.		
Rangoon Maru	Nomura	Kobe
July 6th.		
City of Norwich	McMillan	Glasgow

DEPARTURES.

July 6th.

Kafue	Leslie	Calcutta
Muttra	Dagre	Karachi
Meteor	Remmerssen	Balitik Papapan
Dido	Wilkinson	Hull

The following steamers have entered the Docks for loading.

Steamer	Rangoon Maru	for	Kobe.
	Montebello (to arrive)	for	Italian Ports.
	Sardar (to arrive)	for	Persian Gulf Ports

S. S. Rangoon Maru:—The Japan Line steamer Rangoon Maru, 3,160 tons, Captain H. Nomura, arrived here on the 5th instant. from Kobe, which port she left on the 3rd June last, with general goods on board.

S. S. City of Norwich:—The steamer City of Norwich, 4,117 tons, Captain Y. N. McMillan, arrived here yesterday from Glasgow, which port she left on the 31st May last, with a general cargo on board.

S. S. Meteor:—The Russian steamer Meteor, 2,545 tons, Captain J. Remmerssen, sailed yesterday for Balikpapan, via Singapore, in water ballast.

S. S. Dido:—The steamer Dido, 3,127 tons, Captain J. W. Wilkinson, sailed yesterday for Hull, via Karachi and other ports, with the same bottom cargo on board.

Tueday July 6th 1915.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

B. Olkara.....Livingston.....M. M. & Co. Okara
C. & R. Rangoon Maru.....N. Y. Kaisha
F. Gregorios Aneghelates..Aneghelates..D. Nanji & Sons.
H. Lhasa.....King.....M. M. & Co
N. Steenbergen.....de Youngo.....J. Finlay & Co
P. Bursfeld.....Hume.....J. Finaly & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Irrawadi..... K. N. & Co
Ponsul..... K. N. & Co
Satranji..... K. N. & Co
Mahanadi..... K. N. & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Clan Maclachan..McLean.....J. Finlay & Co
2 Daiwai Maru.....Tamai.....D. Nanjee & Sons
3 Koweit.....Wilson.....T. M. & Co
4 Hendrick Ibsen....Smith.....D. Nanjee & Co
5 Silverdale.....McLood..Haji Azim Goolm Hoosin.
6 Akbar.....Murch.....T. M. & Co
8 Tiger.....Bolun.....Killick Nixon & Co
9 Saigon Maru.....Watscobi.....N. Y. K. & Co
14 Chaskdara.....Sparrow.....M. M. & Co
15 Yubari Maru.....Oil.....N. Y. Kaisha.

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

4 Risaldar.....Bullen.....T. M. & Co
5 Khyber.....Kitcat.....P. & O. Co
6 Corinthic.....Woodbean....W. & A. G. & Co

MEREWEATHER DRY DOCK.

Barpeta.....Morgan.....B. I. S. N. Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Ponus.....Hayward....S. O. Co., of New York

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Baron Fairlie..... Macdonald .....
City of Norwich.....McMillan.....
Fazilka.....Mac Nair.....M. M. & Co
Rikard Nordmak....Huna.....F. F. C. & Co

EXPORTS.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Silverdale (s) 30 bales wool, K. Moolji; 351 bales wool, H. E. Goolmahomed & Sons.

Desai Maru (s) 43,250 cwts. Myrabolams, P. Mathuradas & Co.; 1,969 cwts. myrabolams, S. Cooverji & Co.; 292 bales wool, K. M. Nathoo.

FOR LONDON.

Kyber (s) 65 bales goat skins, W. A. Graham & Co.; 40 bales hemp, J. Rustomji & Co.; 129 cwts. turmuric bulbs, E. Nowroji & Co.; 1,043 cwts. myrabolams, A. Govindji; 3,300 cwts. linseed, Ralli Bros.

NEW YORK.

Kyber (s) 306 cwts. gamkadaya, F. Damji & Co.; 19 bales woollen carpets, King, King and Co.

FOR HULL.

Tiger (s) 7,460 cwts. wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR GENOA.

Montebello (s) 1,800 bales cotton, H. M. Mehta & Co.; 2,200 bales cotton, Gaddam & Co.

FOR NAPLES.

Montebello (s) 7,500 cwts. castor seed, C. Boggaino & Co.; 2,250 cwts. linseed, C. Boggaino & Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Saigon Maru (s) 200 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

FOR OSAKA.

Saigon Maru (s) 300 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

Yubari Maru (s) 400 bales cotton, Bruel & Co.; 1,400 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 300 bales cotton, Tata Sons & Co.; 200 bales cotton, T. Yuasa; 500 bales cotton, H. Narsey & Co.

FOR YOKAICHI.

Saigon Maru (s) 100 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR KOBE.

Yubari Maru (s) 200 bales cotton, D. D. Curranee & Co.; 200 bales cotton, G. Dossa & Co.; 100 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.; 400 bales cotton, C. Bomanji & Co.; 400 bales cotton, H. Maghji & Co.; 1,000 bales cotton, G. G. Kaisha; 1,400 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.; 100 bales cotton, Tata, Sons & Co.; 1,400 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 200 bales cotton, James Fenlay & Co.; 200 bales cotton, New Mofusil Co.; 200 bales cotton, H. Nensey & Co.; 1,000 bales cotton, T. Yuasa; 200 bales cotton, E. D. Sassoon & Co.

If the muscles of the throat are strained a cold is very easily contracted. Zymole Trokeys will prevent this; they are just the thing for hoarseness and irritating coughs. 26

IMPORTS.

Yubari Maru from Singapore, Agents, R. Bomanji & Co.:—3 cases watches, 19 cases gold thread, 15 cases saccarine, 12 cases copperthread, 15 cases imt. s. lametta, 118 cases, 23 castes wine, 59 cases, 30 packages brandy, 291 cases vermouth, 19 cases chocolate, 15 cases provisions, 5 cases sardines, 10 cases perfumery, 1 case musical instruments, 15 cases drug, 4 cases automobiles, 2 cases mineral water, 4 cases colour, 3 cases varnish, 1 case conserves, 44 cases oil, 4 cases rubber goods, 2 cases spectaces, 3 cases cotton goods: 20 cases silk goods, 4 cases silk tissues, 62 cases mixed tissues.

S. S. Fazilka from Calcutta, Agents, M. M. & Co.:—4,754 bales cotton, 20 cases cotton peace goods, 6 bales hemp twine, 28 packages hemp rope, 8 bales jute thread waste, 339 bales gunny bags, 50 bales gunny cloth, 3 coils Manila rope, 10 bundles oakum, 100 cases soap, 2 nongs motor lories, 133 pieces pig lead, 118 bales, 1 case paper, 24 bags sugar, 40 tins ghee, 6 cases hair oil, 14 bags pepper, 1,346 bags betelnuts, 4 cases medicine, 12 cases condements, 18 cases, 64 bags coffee, 1 keg paint, 30 cases biscuits, 16 cases jams, 192 chests tea, 58 bags, 10 bales tale, 15 bales logline, 86 bundles cardamoms, 70 bales senna, 2 bags cutch, 100 bags cement, 50 casks coconut oil, 8 bundles sharkfins, 35 casks oil, 394 bundles mats.

Baronfairlie from Calcutta, Agents, W. & A. Graham & Co.:—24 tons firebricks, 5,616 tons coal.

S. S. Risaldar, from Sourabaya. Agents, Turner, Morrison & Co.:—70,669 bags sugar.

Chills and Influenza

Influenza, or a neglected cold, saps vitality and opens the way for bronchitis, pneumonia, chronic cough, inflammation of the lungs or even consumption.

Influenza or even the worst cold cannot persist if you take SCOTT'S Emulsion the moment feverishness disappears. It checks development, relieves and removes the inflammation of the mucous membrane and builds up the weakened system to resist dangerous after-effects. Insist on

SCOTT'S Emulsion

HUNDREDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

There is hardly a day passing but what we receive a testimonial from some user of Kaminia Oil praising the good effects secured from the use of the same. This certainly goes to prove what a wonderful beneficial preparation this is.

Kaminia Oil

Is composed of excellent medical drugs, i delightful to use, and is the very essence of refinement. For beautifying and increasing the growth of hair, to prevent it falling off, to restore its natural colour, nothing equals KAMINIA OIL.

Kaminia Oil has the most idyllic fragrance which lingers delicately in a way to be pleasing to the dainty.

PRICE PER BOTTLE, Re. 1-0-0. V.P.P. EXTRA.

N.B.—SAMPLE FREE On Receipt of Half Anna Postage Stamp from the

THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.,

Juma Masjid—BOMBAY.

FALL IN FREIGHTS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

ALLAHABAD, July 6.

Further fall of half a crown per ton has occurred in freights from India.

COMMERCIAL.

THE WHEAT MARKET.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, July 6th.

If we are to judge by Reuter's London wheat quotations, the market has apparently firmed up about four shillings per quarter within the past fortnight. Bombay White is now on sale at 54s. 9d. per 492 lbs. and Club I at six pence less. Whether any business is being effected at these rates is open to conjecture. A firmer feeling may prevail owing to the broad hints which Sir William Clark threw out a few days ago with regard to the shipments from India being curtailed, until it was clear which way the Monsoon was going to blow. After a sensational decline of about eighteen shillings a quarter in a month some sort of reaction is inevitable, more especially when there is a prospect of 1,000,000 tons of Indian wheat being held up for the time being. The wonder is that the advance has not been more substantial, with an indication of what the tone of the market is from the buyers' point of view. The position, however, is not worth discussing at the present stage. Sir William Clark has clearly intimated that the exports from India are not going to be controlled by ordinary business influences, and that the fact of the venture showing a monetary loss will not deter the Government from seeing the project (whatever it may turn out to be) through. Mr. Gubbay, the Wheat Commissioner, is shortly going on a visit to the Central Provinces, and the tour will probably be extended to some of the other wheat growing areas. The authorities are evidently not going to accept any trade expert opinions or statistics regarding the state of the growing crops, and Mr. Gubbay is going to see for himself how the land lies before transmitting any further chartering orders to the Indian House broker. If we are correct in our surmise regarding the object of Mr. Gubbay's tour of India, it is a matter for congratulation, as there was just the possibility a delegate from the Baltic might have been commissioned to do duty to keep things uniform. Meanwhile freights from India have fallen half a crown more, making seven and six pence during the past fortnight. This is a very encouraging feature, for if Mr. Gubbay ever again seriously contemplates any further chartering to resume the shipping venture, it looks as if the question of freights will not be such a formidable obstacle to the India House gentleman, as it has hitherto been.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

Liverpool, July 5th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ..	15,000
,, Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	5,000
,, Sales of East Indian ..	Nil.
,, Imports	14,000
Mid Americans	5.30d
Egyptian F. G. F.	7.45d
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.) ..	Market
New York Official noon call ..	closed.
New Orleans 10 a. m.	

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, July 5th.

Months.	Previous closing price	To-day's price.
July	5.13	5.19
July-Aug.	5.13	5.19
Aug.-Sept.	5.22	5.25
Sept.-Oct.	5.29	5.23
Oct.-Nov.	5.36	5.39
Nov.-Dec.	5.40	5.43
Dec.-Jan.	5.44	5.47
Jan.-Feb	5.48	5.51
Feb.-March	5.52	5.54
March-April	5.56	5.58
April-May	5.59	5.61
May-June	5.62	5.64
June-July	5.65	5.66
July-Aug.	5.68	5.69

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

London, July 5th.

Good Bengal M.G.	3.90d.
F.G.	4.05d.
Fine	4.20d.
Good Oomra	4.40d.
F.G.	4.55d.
Fine	4.70d.
Good M.G. Oomra	4.40d.
Fine	4.70d.
Good Broach	4.80d.
F.G.	4.95d.
Fine	5.10d.

MONEY MARKET.

London, July 5th.

Bar Silver Spot	22 15/16
Closing Tone of Silver :—Quiet.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 % since 8th August 1914.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st.	4⅛
,, Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st. ..	4¾
,, Fine Trade Bills 3 months ..	4⅞
,, ,, ,, 6 ,, ..	5⅛
Interest day to day loans	1½
,, 7 day market loans	1½
Exchange on London at Paris	Fcs. 26.89

MISCELLANIOUS MARKETS.

London, 5th, July, 1915.

WHEAT.

Bombay Club, No. 1 per 492lbs. ex-Ship sellers.	54/3
White Delhi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. sellers	54/3
Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. sellers.	54
F.A.Q. Red Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. sellers	53/9
Bombay White sellers	54/9
Club No. 2 sellers	53/9

SOUTH AMERICAN.

South American Rozario Santa Fe—60lbs. nominal.
Barletta Russ—62 lbs. nominal.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian nominal.
Victorian nominal.
New South Wales nominal.

Karachi Barley July/Aug.; paid	35/3

SEEDS.

Rapeseed Brown Cawnpore 416lbs. 85 % ex-Ship June/July; sellers	49
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416lbs. ex-Ship June/July; value	55/3
Rapeseed, Brown, 416lbs. ex-Ship June/July;	51/6
Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship June/July; paid	55/6
Toria Rapeseed	50/6

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) July/Aug. sellers	51

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) July-August Hull Buyers	£8-7-6

METALS.

Standard Copper G. M. B.	£79¼
Copper Braziers	£104
Yellow Metal	13½
Tin Plates I.C Coke 14x20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool	18/9
English best selected Copper	92½
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B 4% F.O.B. Liverpool	£22/10
Hard spelter	£65

FREIGHT.

Coals :— Cardiff to Bombay Canal value	25

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta August/October;	19/1½
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi August/October;	19/3
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Aug. October;	21/6
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi August/October;	21/7½

RUBBER.

Para Rubber paid July/Aug.;	2/7
Ceylon Rubber paid	2/6½

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, July 6.

The market this morning was steady with G. Broach quoted at Rs. 238. Later in the day an even steadier feeling prevailed and the market opened at Rs. 240-1 for G. Broach.

Some business at these rates is reported, and also some business has been done in Western styles for September and October contracts.

At Colaba the market was finer and advanced to Rs. 242/3. This is mainly due to the absence of rain in local districts.

Ready cotton is in fair demand.

We quote:—
F. Broach July 217/18.
F. Bengal July 164.
F. K/Akola July 191.
F. K/Akola September 193.

QUOTATIONS FOR 1916.

Good Broach April 243/3.
Fully Good Bengal January 183.

MESSRS. PATEL BROS' MID-DAY QUOTATIONS

Growths.	Fine.	F.G.	Good.	Delivery.
M. G. Broach ..	..	..	239	Apr.25'16
M. G. ,, ..	215/6	..	..	July 1915
M. G. Wenzals (Ry terms) ..	187	181	..	Jan. 25'16
H G Rajputana (Ry terms)	..	..	..	..
M. G Omd Punjab (Ry. terms) ..	..	..	..	..
M.G. Khandesh ..	..	..	..	..
M. G. Akola, Khgm:.	208	..	..	Do.
H G Bhagalkote..	..	..	..	..
H G Bijapur ..	..	..	..	..
M. G. Khandwa, Sanawad ..	..	..	..	..
M. G. Wardha, Hinganghat ..	..	..	..	..
M. G. Nagpore ..	..	..	..	..
M. G Yeotmal ..	..	..	..	..
M.G. Dhamangaum, Pulgam	..	..	..	..
M. G. Oomrawatee description ..	..	..	..	..
M. G. Akola, Khgm. Fair staple ..	180/0	..	..	July 1915
Saw Ginned Dhar war ..	..	..	212	Do.
H. G. Westerns ..	..	..	182	Do.
M. G. Westerns ..	..	..	188	Do.
M. G. Miraj ..	..	..	210	Do.
M. G. Compta ..	..	..	207	Do.
M. G. Bengals ..	163	..	..	Do
M. G. Akola, Khgm ..	192	..	..	Sept. ,,

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE.

The following are the receipts of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds, by rail and sea into Bombay during the 48 hours up till 6 p.m. on 5th July, 1915:—

Cotton	2,694 Bales.
Wheat	9,147 cwts.
Linseed	1,803 ,,
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed	2,321 ,,
Gingellyseed	202 ,,
Groundnuts	8,287 ,,
Castorseed	4,271 ,,
Rice	2,409 ,,
Cottonseed	6,301 ,,
Mowraseed	72 ,,
Gram	944 ,,
Joowar	224 ,,
Barley	1,018 ,,

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Wheat.
White Pessi 85 per cent. ..... Rs. 6-9, R. D. per cwt.
White Delhi ..... Rs. 6-5-6, R. D. per cwt.

Linseed.
Ready ..... Rs. 7-8, B. T. per cwt.
Forward Sept. ..... Rs. 8-6, R. D. per cwt.

Rapeseed.
Brown Cawnpore ..... Rs. 6-1, B. T. per cwt.
Brown Etawah ..... Rs. 6-2, B. T. per cwt.
Brown Katni ..... Rs. 6-12, B. T. per cwt.
Yellow Gujerat ..... Rs. 7-2, B. T. per cwt.

Poppyseed.
Ready ..... Rs. 7-5, R. D. per cwt.

Groundnuts.
Bold ..... Rs. 36, B. T. per candy.
Mowraseed ..... Rs. 3-14, R. D. per cwt.

Castorseed.
Ready ..... Rs. 6-4, R. D. per cwt.
Cottonseed ..... Rs. 2-14, R. D. per cwt.

Teelseed.
Bold White 85 per cent. Rs. 44, B. T. per candy.

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates:—
T. T. Ready ..... 1s. 3 27-32d.
D. D. Mail ..... 1s. 3 7-8d. to 1s. 3 27-32d.
T. T. Forward ..... 1s. 3 7-8d. August.

Banks' Buying Rates:—
Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready 1s. 4 1/8d.
Do. Do. Forward ..... 1s. 4 3-16d. August.
Do. 4 Months' Sight Ready ... 1s. 4 3-16d.
Francs 3 m.s. do. ..... 186¼ Nominal.
60 d.s. Hong-Kong ..... 132.
Do. Shanghai ..... 168½.
60 d.s. Yokohama ..... 151½.

BULLION.

	Rs.
English Bar Gold	24-10-6
Australian Do.	24-5-0
Bombay Do.	24-4-0
English Shield Sovereigns	15-11-6
English Dragons	15-1-3
Silver ex-duty Ready	59-2-0

SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, July 6.

The Cotton Mill Share Market stood almost unchanged to-day at yesterday's closing rates. In the morning an attempt was made to further depress the market but owing to short covering the rates immediately recovered and a fair amount of business was reported during the course of the day.

In Mill shares for August delivery Davids declined to Rs. 536½ but closed at Rs. 545.

Fazulbhai stood steady at Rs. 380.

Madhavji were placed at the prices varying from Rs. 1,110 to Rs. 1,125.

Standards declined to Rs. 915 in the morning but gradually moved up and closed at Rs. 930.

Finlays were placed at Rs. 252½, Ahmedabad Advance at Rs. 925, Kohinoors at Rs. 630, Currimbhai at Rs. 168¾ and Crescent at Rs. 86½.

Centrals were quoted at Rs. 1,830 and Swadeshi at Rs. 1,430.

Bombay Electric Tram ordinary shares stood stationary at Rs. 204 X. D.

Bombay-Burma Trading shares were placed at Rs. 922½.

Tata Hydro Electric ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 1,110.

Tata Iron and Steel ordinary shares improved to Rs. 101½ and Deferred to Rs. 92½.

Alcock and Ashdown shares were placed at Rs. 244.

Ahmedabad Dholka Railway shares changed hands at Rs. 125, Sara Sirajgunj at Rs. 73 and Central Provinces (old Issue) at Rs. 118.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Business in 3½ per cent. G. P. Notes was reported in the vicinity of Rs. 91½.

4 per cent. Port Trust Bonds were placed at Rs. 99.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July 6.

At the Share Market yesterday jute shares opened weak, mainly owing to there being many sellers and few buyers. A small trade took place in Auckland, Clive and Kamarhatty at about the last rates, but the tone of the market was distinctly quiet. Coal shares were neglected. A small business was reported in tea shares at steady rates.

The following sales took place:—

Coal:—Swadeshi 4/4.

Jute:—Alliance (ord) 194; Aucland (ord) 125; Barnagore 89; Belvedere (ord) 157; Clive (ord) 578; Delta (ord) 232; Empire (ord) 13/10; Fort Gloster (ord) 282/8; Kamarhatty (ord) 195; Kanknarrah (ord) 301.

Tea:—Arcuttipore 240; Darjeeling Himalayan 12/4; Durrung 61; Seajuli 25/4;

Miscellaneous:— Cawnpore Sugar (ord) 90; India General (ord) 139; Reliance Jute 60/0 Debentures 105.

Government paper:—Three and a half per cent. was quoted at Rs. 90/14 to 91 and small lots were done at Rs. 91 to 91-2.

PUBLICATION OF WHEAT FORECASTS.

(Associated Press.)

CAWNPORE, July 6.

The Committee of the United Provinces Chamber of Commerce in reply to a communication from the Director of Statistics, Calcutta, on the subject of the alteration in dates of the publication of wheat forecasts have replied that they do not see any objection to the publication of the first forecast of acreage on 20th January instead of 1st January as at present.

The Committee of the Chamber, however, did not accept the proposal of the Director of Statistics that the second forecast of acreage and production should be published on 15th April instead of 15th March and that the final memorandum should be published about 15th June instead of 15th March as at present. In the opinion of the Committee the second forecast and the final memorandum should ordinarily be published not later than 31st March and 15th July respectively.

The Committee of the Chamber have informed the Local Government that they do not think any benefit can be anticipated from accepting the proposals made by the Australian section of the British Chamber of Commerce in Paris, for the promotion of Indian commercial interests in France, through the agency of that Chamber, either under war conditions, or under normal conditions.

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

The Directors have issued a Report on the business of the Company for the year ending 31st December, 1914, the 133rd year of the Company's existence, together with the accounts duly audited.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The net premiums amounted to £1,428,371, and the net losses to £800,586, or 56 per cent. of the premiums. The expenses and commission together amounted to £558,172 being 39 per cent. of the premiums. A profit is shewn in this department of £69,613, which with the net receipts for interest of £64,043 makes a total of £133,656 to be carried to profit and loss.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The net premiums in these departments The net losses on account of 1914 were £260,091. The sum of £60,045, consisting £204,652, and on account of previous years, of £20,045 interest apportioned to this account and £40,000 trading profit, has been Marine fund has been increased by £129,840 to £660,279.

EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY, ACCIDENT, AND GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The net premiums amounted to £712,774. amounted to £97,021, and the interest to transferred to profit and loss, and the £3,817. The claims and expenses amounted to £75,150. A profit has been made from the operations of the year of £11,545, which, together with interest as above, has been carried to profit and loss. In accordance with the Assurance Companies Act, fuller details as to certain branches, such as Employers' Liability inurance transacted in the United Kingdom, will be filed with the Board of Trade.

SINKING FUND AND CAPITAL REDEMPTION DEPARTMENT.

Forty-one policies assuring £85,039 were granted at annual premiums of £1,964, and single premiums of £1,461.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

During the year, 1,856 life policies were issued, assuring £1,451,507, with new premiums of £65,520. Re-assurances were effected with other companies for £184,764 at premiums of £6,991. The net new assurances were thus £1,266,743, and the net new premium income £58,529, including £8,178 of single premiums.

Two hundred and twenty-seven immediate annuities were granted for £13,118 per annum, of which £378 per annum was re-assured, the net consideration money received being £125,621, after deducting £3,510 for re-assurances. Fourteen deferred and contingent annuities for £1,325 per annum at premiums of £1,382 were also granted.

Claims for the aggregate sum of £622,469 arose by the death of 568 persons assured under 694 policies, and a further sum of £122,146 was paid in respect of endowment assurances matured. The amount paid in claims was within the expectation. Forty-three annuitants, in receipt of £3,252 per annum, died during the year.

The income of this department for the year was £1,288,026 and the outgoings were £1,299,882 (including the special item for depreciation and the amount transferred to profit and loss referred to in the next paragraph). The Life Assurance funds at the close of the year stood at £10,994,189. The rate of interest calculated upon the average funds of the year was £4 0s. 6d. per cent. after deduction of income-tax.

The quinquennial valuation of the Law Life funds was made as at the close of the year, on the same basis as on the last occasion and in accordance with the Transfer Agreement of the 13th December, 1909. After writing £232,222 off the Life fund, thus putting the Stock Exchange securities on the level of estimated market values on 31st December, 1914, the valuation disclosed an available surplus of £314,434, of which surplus the sum of £54,852 was transferred to profit and loss as the shareholders' proportion of the Law Life profits, and £259,582 was apportioned to the policyholders. Equivalent allotments of reversionary bonus have been made in respect of all policies entitled to participate.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

The operations of the year resulted in a trading profit from Fire, Accident and Marine accounts of £121,158, which with £54,852 the shareholders' proportion of the Law Life profits for the quinquennium 1910-1914 makes a total of £176,010. This amount has been passed to profit and loss, in addition to £158,101 for interest.

After payment of dividends and the interest on the Debenture Stocks, amounting to £207,074, the Directors have applied £134,000 in writing down the securities in the Fire, Marine and Law Life Guarantee accounts to the estimated market price at 31st December, 1914, leaving a balance of £250,494 to be carried to the credit of next year's account.

An interim dividend of 3s. 6d. per share was paid in October last and the Directors recommend payment on 1st May next of a final dividend of 4s. 6d. per share, making a total payment of 8s. per share for the year 1914. All dividends are subject to deduction of income tax.

FUNDS OF THE COMPANY.

On the 31st December, 1914.

Fire Funds (including General Reserve)	£1,850,000
Life and Capital Redemption Funds	11,446,765
Marine Funds	660,279
Employers' Liability, Accident, and General Funds	104,044
Profit and Loss Account	250,494
Capital paid up	422,855
Debenture Stock Funds	1,277,650
Provision for Outstanding Liabilities	445,557
Total Assets as per Balance Sheet	£16,457,944

EXPORTS TO HOLLAND PROHIBITED.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, July 6.

It is notified in a Gazette of India Extraordinary that the Governor-General-in-Council is plased to prohibit the export of all goods to Holland.

Lincenses will however generally be granted for the export of any goods consigned to the Netherlands Oversea Trust within the limits of normal exports to Holland.

BANK OF MADRAS RATE.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, July 6.

The Bank of Madras rate of interest remains unchanged.

DRAFT CALCUTTA MUNICIPAL BILL.

BASED UPON BOMBAY MODEL.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, July 5.

The draft Calcutta Municipal Bill is now before the Government of India for sanction to enable the Bengal Government to introduce the Bill in the Provincial Legislative Council. The Bill embodies a new constitution based upon the Bombay model but the special representation of the Moslem Committees will presumably be a new feature. But no official information on the point will be available till the Bill is published.

A WIDOW CHEATED.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July 6.

On Monday at the Kyd Street Police Court, before Mr. J. Camell, Acting Presidency Magistrate, Mrs. Hotborn, told a story how she was cheated by a gentleman who wanted to marry her. She said that a Mr. Limpos proposed to marry her and she agreed. He said that if she gave him some money he would settle his debts and be prepared for the wedding. She gave him jewellery worth Rs. 350, but the accused is alleged to have pledged it for Rs. 25 and gone away to Chittagong. In spite of the complainant's writing to him repeatedly he never came back nor did he return the money, nor marry her.

The magistrate issued a warrant against him.

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We have a matchless selection of light weight cotton and silk suitings specially adapted for present wear. These are specially imported for our needs.

TUSSORETTE SUITS.

THE "MOFUSSIL" SUIT.

Made from hard wearing Union Duck in a serviceable drab shade. Cut and finished in our best style. Suit (Coat, Vest and Trousers.) Price Rs. 12-8.

THE "STANDARD" SUIT.

Mercerised Twill Tussorette in an extremely soft finish, useful colour for washing. Suit (Coat, Vest and Trousers). Price Rs. 15-8.

THE "GYMKHANA" SUIT.

Specially finished Tussorette like silk in appearance, rich medium shade. Suit (Coat, Vest and Trousers.) Price Rs. 19-12.

THE "IMPERIAL" SUIT.

We have secured a really excellent suiting here with all the rich finish of silk and the hardwear of cotton, medium colour. Suit (Coat, Vest and Trousers.) Price Rs. 19-12.

THE "ASCOT" SUIT.

This is our finest grade of cotton goods and it is a tussorette that has given every satisfaction. A good colour for Indian wear. Suit (Coat, Vest and Trousers.) Price Rs. 21-8

GOOD TO LOOK BUT BETTER TO WEAR.

THE P. W. D. SUIT.

The comfort and wear the well-known Chefoo silk, used in making this suit, is known throughout the world. We import them direct and as we have our branches in China we reap every benefit possible to secure.

Price Rs. 33-8 the suit.

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Medium weight and strong texture Chefoo silk. good for years of sound wear. Those who want a dressy yet cool and comfortable silk suit, we advise this. Suitable for the hottest season in India.

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Native General Library, Annual Meeting, Framji Cowasji Institute Hall, 6-15 p.m.
Bombay Municipal Corporation Standing Committee Meeting 4-10 p.m.

THURSDAY, July 8.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
H. E. The Governor and Lady Willingdon leave for Poona at 2-45 p.m.

SATURDAY, July 10.

Provincial Conference at Poona.
Cricket:—Bombay Gymkhana A Team vs. Islam Gymkhana.
Bombay Gymkhana B Team vs. The Times of India C. C.

DAILY.

New Alexandra Cinema, Grawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Excelsior Theatre of Varieties, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Palace of Varieties, Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Olympia Cinema, Sandhurst Road, 7 to 8-30 p.m., 9 to 10-30 p.m., and 11 to 12-30 p.m.

Domestic Occurrences.

BIRTHS.

EVANS—At "Rockcliff, Mussoorie, on the 28th June, the wife of A. C. Evans, Indian State Railways, of a daughter.

WELLINGS—On the 1st July, at Rayleigh, Essex, the wife of F. Wellings, of a son.

DEATH.

GILLMON—On July 1st, 1915, at the Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, Captain J. C. Gillmon, Certifying Surgeon of Factories, Bengal. Aged 52 years 11 months.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Corps Orders by Lieut.-Colonel J. W. Hawes, V.D., Commanding, B. V. A.

Colaba, July 6.

709.—Parades. No. 1 Company:—Thursday, 8th July, 7 a.m. Colaba, 15 pdr., B. L. Gun Drill.
No. 2 Company:—Thursday, 8th July, 1915, 7 a.m., Colaba, 7.5-inch B. L. Gun and Battery Drill.

716.—Air Mechanics. Qualified mechanics of the undermentioned trades are required for service with the aviation units serving under the Government of India:—Fitters, Coppersmiths, Joiners, Turners, Blacksmiths, Tinsmiths, Cabinet makers. Engine fitters with knowledge of internal combustion engines and motor vehicle drivers.
(2) British Soldiers (Regular and Territorial) and members of the Volunteer Force in India, who have a thorough knowledge of the above trades, and are recommended by their Commanding Officers, will be considered for the vacant appointments. All candidates must be willing to serve either in India or with the Expeditionary Forces overseas. Age:—20 to 35. Terms of service and rates of pay can be seen at the Corps Office, No. 6 Block, Colaba.

717.—Promotions. The undernamed proceeding on service as Motor Cyclists are promoted Corporals with effect from the dates as stated against their names:—
No. 1486, Gr. Ward R. J., from 5th July, 1913, and No. 1659, Gr. Brunton T. S., from 6th July, 1915.

718.—Strength. The following have been attested for service as Motor Cyclists are borne Supernumerary to Establishment:—
No. 1720, Sergt. Wilson H. J. and No. 1486, Corpl. Ward R. J., from 5th instant; No. 1659, Corpl. Brunton T. S., from 6th instant.

719.—Leaves. Lieut. F. W. Wilson, No. 1 Company, is granted leave (in India) for one month from 26th instant.
No. 980 Bombr. Geldart, No. 2 Company, is granted leave (in India) from 4th to 26th instant inclusive.

R. C. D. GRAHAM, Captain, R.A.,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders By Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

July 7.

Wednesdays.—"C", "D", "E" and "F" Cos. Recruits at Headquarters at 6-15 p.m.
Thursdays.—"G" Company at Headquarters at 7-15 a.m.
N. C. Officers of "A", "C", "E" and "F" Cos. at Headquarters at 6-30 p.m.
"G" Company will parade at Headquarters at 6-15 p.m. Drill Order with helmets.
"G", "G" Cos. Recruits at Headquarters at 7-15 a.m.
"D" Coy. will parade at Telegraph Quarters at 6-30 p.m. Dress.—Drill Order, with helmets, Rifles and Side arms.
Fridays.—"G" "B" and "E" Cos. Recruits at Headquarters at 7-30 a.m.
"C", "D", and "F" Cos. Recruits at Headquarters at 6-15 p.m.

198.—Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class Firing as follows:—
"F" Company.—Wednesday 7th, Thursday 8th, Friday 9th, Saturday 10th, and Sunday 11th instant.
Officers Commanding Companies will please detail at least 8 N. C. Officers and men daily.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-15 a.m.

215.—Expeditionary Forces.—Volunteers are required for reinforcements to Maxim Gun Section. Members desirous of joining this Force should apply in person to the Adjutant at Headquarters without delay. Those with the knowledge of Maxim Gun will be given preference.

220.—Aviation.—Mechanics (Fitters, joiners, blacksmiths, motor vehicle drivers, etc.), are urgently wanted for service with aviation units. Conditions of service, etc., can be seen at the Adjutant's Office.

222.—Maxim Gun Classes.—The Active Service Section, Maxim Gun Company will parade for instructions, in Maxim Gun at 7-30 a.m. and 6 p.m. daily at Headquarters, except Saturday and Sunday.

(Sd.) N. B. KINNEAR, Lieut.
Adjutant Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

STRING BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play this evening the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh, B. Mitchell Band Master, commencing at 6-15.

March.—"Folies-Bergere" ..... Lincke.
Overture.—"Bronze Horse" ..... Auber.
Valse.—"Bebe" ..... Vessey.
Selection.—"The Gondoliers" ..... Sullivan.
Idyll.—"Glow worm" ..... Lincke.
Selection.—"Peggy" ..... Stuart.
Egyptian Serenade.—"Amina" ..... Lincke.

HOMEWARD MAILS.

The P. and O. steamer Arabia which left Bombay on the 12th ultimo, arrived in London on Monday, the 5th instant. All well.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

Gentlemen of the Special Jury are required to attend at the High Court to-day at 12 noon, instead of at 11-30 a.m.

STREET ACCIDENT.

Motor car No. 2230 was about to enter Gaiwadi on Monday evening, when Mithabhai Nagaji, a Hindu, aged about 30, came running out of the Gaiwadi lane to board a tram car on Girgaon Road, and ran into the motor car before it could be pulled up. He was knocked down and received abrasions about the body and was removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital for treatment.

TRAM CAR COLLISION.

Tram car No. 93 was going towards Parel on Monday evening, when after passing the Victoria Gardens Depot, it was thrown off the track on account of the line having been fouled by a piece of iron. Instead of going straight up its own course, it turned towards the cross-over, and collided with trailer cars Nos. 151 and 152, which were going towards the Byculla Bridge. Four passengers and the driver of the coupled cars sustained slight injuries, and were allowed to go home after being treated at the Sir J. J. Hospital.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Five attacks and two deaths from plague were registered in the city on Monday, two of the attacks being reported from Middle and Lower Colaba and one each from Market, Fanuswadi and Girgaum. There were no cases of cholera or small-pox. The total number of deaths from all causes was 67, as compared with 77 of the corresponding day of 1914 and 54 of 1913. The total number of rats caught was 1,688, out of which 13 were found to be plague stricken. A Ward contributed 3 of these, B Ward 3, C Ward 3, D Ward 1 and E Ward 3.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

A very good film programme takes the place of the Bandmann Co., at the above theatre. In fact we should say that it is one of the best they have given us for some time. "On his Majesty's Service", by the London Film Co., the Company with the well-known Belfeater trade mark is a topical drama of a pair of clever old German scoundrels, posing as a Chemical firm, but of course spies of the worst description. It is all very cleverly acted, full of plot and counter-plot, culminating in the Germans geting blown up by their own bomb which they had placed under a bridge. The well-known London Film Players, Jam Gail and Gerald Ames have very good parts which are acted with complete success.

The comedy film is supplied by Max as a Chiropodist. This is one of the best we have seen him in and his victims' pedal extremities have a very rough time while he is causing the fun. There are also some clever cartoons.

There will be no 10 p.m. performance tonight as the theatre is given over to a private view of "Cabiria" to members of various bodies in Bombay connected with Art, Music, Architecture, and Education. The leading lights of the Bombay Press will be strongly represented. The first epoch of Cabiria will commence from Saturday next, which will run to 6,000 feet or about one and a half hours. The second and concluding epoch will be shown the following week. The production of the first of Gabriele D'Annunzio's works on the screen is going to make people wonder from all accounts, some of the Home papers describe it as "realism gone mad." Some of the risks the actors run in the war scenes are extraordinary, and the amounts spent on ships to be burnt and places to be wrecked are prodigious. It cost nearly £50,000 or 8 lacs.

BOMBAY GUN CLUB.

A meeting was held on Sunday last at Mahim, but owing to the heavy rain and high tides experienced last week, some of the traps and gear were damaged and the full number of traps could not be used, with the result that the usual programme was somewhat curtailed.

The first event was a 5-Bird Handicap sweep for which R. Kennedy with 4 kills and one handicap returned a possible. A Leeson with a score of one less taking second prize.

A Spoon Competition followed, W. C. Morley with 3 kills and 1 point obtained the Spoon; I. C. Wilson and R. Kennedy divided the Sweep prizes.

The Tyros Cup with optional Sweep added came next, A kill with the 1st barrel in this event counting 3 points, and with the second 2 points, all handicap points being doubled. W. C. Morley with 9 kills or 26 points was seen to advantage and obtained the holdership of the Cup, after an exciting Shoot, as W. Fraser, who was the runner up with 8 kills of 21 points and 3 handicap, had only to win the Cup on this occasion for it to become his own property.

The Second Round of the C. B. S. A. Medal was then fired. R. Kennedy with 9 kills and 2 handicap returning a possible, W. Fraser with 8 kills and 1 handicap coming second.

Several Miss and Out Sweeps in which R. Kennedy, W. C. Morley and W. Fraser were the winners brought the programme to a close.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

Stations.	24h urs to 8 a.m. of 6th July 1915.	Total since 1st January 1915.	June 1st to 6th July	
			1914.	1913.
Colaba [Observatory] ..	0.01	49.49	17.49	32.00
Fort [St. George's Hospital] ..	0.01	37.32	19.85	36.74
Esplanade [Gokuldas Tej. Hosp.]	0.07	38.27	19.38	29.23
Byculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	0.00	43.24	21.05	40.03

HAJ COMMITTEE'S DINNER TO MR. S. M. EDWARDES C. S. I.

Photo by Messrs. Bourne and Shepherd.

On Monday night Mr. S. M. Edwardes C.S.I. C.V.O., was entertained at dinner at the Taj Mahal Hotel by the members of the Haj Committee in honour of the C.S.I., recently conferred upon him. Mr. Haji Usuf Sobani presided and others present were:—Col. Jennings, I.M.S., Messrs. Kazi Kabiroodin, M. Griffiths, Umar Sobani, K. B. Hakim Dayam, Sumar Patel, Khutkhutey, Osman Sobani, Abdulla Ahmed, Shirazee, Wilson, S. A. Wahed and Sheppard, The Hon. Mr. Moulvi Rafiudin, Messrs. Chotani, Aboobuker Rehman, Fatemohmed Yusuf, Abdulla A. Rahim and K. B. Abdulrehman Kadwani, Sirdar Sahib Suleman Casum Mitha, C.I.E., Mr. Mahammodbhoy Currimbhoy and Mr. Harker.

The arrangements as usual were admirably carried out by Mr. C. Stengler, Manager of the Taj.

After the loyal toast had been drunk Mr. Hajee Yoosuf Hajee Esmail Sobani, the Vice-President, in proposing the toast of Mr Edwardes, said:—

Gentlemen—It may not be sufficiently known to you that the foundation of this body, to a very large extent, was due to the instrumentality of Mr. Edwardes. His stay in the city coupled with his deep knowledge of Mussalman Society gave him an insight into the hardships which the Hajees had to suffer. A few years back, the advent of the Haj season was a source of anxiety to the Government, the Municipality and the people alike. The Municipal officers had to adopt extra sanitary measures for prevention of the outbreak of infectious diseases. Government at one time thought of changing the port of embarkation of Hajees and at other time a surveillance camp was erected at Pirpaon. Eventually the Haj Committee was appointed. Ever since Mr. Edwardes was appointed its President, he has put his heart and soul in the work of the Committee. He has taken the Mussalman Community into confidence and secured their co-operation. He improved "The Protector of Pilgrims" Department and placed stricter control over the pilgrim brokers. He caused numerous improvements to be made in the mode of medical examination and the embarkation of the Hajees. He appointed a lady superintendent to offer every kind of assistence to the female pilgrims, who previous to this innovation used to suffer great inconvenience.

The greatest blessing which Mr. Edwardes has conferred on the pilgrims and the Mussalman community, is in the erection of a mussafarkhana through the assistance of the trustees of the late Mr. Mahomed Hajee Saboo Siddick. His personal visits to the camps of Hajees and his secret monetary aid to several of them and numerous acts of kindness have proved to be a blessing to many a poor Hajees. He has always done his level best to minimize the sufferings and troubles of all the pilgrims. It is a source of great pleasure to myself and the members of the Haj Committee to see the invaluable services of our beloved President recognised by Government. May he live long to enjoy the honour conferred upon him and to have many more which he so richly deserves and enjoy the best of health.

Mr. Edwardes thanked the members for their kindness in having given him the opportunity of meeting them and friends who were interested in the Hajee question. It was true, he said, he took keen interest in the Hajees and their welfare but through other multifarious duties he was unable to do all that he desired.

The party dispersed late at night.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

CHAWLS FOR MILL OPERATIVES.

A meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday, the Hon. Mr. J. P. Orr presiding.

The Board considered the following notice of motion from Mr. D. E. Wacha: "That the Chairman be requested to state the number of cotton mills which have availed themselves of the financial provisions under the amended Act in reference to the building of chawls for their operatives, and the amount already advanced if any, and the progress which may have been made in the erection of the chawls, and whether the Trust has any financial resources available at present or in the near future to assist those mills which may apply for the necessary financial aid to build chawls."

The Chairman said they had received a definite application only from one mill. As to the financial resources the Trust were in a position to use their credit for financing the mills for building chawls, for the properties themselves formed future assets on which they could raise the loans. He would make a detailed report.

Mr. Wacha said that for the time being the Trust had to raise the money.

The Chairman said the credit of the Trust was used to finance the loans.

The motion was adopted.

THE ASSOCIATION OF INCORPORATED CERTIFIED ACCOUNTANTS, LTD.

A general meeting of the Association of Incorporated Certified Accountants, Ltd., (by guarantee) which has now entered upon its sixth year of existence, was held at the rooms of the Association, Madows Street, Fort, on Monday last for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Council of the Association and Accounts. The Report placed on record the regret of the Council at the death of their colleague, Mr. B. N. Kothare, who died on 19th July 1914. The Council took active interest in the proposals of the Government to modify the rules and regulations relating to the auditing of accounts of public Companies, under the Indian Companies Act and addressed memorials to both the Local Government as well as the Government of India. Some of the suggestions submitted by the Council commended themselves to the Local Government and they were prompt enough to amend the Bombay Auditors Certificates Rules according to these suggestions. Mr. S. A. Sharangdhar, Secretary and Treasurer of the Association is to be commended on the energy and pluck he has shown throughout a period when the claims of some Accountants of even approved standing were in danger of being unduly over-ruled under hasty legislative attempts at reform. At the general meeting of Monday last Mr. Sharangdhar read an interesting paper on "How to become a Qualified Accountant."

TRANSPORTS CLAIM COMMITTEE.

As Burma claims can be settled without the examination of witnesses, the Transports Claim Committee do not consider it necessary to visit Rangoon.

GERMAN MISSIONARIES IN INDIA.

SUGGESTIONS OF INTERNMENT AND DEPORTATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 6.

An English missionary, who has had exceptional opportunities for enquiry recently among missionaries of various denominations, in a letter to the "Madras Mail" expresses the hope that every German missionary, man and woman, will speedily be shut away in safety and at the close of the war deported, without exception, to their own land. He says, the Government may depend upon the whole missionary body strongly supporting the most extreme measures of immediate internment and ultimate expulsion.

The use of Christian missionary privileges to spread unrest and sedition in order to further German interest has distressed and disgusted the whole missionary community. He says whatever steps are taken the great body of missionaries are whole-heartedly of opinion that for Germans of whatever rank, creed or occupation, India should be "a closed land" for generations to come.

MAGNETIC SURVEY IN INDIA.

BARRACKPORE OBSERVATORY CLOSED.

(From our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, July 5.

The Committee which assembled in March 1914 to discuss the position of the Magnetic Survey and to advise as to its further programme came to the conclusion that the four observatories at Dehra Dun, Alibag, Kodaikanal, and Tonnagoo were sufficient for recording the course of terrestrial magnetism in India, and recommended that the Barrackpore observatory should be closed as soon as a complete set of permanently marked field stations, scattered over the country, had been established, and observations at all of them had been made. These observations were finished in April and the observatory has accordingly been closed, the buildings being made over to the Public Works Department.

PRESENTATION OF KAISER-I-HIND MEDALS.

His Excellency the Governor will present to-day at the Secretariat at 11-30 a.m., the Kaisar-i-Hind Medals of the Second Class to:—Dilshad Begum; Mrs. Lilian Reed; and Mrs. Jaijee Jehangir Petit.

Bai Sundrabai Dattatraya was also invited to be present for the same purpose, but has intimated that she is unable to attend owing to her absence from Bombay.

FOOTBALL.

A friendly football match has been arranged between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Y. M. C. A. and will be played off to-day on the Oval at 5.45 p.m.

POONA DAY BY DAY.

THE SEASON.

(From our Correspondent.)

POONA, July 5.

There is not much doing here at present for the very simple reason that half the bungalows in that fashionable locality are lying vacant, and considering that we have crept into July when the usual anchorage of visitors is safe, the prospect of tenancy is doubtful. A large number of familiar figures from Bombay and elsewhere is already in evidence, and the next best thing to remaining idle at home is for them to join the Ladies' Club. True, Lady Willingdon and Lady Barrett are no longer enshrined at the Club, but Lady Tata, and Mrs. Jehanghir, one of the Secretaries, are doing all in their power to restore the faded glories of the institution, and they require both encouragement and support. The Gymkhana teems with pretty frocks and prettier faces every evening, and the debating groups in the luxuriant garden would give points to the British Cabinet on any subject ranging from the war loan down to the enormity of increased prices of foodstuffs in the bazaar.

There is a probability of a Cinderalla dance coming off at the Gymkhana on Wednesday. It depends upon a sufficient number of names being on the list. The sun is out once again, and the grounds below are green. In a word the climate is excellent, but we are still waiting for those delectable "At Homes" and afternoon tea parties which contribute so largely to the efficiency of a bachelor's life, and a benedict's relief from the thraldom of red-tape.

POONA AND KIRKEE HOUNDS.

Yesterday hounds met at 6-30 at the 7th mill-stone on the Bombay road. It was the second bye-day of the Hunting Season, and only a small field turned out including Mrs. Hatch, Mrs. Corbould-Warren, and Mrs. Williams. Among the men were Mr. Hatch, Major Bovet, Major Williams, Capt. White and about a dozen others. Leaving the road the hounds, hunted at once for the first time on record by a professional huntsman in Mr. Morgan, got on to the line of a jack at the tank about half a mile north of the meet. The scent, however, was very catchy and after proceeding north for some minutes, the line was fouled by chink. The remainder of the morning was spent in a series of short ringing hunts after fox, of which there appeared to be any number about. But there was too much cover, and in every case they got to ground. There was one quiet pleasant gallop of about nine minutes, but otherwise the morning was disappointing as far as sport was concerned, though the work of the hounds was most edifying, not a single hound having shirked.

The opening meet will take place at Yerrowda at 6-30 on Thursday next when Lord and Lady Willingdon will proceed direct from the Kirkee Station to the meet.

CONCERT AT KIRKEE.

On Saturday night, the Kirkee Caruso's got up an exceptionally pleasant concert, at the Ordinance Club in aid of the War Fund. The concert was under the patronage of General Brooking, C.B., Commanding the Poona Division, and the General with Mrs. and Miss Brooking was present, as well as Colonel Walker, R.A., Mrs. Walker and a good proportion of the Officers of the Kirkee garrison. Mr. Pargiter, Secretary of the Ordnance Club, is primarily to be congratulated on the success of the concert, and thanks are due to those who very kindly took part. Among those who distinguished themselves before the footlights were Mrs. Lacey, Mr. Hewson, Mr. Sanderson, Mr. and Mrs. Lawson-Knox (duettists) Mrs. Balberon, Lieut. Ball, Mr. Defrece, Major Bowen, Lieut. Jackson, Mr. Hewitt and Mr. Brown. A farce entitled "Who's Who" was humourously enacted by Mr. Jameson, Mr. Booth, Mr. Honour, Miss N. Nalder and Mrs. Pargiter.

P. W. D. CASHIER IN TROUBLE.

J. B. Mohoni, a cashier in the P. W. D. at Poona, appealed at the Sessions Court before Mr. C. A. Kincaid, I.C.S., Sessions Judge, against the conviction and sentence passed upon him by the City Magistrate for criminal misappropriation in respect of Rs. 837-15-11. The accused was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 200 or in default to a further term of three months. Against this sentence Mr. Velinker of Bombay preferred an appeal on behalf of the accused. The facts of the case are:—Mohoni was a cashier in the office of Mr. Mandy, Executive Engineer for Drainage and Water-supply at Poona. In this capacity he was entrusted with an imprest and permanent advance of Rs. 1,000 for payment to be made to employees of the department, the amount being recouped by bills of actual payment made. On the 18th of November last, 11 muster rolls, amounting in all to Rs. 1,201-12-3 were passed and sent to the accused for payment to the coolies. The coolies began to grumble about non-payment of their wages, and it then came to light that none of the workmen had been paid and that Sectional Officers had been, it is alleged, induced by the accused to certify the payment of muster rolls which bore endorsements on the assurance that the labourers would be paid immediately the money was obtained. Accordingly, with the sanction of Government, the accused was prosecuted. The accused pleaded that while cycling to make payments, he had the money in his pocket in currency notes and lost them on the road. He made no complaint of the loss of the notes because he feared that having previously lost cheques his facility for losing such things might operate against the retainment of his appointment. Judgment has been reserved.

DIVISIONAL AREA ORDERS.

POONA, July 5.

(By Brig-General H. T. Brooking, C.B., Commanding 6th (Poona) Divisional Area.)

The General Officer Commanding, Bombay Brigade will arrange in direct communica-

(Continued on Column 6.)

(Continued from Column 5.)

tion with Poona Brigade for those Telegraphists who fail to qualify to be sent to Poona to undergo a refresher course of one month's duration at the Military Training Class, Wanowrie.

All arrangements in connection with the refresher course will be made by the Poona Brigade in communication with the Deputy Superintendent of Telegraphs, Poona.

ADMINISTRATION ORDERS.

Lieut.-Colonel H. Fooks, I.M.S., handed over the office of the Assistant Director Medical Services, 6th (Poona) Divisional Area, temporary to Lieut.-Colonel T. Stodart, I.M.S. on the afternoon of the 2nd July 1915.

Lieut-Colonel T. Stodart, I.M.S., took over the duties of Assistant Director Medical Services, 6th (Poona) Divisional Area, temporary on the afternoon of 2nd July 1915.

3rd Sappers and Miners. The following appointments are made:—

Lieutenant E. F. Johnson to officiate as Company Commander, 18th (Field) Company in addition to his own duties as attached Officer, vice Captain E. J. Loring proceeded on Field Service, with effect from 4th December 1914.

Captain E. V. Binney to officiate as Company Commander, 19th (Field) Company in addition to his own duties as Adjutant, vice Captain E. J. Loring proceeded on Field Service with effect from 4th December 1914.

2nd Lieutenant M. J. Dolan to officiate as Company Commander, 18th (Field) Company in addition to his own duties as Double Company Officer, 18th (Field) Company vice Lieutenant E. F. Johnson posted to Military Works Services 9th (Secunderabad) Division; with effect from 17th February 1915.

Captain E. B. Fox to officiate as Company Commander, 19th (Field) Company in addition to his own duties as Company Officer "F" Company vice Captain E. V. Binney relieved; with effect from 4th May 1915.

In Divisional Order 43 current, "add after the name of Sub-Assistant Surgeon Huzura Singh, four months' leave M.C. the first 60 days on full pay."

It is notified for information that all recommendations for Courtesy Titles should be submitted to the Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, 6th (Poona) Divisional Area, so as to reach him not later than the 20th July 1915.

Applications received after the above date will not be considered until next December.

Lieut-Colonel H. Fooks, I.M.S., is authorised to proceed to Mayavo on transfer to take up the appointment of Assistant Director Medical Services, Burma Division.

BRIGADE ORDERS.

(By Brig-General H. T. Brooking, C.B., Commanding Poona Brigade.)

POONA, July 6.

The Treasury Officer, Ahmednagar is authorised to advance the sum of Rs. 450 to the Officer-in-Charge Supplies, Ahmednagar, for purchase of Army Transport bullocks required for the 6th Division.

The advance to be adjusted in the usual manner and debited to 6th (Poona) Division.

N.C.O's and men of units, which have no depots in India will on arrival in Poona be attached to the 2/4th Wilts Regiment for pay, rations, discipline etc.

Under the authority of Para 10 (d) A.R.I. Volume III, a Station Board composed as under will assemble at such time and place as the President may appoint to investigate a matter which will be brought before it. President: Captain P. S. Hamilton, Dett. 2/4th Border Regiment, Members: An Officer 3rd Sappers and Miners, An Ocffier 2/1st Wessex F.A., Brigade.

A Medical Board composed as under will assemble at the Indian Troops Hospital, Ghorpuri, at 8 a.m. on 7th July 1915 to report on the health of such cases as may be brought before it:—President: Lieut-Colonel T. Stodart, I.M.S., Members: Lieut. H. S. Dastur, I.M.S., Assistant Surgeon C. G. Taylor, I.S.M.D.

Reference Brigade Order 544 dated 14th May 1915. For Lieut. A. E. C. Harris, 7th Hariana Lancers substitute "Captain A. G. Williamson, 7th Hariana Lancers."

The O.C., 96th Infantry is authorized to pitch one 160 lbs, tent for Musketry purposes.

Captain W. S. R. Steven, R.A.M.C., proceeded from Kirkee to Bombay on Temporary duty on 2nd July 1915.

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THE POONA OFFICE of the BOMBAY CHRONICLE is at No. 1, Arsenal Road, (Treacher's Buildings.)

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THE SUPERINTENDENT.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
Wednesday, July 7, 1915.

INDIA AFTER THE WAR.

Special interest attaches to the pronouncement made by Sir Krishna Gupta at the complimentary dinner given in his honour at the Hotel Cecil, London, on his retirement from the office of the Member of Council of India last month, as he has outlined therein, the ideal scheme for the administration of India after the conclusion of the war. This pronouncement is entitled to great weight and deserves careful study at the hands of every student of Indian politics and history as it comes from one who as an official has spent 34 years in India and seven years in the Council of India in London. Sir Krishna has passed every step of the official ladder of the Indian Civil Service and as a revenue officer of great repute and popularity, he has had opportunities which few others have had of gauging and studying public opinion in India. He has thus acquired an undoubted right to speak with authority on the form of administration which would be most suitable to India in her own interest and in the interests of the Empire at large. Sir Krishna Gupta speaks with an impartial voice. He has never been associated in any way with any political party in this country. His career has been wholly official and the views which he has formed are not the product of the political platform or conference room but the outcome of a life-long official experience of the administration of India, and his pronouncement may, perhaps, be regarded not merely as his personal views, but as the combined views of the most progressive of the official and non-official section of the Indian public, ascertained during the course of his long service. Such is the interest and weight which attaches to this remarkable pronouncement which was given expression to before a distinguished audience composed of European and Indian, official and non-official.

The most vital part of the pronouncement has reference to the re-adjustment of the British Empire after the war. Briefly, Sir Krishna advocated that India ought to have direct representation just as much as the Colonies who had already pressed in the most vigorous manner possible, that when the war was over they should be directly consulted on the Imperial questions. Sir Krishna added that the Colonial request had met with a favourable response in the highest quarters and that it was reflected in the speech made at the Guildhall by Mr. Bonar Law wherein he said that, as a result of the changed condition brought about by the war, "we might see a Parliament of the British Empire in which every part of the Empire in proportion to its resources and members would share in the duty and honour of ruling the British Empire." The veteran member of the India Council declared in emphatic, but unambiguous language, that "India wished for nothing more and that if that were done, they would be satisfied." Sir Krishna argued that England had trained the people of India in the art of self-government and that the "great task which Providence has imposed on her would be adequately discharged only when India is given her complete autonomy, with the several provinces as separate states, controlled by a central or federal government presided over by a representative of the British Crown, preferably one of the reigning family,"

India should be grateful to Sir Krishna for having stated frankly and boldly the idea of government to be claimed for India when the re-adjustment of the political situation of the British Empire takes place after the war. What he has advocated, in one word, is provincial autonomy. Not the autonomy of provincial governments officially controlled but a substantial autonomy of provinces governed by executive councils, popularly representative and responsible to the legislative councils for their acts and administrations. It must be remembered that this is in practical agreement with the promise contained in the Despatch of the 25th August, 1911. The ideal is self-government within the Empire and each province to be master of its own destinies, Imperial matters being left for discussion and settlement by an assembly composed of representatives of the provinces upon the lines of the present Imperial Legislative Council with this difference, that it must have larger powers and be more popular in its constitution.

It cannot be urged that it is too early to discuss the problem of re-adjustment of the political situation after the war as it is the one great subject which eclipses all others and has an absorbing interest at the present moment. It is really merely a question of discussion of details as most people are agreed on the general principles, and they have no desire to enter upon any sort of controversial agitation in any way embarrassing to the Government. But it is at least necessary that public opinion in this country should be fully prepared and formed in regard to the nature of the demand that will be put forward in answer to the invitation that has been extended. Best of all would be if the demand were to be conceded before it was put foward, and that, we think, is not at all unlikely what will occur. But, in the meanwhile, it is desirable to concentrate in support of the outline drawn by Sir Krishna Gupta.

TOWN PLANNING AND IMPROVEMENT.

In commenting recently on Mr. Miram's lecture on Town Planning we referred to the singular good fortune that there was at least one official who takes the right view of the policy so wrongly pursued by the Bombay Improvement Trust. And when it is remembered that Mr. Miram is an officer, deputed as an expert to inquire into and advise in the application of the Town Planning Act to the different parts in the Presidency, that policy stands the more strongly condemned. We have before us a Note prepared for Government by Mr. Miram on Town Planning in Municipal Areas, which is marked by a welcome spirit of bold and constructive suggestion. The Note sets forth Mr. Miram's proposals for improving the housing conditions in villages and small towns. He begins by admitting that the problem of efficiently housing the poorer classes is one of the most serious social problems of the present day. That this is now receiving, as he adds, the earnest attention of Government and their officers is possibly true, but we cannot agree that Government were equally alive to their responsibility in the past. It is, however, pleasant to learn, that Mr. Miram considers "the unmistakable signs of a more general awakening of the local Municipalities to their responsibility" as the notable feature of the present day aspect of the question. Coming to the problem itself, it resolves itself on the one hand into the maintenance and improvement of existing houses and, on the other, in the provision of new arterial as well as non-traffic roads and the improvement of insanitary areas. And Mr. Miram makes some very constructive suggestions on all the three points.

He thinks the present day evils of our villages and small towns cannot, as in the case of most European towns, be said to be the result of modern growth and rapid industrial expansion, but rather of the uncontrolled development in the past, and the almost complete absence of by-laws and regulations, governing the situation and construction of houses. Mr. Miram's views are probably correct as far as the immediate past alone is concerned, for, as Professor Geddes conclusively showed, Indian villages in the more remote past were laid down on sound sanitary laws. Mr. Miram, however, is fortunately not enamoured of by-laws and regulations, for, as he acknowledges, a strong economic and moral incentive is more effectual. His recommendations are therefore based more or less on these considerations. To ensure good housing, he says, for instance, it must be made profitable to the owner. Prohibitive cost has made it impracticable that houses of either stone or brick which alone might be considered ideal could be built in villages, with the result that the ordinary "wattle and daub" hut continues on exactly the same lines as it has done for centuries. Mr. Miram, however, is "convinced after a careful study of the question all over the Presidency, that an improvement can be effected, which will mean an enormous increase in the comfort and wellbeing and sanitary amenities of the people, if they were given an helping hand." He, proposes, therefore that municipal authorities should construct sample houses on the lines suggested by him. The walls of the house, he suggests, are to be of well-puddled mud and country timber with a surface of half-inch plaster on the exterior and a roof of the country battens and corrugated iron, thatched for coolness. Twelve houses might be allowed to a gross acre and each house, according to his estimate, could be made to pay a rent of less than Rs. 2 per month. Such houses might be of two or three different types, all affording the villager an ideal to aim at, so that he would no longer be satisfied to grovel along in filth and squalor. Nor is Mr. Miram forgetful of aesthetic considerations and he is confident that once the spirit of friendly rivalry and emulation is fostered among the people by offers of prizes, wonders may be wrought.

But it is when he discusses the treatment of insanitary areas that Mr. Miram is most suggestive. He emphasizes that in treating such areas the municipal authorities should realise that they are in the position of a doctor treating a cankerous growth. "He does not trim a little bit off here and there. The whole thing must come away. So it is with an insanitary area. It does some good to make a road through such a quarter, but the road does not get rid of the insanitation except immediately on either side of it." That is exactly where the policy of the Trust has failed. But there is still more to come. "The clearance of an insanitary area," says Mr. Miram, "and the provision of sites for the persons dishoused is without question a public purpose. . . . . It is obviously wrong entirely to *clear* the whole area at once. It should, of course, be comprised in one notification if being dealt with under the Land Acquisition Act, to prevent values going up as a result of the improvement of a part, *but only a section at a time should be demolished, and thus the tenants of the houses will have an opportunity of finding accommodation on the new sites. If the whole is cleared, then the people turned out cause overcrowding and consequent insanitation in other parts of the town and rarely come back again.*" The italics are our own, but it is unnecessary to dwell on the wisdom of these principles, the continued disregard of which by the Bombay Improvement Trust is a sad commentary on the condition of progressive Bombay. Mr. Miram's suggestions with regard to the provision of new arterial and non-traffic roads and the improvement of existing ones are similarly happy. In this connection he rightly points out that the creation of desirable housing areas on the outskirts of our towns will tend to decrease overcrowding in the towns, and it is at the provision of such areas that the Town Planning Act aims. It is well that ideas such as those of Mr. Miram's should guide the application of this new Act. But what is more satisfactory is that the main object of Mr. Miram's Note is to encourage municipalities to take an interest in providing healthy living conditions for the poorest classes. The timber and mud building suggested by him is, of course, not necessarily the form of construction best suited to the particular conditions and requirements of every part of the Presidency. But, as Government point out, this consideration does not detract from the utility of the principle which he advocates, namely, the desirability of the erection of houses, designed on hygienic and economic lines and constructed to suit local conditions and requirements which will serve as models for the dwellings of the people. But Government think that it is not essential, as Mr. Miram suggets, that the construction of model houses should be undertaken by the local body itself. They do not assign any reason, however, except possibly that of economy. But surely Government can well extend the policy of making for this purpose grants on lines similar to those which they have adopted in developing the water-supply of towns. The initiative must come from the State and that the Municipalities and local bodies may be the better fitted to carry out this very desirable improvement, it is further essential that they should be constituted on popular lines and be strengthened with greater executive powers.

Notes of the Day.

Lord Willingdon and the People.

Lord Willingdon made a most welcome departure from the officialised custom when he decided to break his annual and much too long a stay in Poona by a visit to Bombay. This week, accompanied by Lady Willingdon, he has visited the representative of some of the important communities in the city, and we have no doubt the enthusiastic welcome with which Lady Willingdon and he were everywhere greeted has assured him how readily people in this country can be approached and how eager they are to appreciate all efforts, made out of the ordinary routine of official life, to know and to understand them. It is due to Lord Willingdon to say that, assisted admirably by the personality of Lady Willingdon, he has endeared himself to the people by such intercourse to an extent seldom achieved during recent years. If Indians are not always to be governed by a mere bureaucratic machine, such non-official intercourse should be the rule rather than the exception which they are apt to be, especially in this city which is the centre of all activities in the Presidency.

Education of Factory Children.

We learn that we were in error yesterday in referring to what we had believed was an inordinate delay on the part of the Committee appointed by Government in submitting its report on the education of factory children in Bombay. We are informed that there was no delay on the part of the Committee at least in submitting its report to Government, which, we are assured, was done within about six or eights weeks of their appointment,—a very commendable performance, the like of which unfortunately is rarely shown by most of the Committees appointed by Government. The responsibility for the delay in publication, therefore, lies with the Government, who have taken so long in producing their Resolution on the Report. Our correspondent, who writes to correct us, opines that the Government might have been all along carrying on correspondence with the Educational Department and making other enquiries, but though this mitigates somewhat the charge of dilatoriness, twenty months surely were not needed for all these enquiries and investigations.

Police and Confessions.

One of the most pressing reforms regarding criminal administration in this country, is the one which aims at finally extinguishing the practice of extorting confessions by the police from persons in their custody. An aggravating feature of this practice is the fact that it is resorted to generally in the case of those ignorant persons only who practically need to be protected from their ignorance. Indian reformers, have, therefore, repeatedly urged that no confession shall be receivable in evidence except when made in open court to the magistrate trying the case. And three years ago in answer to a question by Mr. MacCullun Scott, it was admitted by the then Under-Secretary of State, that Government had recommended a reform in this direction and that Indian Police Officers of good experience had even acted upon it to some extent. In this connection the recent observations of an English judge,—Mr. Justice Law,—are specially appropriate. In the course of a case in which four men were charged with theft before him and a jury at the Chelmsford Assizes on June 11, a police inspector deposed to having taken a statement from one of the prisoners when in custody at the police-station, and admitted that when there was anything he did not understand he asked questions. The learned judge rightly refused to allow the statement to be placed before the jury or, as he expressed it, "before any other jury," observing that it was not right that police officers who had men in custody,—very often ignorant men and men not very well understanding the use of language,—should get them to make statements by cross-examination.

a Wise Pronouncement.

Mr. Justice Law said:—

Where a person is in custody and asks to be allowed to make a voluntary statement, all that the police officer ought to do is to take down that statement. He has no business to ask him questions or cross-examine him about it. It materially destroys the whole value of the statement.

The foregoing, it is needless to say, is an eminently wise and wholesome pronouncement, and conditions in India, where the lot of the ignorant and illiterate prisoner is less favourable than with his brother in England, demand that it should, in every case, be acted upon. But unless a simple alteration in the law imposing the practice on all police officers is made, we are afraid that the tendency to extort confession, induced principally by this defect in the law will never be removed.

Thus spake the Persian! (Zoroaster.)

Pollute thou not thy spirit, keep it pure;
And let thy pathway be the path of Truth;
For Truth is loftier than an earthly crown;
Yields Honour and Nobility to Kings;
Raises the lowly-born to virtues throne.

Pay fervent homage unto Nature's laws;
And all the wondrous works of God admire;
The oceans which reflect the sinking Sun;
The mountains where ye place departed friends;
The stars, the skies, the Earth, the Waves, the Fires!

And *these* last do thou evermore keep pure—
For from the Earth spring forth the needed fruits;
The Waters which ye drain support all Life;
The cleansing Fires contain the breath of God;
So from pollution keep all these secure!

Kai Kushrou Ardaschir
In "The Westminster Gazette."

Official and Personal.

Sir Sankaran Nair will join the Viceroy's Executive Council in October and thus both Sir Ali Imam and Sir Sankaran Nair will be in the Council till about the 20th November.

Formal sanction has been given by his Majesty's Secretary of State for India to the proposal that the service of Colonel Sir S. G. Burrard in the appointment of Surveyor-General of India should be extended for the duration of the war.

The marriage of Prince Hari Singh, nephew of the Maharaja of Kashmere with the Princess of the Chamba State will take place early in November.

Col. Dennys, I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Central Provinces, will remain in his appointment during the war.

Mr. Ivor Thomas, Chief Engineer, Telegraphs, arrived in Calcutta from Simla, on Monday and is due to sail by mail steamer from Bombay next Sunday on three months' leave Home. He will be relieved by Mr. H. S. Styan, who is now on his way out from England.

Mr. Gubbay, Wheat Commissioner in India, will shortly proceed on a visit to Central Provinces.

The death has taken place at Bangalore of Mr. C. T. Glancey of Messrs. Grindlay and Co., Bombay, of phthsis. He arrived at Bangalore only on Saturday for the benefit of his health.

At this week's meeting of the Asiatic Society of Bengal the following will be elected honorary members:—Sir Patrick Manson, Sir J. J. Thomson, Sir William Turner, Prof. Paul Vinogradoff, and Mr. J. S. Darboux, the French mathematician.

"RAILWAY GRIEVANCES."

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The public are really thankful to you for keeping the columns of your valuable paper open for a ventilation of grievances suffered by poor third class passengers on railways. I hope you will be kind enough to extend the hospitality of your columns to the following correspondence which passed between me and the Agent of the Barsi Light Railway Co:—

To The Agent, Barsi Light Railway, Kurduwadi:

Sir,—I wish to bring to your notice a very great misery endured by Barsi Light Railway passengers. Barsi Light Railway trains stop at a very long distance from the over-bridge and the G. I. P. platform at Barsi-Road. Indian women do not wear shoes and even the majority of boys walk barefooted. From the month of March and especially in April and May when the sun is unbearably hot, all those that have the misfortune of walking barefooted get their feet parched up and poor women and children actually pour curses upon the Barsi Light Railway. This misery they have been enduring ever since the opening of the Railway. For a proper realization of the condition of these unfortunate human beings, I would only request you to depute any of the Barsi Light authorities only asking them to walk bare-footed with the passengers at noon time and see how they themselves fare. There is not even the shadow of a tree on the way, under which passengers may wait a bit to cool their soles. So, leaving you to decide how best to mitigate this evil and hoping you will be kind enough to take up this matter into consideration at your earliest convenience and asking you for the favour of a reply, I remain, etc., etc.

The reply received by me from the Agent runs as under:—

Kurduwadi, Deccan, No. 619, of 18th June 1915.

Sir,—In reference to your letter dated the 15th instant, I have to express my sympathy with the people you write on behalf of, and hope that before very long it will be possible to remove the hardships complained of."—(Sd.) W. C. Hickie, Agent, Barsi Light Railway.

I have already written to the Agent thanking him for his kind and prompt reply. But what I may question all Railway authorities in India about is, how traffic inspectors and district traffic superintendents fail to notice these hardships and the like. Probably "Traffic" in their eye means goods traffic and not third class passenger traffic. I have often times asked station masters why they do not report such matters to the higher authorities. They tell me that the authorities say that, "It is no business of station masters to complain of such matters. It is the business of the sufferers themselves." Very nice indeed!!—Yours, etc.,

V. G. JAWADEKAR,
Pleader.

Amalner, Khandesh, 5th July.

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

KAISER ON WAR'S DURATION.

NATIONAL REGISTER BILL DEBATE.

ENEMY'S TERRIBLE LOSSES AT ARRAS.

SUCCESSFUL ITALIAN OFFENSIVE.

Speaking at a military ceremony, the Kaiser is reported to have sworn the war would be concluded by October. The speech created extraordinary excitement in Berlin, as the prospect of another Winter campaign is regarded with veritable anguish.

A Paris message states the Germans are suffering terribly in the battle of Arras, their attacks being repulsed with heavy losses. The enemy assumed the offensive in the region of Ponta-a-Mousson, where they got a footing in their old lines after an extremely violent bombardment. Despite the terrific nature of the attack, they were unable to get beyond their lines.

Details are furnished of the naval fight off Gothland in the Baltic, which ended in the German mine-laying cruiser Albatross being driver ashore and the Augsburg and Roon damaged.

The British cargo steamer Californian put up a plucky resistance against a submarine and managed to escape to Queenstown after being severely shelled. Twelve, including the captain, were killed, and eight wounded.

The Italian offensive on the Carsico plateau is developing successfully. The bombardment of Malborghetto continues with great effect.

The National Register Bill was read a second time in the House of Commons by 253 votes to 30. The speeches of some Liberals who feared that the Bill foreshadowed conscription, evoked a storm and they sat down in an uproar.

Mr. Asquith questioned regarding the National Register replied that forced labour or conscription was not contemplated.

In a speech at the National Liberal Club on the duty of the nation in the crisis, Lord Haldane deprecated the pessimistic attitude of a section of the press. The simple fact was that the Allies had 280 millions to organise against 120 millions.

VOLUNTEER FORCE IN INDIA.

QUESTION IN COMMONS.

LONDON, July 5.

Replying to a question by Mr. Joynson-Hicks, Chamberlain, said the Government of India had received an application from the Bengal Chamber of Commerce for the appointment of a commission of enquiry into the present state of the volunteer force in India. The matter was still under consideration.

THE DURATION OF THE WAR.

THE KAISER'S CONFIDENT PRONOUNCEMENT.

THE KAISER'S OATH.

DURATION OF THE WAR.

NOT LATER THAN OCTOBER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

PARIS, July 5.

A distinguished neutral who has come from Berlin says, that the great event last week was a speech by the Kaiser at a military ceremony.

The Kaiser amid the cheers of officers and men swore, that there would be no Winter campaign and that the war would be over in October.

The speech created extraordinary excitement in the capital, as another Winter campaign is regarded with veritable anguish.

The neutral adds, that Germany, of course always methodical, is preparing for a Winter campaign, but the terror among all classes of such a contingency would greatly favour the Entente and Germany will be forced to make a supreme and maximum effort before October.

Strong though Germany be, she cannot resist Russia's return to the scene at the end of Summer and Great Britain's effort, which will then have added intensity.

The German offensive therefore will soon be furious and general on the Western front and a successful resistance by the Allies would have incalculable consequences, since perhaps Germany's last effort would thus be broken.

ABORTIVE AIR RAID ON HARWICH.

UNFOUNDED GERMAN REPORT.

LONDON, July 6.

With reference to German communiqués to the effect that aircraft had dropped bombs on the fort at Harwich, the Admiralty states that the facts of the incident, which is otherwise hardly worth notice, are that two German aeroplanes appeared over Harwich in the forenoon or 3rd July.

Our aircraft drove them off. The Germans dropped bombs in the sea and escaped.

SHELLED BY A SUBMARINE.

PLUCKY ESCAPE OF CARGO STEAMER.

LONDON, July 5.

The five thousand ton British cargo steamer Anglo-Californian has arrived at Queenstown after having been shelled by a submarine. Twelve, including the captain, were killed and eight wounded.

DARING AND SKILFUL ESCAPE.

LONDON, July 5.

The Anglo-Californian was homeward bound. The captain made a most daring and skilful escape. He was unfortunately killed on the bridge by large shells from the submarine, but wireless calls had gone out and brought aid, whereupon the submarine disappeared.

The Anglo-Californian was built in 1911 by Short Brothers, Ltd., Sunderland, for the Nitrate Producers' S. S. Co., Ltd. By Lloyd's Register she was 4,700 tons net and 7,400 gross measurement.

LINER TORPEDOED IN THE DARDANELLES.

SIXTY-SIX RESCUED AND SIX MISSING

PARIS, July 5.

The communiqué states that the liner Carthage has been torpedoed and sunk off Cape Helles in the Dardanelles. Sixty-six were rescued and six are missing.

The Carthage was a French Liner owned in Marseilles by the Cie Générale. She was built in 1910 and was 5,601 tons gross register.

SUBMARINES BOMBARDED IN ENGLISH CHANNEL.

PARIS, July 5.

French destroyers bombarded two submarines in the English Channel yesterday. One submarine was struck by several shells before it disappeared.

UNION FORCE'S EFFORT.

52 MILES IN 16 HOURS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, July 6.

A "Pioneer" cable says:—

One of General Botha's columns in their march towards Otavi covered 52 miles in 16 hours.

General Smuts has told a deputation that the Union had offered to organise and equip an oversea contingent of volunteers, also a force of heavy artillery.

NAVAL FIGHT OFF GOTHLAND.

DETAILS OF THE ACTION.

SEVERAL ENEMY SHIPS DAMAGED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

PETROGRAD, July 5.

The fight which ended in the stranding of the mine-laying cruiser of the Albatross class began at eight in the morning on July 1st, in a fog so dense that at times the opposing ships were swallowed up in darkness.

The Russian cruisers Rurik, Admiral Makaroff, Bogatyr, Bayan and Oleg were returning from the southern Baltic when they met and attacked a lightcruiser of the Augsburg class, the Albatross and three destroyers.

The Augsburg early in the action fled under cover of the fog. The destroyers belched forth smoke interposing a curtain between the Russians and the Albatross, while they fruitlessly tried to torpedo the Russians.

ALBATROSS RUNS ASHORE.

Eventually the Albatross, whose foremast was gone and who was listing and vomiting clouds of steam, ran as speedily as possible ashore on the coast of Gothland. The Russians ceased fire when the Albatross entered Swedish waters and continued their course.

Smoke from many funnels was sighted at ten o'clock, and the Roon, Augsburg, and four destroyers came up. Attacked by the Russians, they fled southwards after half an hour. Submarines accompanying them unsuccessfully attacked the Russians.

The Rurik, which was in the rear, was ordered to attack and engaged two cruisers of the Roon and Bremen classes. The latter had apparently just arrived. The Augsburg was damaged in the previous action and kept at a respectful distance.

ROON'S GUNS SILENCED.

The Roon's eight-inch guns were successively silenced by the Rurik's salvoes and she was also on fire. The Germans fled and disappeared in the fog, pursued by the Rurik, which again was unsuccessfully attacked by a submarine.

The casualties on all the Russian ships were fourteen men wounded.

Approaching the Russian coast the squadron was joined by battleships and flotillas of destroyers, the latter repelling the submarines which were very active especially against the Rurik

The gross tonnage of the Roon is 9,348 and her speed is 21.4 knots. The armament consists of 8-2in, ten 5-9in., 17 smaller guns.

The Bremen is a light cruiser of 3,200 tons with a speed of 23 knots. She carries ten 4.1 and three smaller guns.

The Augsburg is also a light cruiser. The tonnage is 4,280 and speed 27 knots. The armament consists of twelve 4-1in and three smaller guns.

The Oleg displaces 6,675 tons, the speed being 23 knots. The armament consists of twelve 6-in. and fourteen smaller guns. The Bogatyr is a sister vessel.

The gross tonnage of the Rurik is 15,190, the speed being 21 knots. She carries four 10-in. eight 8-in., twenty 4-7 in. and fourteen smaller guns.

The Admiral Makarav's tonnage is 7,760 and her speed 22 knots. She carries two 8in eight 6-in. and 32 smaller guns. The Bayan is of the same tonnage and same speed.

RUSSIAN SHELL IN SWEDISH WATERS.

EXPRESSION OF REGRET

PETROGRAD, July 6.

Russia has expressed her regret that a shell during the battle in the Baltic fell in Swedish waters, and has explained that it must have been due to the fog, also to the thick smoke produced by the German destroyers with special appliances, preventing the accuracy of fire.

Russia has promised strictly to observe Swedish neutrality, and says that the Russian warships were never less than six leagues from the coast.

BRILLIANT RUSSIAN AIR RAIDS.

TRAIN SET ON FIRE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

PETROGRAD, July 5.

Russian asroplanes are making brilliant raids.

They had a great coup at Przevorsk, where they dropped bombs on the station in which were five long trains.

They set fire to one and, as has since been learned, blew up thirty thousand rounds of artillery ammunition.

GERMAN ADVANCE IN SOUTH POLAND.

STUBBORN FIGHTING.

PETROGRAD, July 6.

A communiqué says: In the direction of Lublin the enemy, after stubborn fighting, on the 4th instant advanced on the front between Krasnik and the river Vieprz. All the German attacks on the 3rd and the morning of the 4th, between the rivers Vieprz and the Bug, as far as Sokal, were repulsed, we taking hundreds of prisoners.

THE BATTLE OF ARRAS

ENEMY FARING BADLY.

VIGOROUS GERMAN OFFENSIVE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, July 5.

The Germans are suffering terribly in the battle of Arras. Last night they launched two attacks after violent artillery preparations.

The first infantry attack was stifled at the birth; the other, against our positions before Souchez, was defeated completely.

The Germans left their trenches several times armed with grenades and petards, but were forced to fall back, leaving many corpses.

An enemy attack on the Labyrinth was immediately stopped by our fire.

The Germans assumed the offensive yesterday afternoon and evening in the region of Pont-a-Mousson from Feyenhaye to the Moselle on a front of five kilometres.

The enemy got a footing, after an extremely violent bombardment, in their old lines previously captured by us along a kilometre in the west part of Bois le Pretre. Yet despite the terrific nature of the attack, they were unable to get beyond these lines.

A German attack on the Height Rieupt was defeated with very heavy losses.

RELATIVELY QUIET ON WHOLE FRONT

PARIS, July 6.

The communiqué says the day was relatively quiet on the whole front. There was no infantry action. The only thing noteworthy was particular activity of the enemy's artillery between the Meuse and Moselle. Le-pretre Wood was especially bombarded with heavy guns.

GERMAN EFFORT IN ARGONNE

10,000 LOST IN INFANTRY ASSAULTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, July 6.

The "Pioneer's" special correspondent cables:—

The Central News correspondent in northern France describing the German effort in the Argonne says the Crown Prince concentrated 55,000 men on a front of 2½ miles after a prodigious expenditure of high explosive asphyxiating shells. He lost 10,000 men in infantry assaults and caused half that loss to the French. He obtained a footing in some of the trenches beyond the first line.

GERMANS DEVELOPING MACHINE GUN SERVICE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 6.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" special cable says:—

The Germans are developing their machine gun service in order to balance their enormous losses. All indications are that they will depend upon machinery rather than men in the second year of the war. The reply of the Allies will be both men and machinery. All Home arrangements for production are satisfactory. German breaches of war usage have hardened the nation to its task and the country is showing new strength every day.

The War Loan indicates that the Cabinet can count upon vast sums in the future.

ONLY BURNT OUT WASTED AREA FOR ENEMY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 6.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" special cable says:—

The "Morning Post's" Petrograd correspondent states that the inhabitants have evacuated the area abandoned by the Russians. All crops have ben cut and portable property removed, immobile property being destroyed. Only a burnt out wasted area is left.

THE NATION AND THE CRISIS.

LORD HALDANE'S ADDRESS.

PREMIER'S TRIBUTE TO EX-WAR MINISTER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

LONDON, July 6.

Lord Haldane, last night, delivered an address at the National Liberal Club on the duty of the nation in this crisis.

Before he spoke, a letter from Mr. Asquith was read paying at tribute to Mr. Haldane's signal service to the Empire. He more than any other had been responsible for the Army's readiness. The letter added that Lord Haldane from the first had strongly advocated the appointment of Lord Kitchener to the War Office.

In his speech, Lord Haldane deprecated the pessimistic attitude of a section of the press. The simple fact was that the Allies had two hundred and eighty millions of population to organise against one hundred and twenty millions. If the nation had a concentrated purpose to organize itself for the war, we should win. This was no time to look for scapegoats. If General von Donop (Master-General of the Ordnance) went he would be irreplaceable. His technical knowledge and sanity of views were unrivalled. When he (Lord Haldane) was a member of the Government there was a committee at the War Office in October presided over by Lord Kitchener and attended by Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Churchill, Mr. McKenna and others, which considered urgently the question of enlarging the supply of munitions. They consulted everybody and placed orders with munition manufacturers which, if executed, would have placed the country in a tremendous position regarding munitions, but difficulties arose out of the relations between capital and labour which confounded the calculations of manufacturers who were unable to comply with the demand. The nation had not then awakened.

FIGHT FOR THE PLATEAU.

ITALIAN OFFENSIVE DEVELOPING.

ROME, July 6.

A communiqué says:

The bombardment of the fortresses of Malborghetto and Predil continues with great effect.

Four hundred prisoners were taken on the 4th instant on the Carsico plateau, where the Italian offensive is developing successfully.

A dirigible bombarded an important railway junction behind the Austrian front and returned safely through cannonades.

ITALIANS OCCUPY TOLMINO.

UNOFFICIAL REPORTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 6.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" special cable says:—

It is reported unofficially since Saturday that the Italians have taken Tolmino. Correspondents at Turin and Berne to-day report that the Austrians abandoned Tolmino and are now bombarding it.

GERMANY AND ITALY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, July 6.

A "Pioneer" cable says:—

The torpedoing of Italian ship Sardoven has raised the question as to whether Italy and Germany are at war. It is believed that Germany a anxious that the declaration should come from Italy. The Turkish Ambassador is still at Rome.

MR. MORGAN OUT OF DANGER.

NEW YORK, July 5.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM).

Mr. J. P. Morgan is out of danger.

WAR GAZETTEER.

The following places are mentioned in to-day's telegrams:—

KRASNIK.—In Poland, 52 miles west-north-west of Zamosz.

LUBLIN.—In Poland, 96 miles south-west of Warsaw.

TOLMINO.—In Austria, 35 miles north of Trieste.

MALBORGHETTO.—In Austria, four miles north, of the Italian frontier.

ARRAS.—In France, 23 miles north-west of Cambrai.

SOUCHEZ.—In France, six miles north of Arras.

BOIS LE PRETRE.—In the Nossela region to the north-west of Pont-a-Monsson.

PRZEVOSK.—A town of Austrian Poland, 9 miles W.N.W. of Jaroslav.

OBJECTS OF NATIONAL REGISTER.

NO FORCED LABOUR AND NO CONSCRIPTION.

MR. ASQUITH'S STATEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

LONDON, July 5.

In the House of Commons Mr. Alden asked Mr. Asquith whether he was able to assure the House regarding the National Register that forced labour or conscription were not contemplated.

Mr. Asquith replied that no such change was contemplated.

Though he was not able to indicate in any definite form the machinery which would be employed to direct the energies of those who registered into the right channel, he thought that a committee of business organisers would be able to help him to use the information obtained.

Lord Kitchener thought that the Bill would assist him to avoid the difficulties which had hitherto confronted him and to avoid taking men who ought not be recruited. Mr. Asquith believed that eighty per cent. of the country were eager to do everything that was asked. The Bill would compel the minority to declare that they were doing nothing. The register would be made locally but for the information of the Government alone. The Government would resist to the utmost the suggestion to withdraw the Bill. The cost entailed would be infinitely less than in the case of the census, which cost two hundred thousand.

SECOND READING IN COMMONS.

30 VOTE AGAINST.

LONDON, July 6.

The National Register Bill was read a second time in the House of Commons by 253 votes to 30. The minority consisted of Labour members and Liberals who feared that the Bill foreshadowed conscription.

BILL NOT NEEDED.

REJECTION MOVED.

LONDON, July 5.

In the debate on the Register Bill in the House of Commons, Sir Thomas Whittaker moved the rejection of the Bill until it was shown that Government's present powers were insufficient. He did not object to compulsion or conscription if they were necessary, but the Bill was not needed and raised a great controversy.

Conservative speakers earnestly appealed to the House to support the Bill and the Government.

LIBERAL OPPOSITION.

UPROAR IN THE HOUSE.

LONDON, July 6.

In the debate on the Register Bill Sir Alfred Mond, Sir Willian Byles and other Liberals supported the measure, while Messrs. Lambert and Cricklade evoked a storm when they said that if the Bill passed they could have passive resistance in an aggravated form.

Their remarks were received with cries of "shame," and "divide," and they sat down amid an uproar.

Mr. McKenna, replying on the debate, emphasised that the Bill was merely a census and was due to the necessity for discriminating regarding recruiting, and not withdrawing workmen who were necessary to public needs.

CASUALTY LIST.

LONDON, July 4.

The following casualties are announced:—

WOUNDED.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. B. Jones, Engineers.

Major J. Arden, Worcesters.

Captain H. Cart de Lafontaine, Londons.

Captain W. J. Harrison, Medicals.

Lieutenant H. H. Bell, Northumberland Fusiliers.

Lieutenant A. Carter, Duke of Cornwall's Lights.

Lieutenant C. H. King, Irish Fusiliers.

Lieutenant H. Orpen, West Surreys.

Lieutenant D. Rawes, King's Royal Rifles.

Second-Lieutenant R. Baker, Wiltshires.

Second-Lieutenant P. Dangerfield, East Kents.

Second-Lieutenant I. C. Montford, King's Royal Rifles.

Second-Lieutenant R. Monypenny, Essex.

Second-Lieutenant A. Plaistop, Worcesters.

Second-Lieutenant W. Roseveare, Engineers.

BOMBAY WAR AND RELIEF FUND.

MEETING OF THE WOMEN'S BRANCH.

SECRETARIES' REPORTS OF DAILY INCREASING ACTIVITIES.

A meeting of the Committee at the Women's Branch, Bombay Presidency War and Relief Fund, was held on Friday last, the President, her Excellency Lady Willingdon, being in the chair.

The business of the meeting consisted chiefly of receiving Reports from the Honorary Secretaries and others in charge of the several Departments of the Work, all of which showed that the activities of the organization are unabated.

Dilshad Begum, the Mahomedan Secretary, reported: Since May our work is being done on a different line. Instead of giving out Materials to Ladies or taking orders from them I thought the best plan would be to ask those who are keen on helping to subscribe a certain sum every month. I am at present getting Rs. 160 a month and am in hopes of getting something more later on. This sum, however, enables us to do a fair amount of work.

Most of the easy work that I get I give out to poor Mahomedan Women which they are very thankful to get. Till now we have made over 30 thousand articles. In April "The Anjuman-a-Khamateen" (Mahomedan Children's Club) especially to help the Mahomedan Sewing Branch, realized a sum of nearly Rs. 200 which was used for making articles needed.

The Parsee Secretary, Mrs. J. B. Petit, said: Since February the Work of the Parsee Branch has been done on a somewhat different plan. It was suggested to several ladies who wished to help in the sewing but could not do so regularly, to subscribe small sums of money every month. It thus became possible to supply work to the poor Parsee Women's work classes which are always in need of work, and to pay them for it. The pieces of material's supplied by the Central Office were taken to the Parsee centre, where they were cut out by the help of voluntary lady cutters and distributed amongst the workers. The Garments were made during most of these Months, were Shirts, Pyjama Suits and Khaki Shorts. The Total number of Garments made by this centre up to the end of June was 20,200.

Mrs. Sirur was unavoidably absent and her interesting Report of what is being done by the Hindu Women was read, the chief points being the number of garments sewn in the Girgaon Branch from March 1st to June 28th *viz* 6,048, which with the number of Garments sewn up to Feb. 28th makes a total of 19,811.

The members of the Committee of the Guzerati Hindu Mandal have been looking after the work at my request since May.

In March material worth Rs. 289 was bought from the United Mills to sew Garments for the Families of Indian Soldiers who have gone to the Front; Shet Mulraj Khatau kindly gave the Material at cost price and Mrs. Mulraj paid Rs. 150 as a part of the tailoring charges.

The clothes despatched from the Branch for the Wives and Children of Indian Soldires are as follows:—

Clothes sent to Belgaum:—352 clothes including 20 sarees and garments for Children.

Clothes sent to Bangalore:—878 clothes including 40 sarees and garments to provide 431 children.

Clothes sent to Poona,—832 clothes including 105 sarees and 464 garments for children.

Miss Barnett in Poona, Dewan Bahadur J. S. Chakravarti and Lieut.-Col. Jones in Bangalore and Rao Saheb R. G. Nail in Belgaum kindly undertook to distribute the clothes; the receipts of the same have been acknowledged by them with thanks to the Committee.

MORE NEEDDLEWORKERS NEEDED.

In March I had a letter from Dr. Ranaday at Bournemouth requesting the Branch to send a Gramcphone and Indian Records for the patients at the Indian General Hospital ther e;a gramophone and some records were obtained as a gift through the efforts of my co-Secretary Mrs. Petit; Shet Ratnasey Dharamsey presented 14 records and Dilshad Begum 6 Records. The gramophone and the 30 records were despatched to Bournemouth on the 8th of April and letters of acknowledgements have been duly received from Dr. Ranaday and the doctor in charge of the hospital there.

The general control is in the hands of Mrs. Stanley Reed who gave a resume of the entire work which is being carried on.

The activities of the Branch increase daily and since the last meeting much work has been carried out. General Sir John Nixon very kindly took the trouble to write to let us know what things would be particularly appreciated by the Troops in Mesopotamia, as we have undertaken entirely to provide Comforts and supplementary clothing for them.

The quantities needed have been overprovided up to the present, but unless more Women undertake needlework we cannot continue to send as much, for the demand is greater than the supply. If each woman would undertake to make so many garments a week and get others to work, the supplies would always be forthcoming, and all women are urgently appealed to work.

Up to the date of this meeting 105,837 garments had been made up by Bombay branches and 21,216 by the up-country branches.

HOSPITAL AT ALEXANDRIA.

The Bombay Presidency Hospital at Alexandria has been sent a considerable supply of things during the last two months.

Colonel Smith wired for 100 more bed units (a bed unit comprises three changes of clothes and linen for each bed as shown in our Report). We were more than glad to be able to pack and forward these within four days of the receipt of the telegram. Also 600 grey flannel suits for Convalescents were made and sent within the last Month, all of which were furnished by the the Mahomedan ladies' circles. Colonel Smith in writing to thank us for these says: "I cannot say how grateful I am to the Women's Branch for our entire independence of local help in Alexandria. Sir Henry McMahon, the High Commissioner, in visiting the Hospital asked us how we were supplied and I was glad to be able to reply that it was a case of "write or cable and ye shall receive."

We were at the moment of the meeting supplying 400 Australians each with an outfit of cool clothing, as they had nothing but the thicket Serge Uniforms and found the heat intolerable. This has nearly exhausted our stock and although we expect the existing circles to bring in Garments at once, our one cry is for more and more workers. Mrs. Reed urged the Committee to impress this need on every Woman they knew and to ask them to bring their friends and acquaintances within the working circles.

The Lady Hardinge Hospital which entirely depends for its linen, clothing etc., upon us, will soon be needing replacements, and we must be in a position to supply whatever is required by it.

The cutting out of garments has proved rather a difficulty, as few people are proficient enough in the art to undertake it. One devoted worker, a Parsee Lady has never missed a morning or afternoon since August 24th, when we began our work; now the Committee would be gratified to hear, that Messrs. Asquith and Lord, Messrs Leach and Weborny, and Messrs. Hoar and Co. take material and cut out any number of garments for us, free of all charge. We are very grateful to them for the real help they are giving us in doing this.

During Mrs. Reed's absence of 6 weeks from Bombay in the hot weather, Mrs. Turner kindly undertook her work and carried it out most efficiently.

THE CHILDREN'S BRANCH.

Miss Cowasjee Jehangir, who is in charge of the Children's Brranch, gave the following particulars of what the children are doing.

The Children's Branch is as active as ever the total amount collected being Rs. 3,764 to date.

The children in many schools voluntarily gave up their prizes that the money usually expended in this way should be sent to the War Fund.

Children's concerts were held at the Princess Victoria Mary Gymkhana and the Panchgani Girls' High School, and the money realized was given to the Fund.

Clothing from the children still comes in and is sent by the Secretaries to the Central Office.

Mrs. Kirby, who has recently taken charge from Mrs. Turner Green of the "Comforts Department," gave details of the manner in which regular suplies of "Comforts" are despatched to the troops at the Front. She was followed by Mrs. Tod, who says that the wounded and sick soldiers in the various hospitals in Bombay are provided with comforts.

The next speaker was Mr. Duncan Fraser, the Honorary Depot Manager, whose statistics regarding the quantities of material purchased were very interesting. He showed how in every case materials were procured in the cheapest market, in many cases at or below cost prices, and in this way the money has been spent to the best advantage.

The Treasurer's Report showed that, while the Committee had sufficient funds in hand for immediate requirements, subscriptions were falling off, and if the War continues for many more months a considerable sum would still be required to carry on the work.

LADY WILLINGDON ON REGULAR PERSONAL SERVICE.

Her Excellency Lady Willingdon thanked all who had contributed to the success of the Branch for their continued labours, but emphasized the urgent necessity for more helpers in all the communities in Bombay.

It was wrong to suppose that there were already sufficient Women workers. What was specially wanted was systematic and regular personal service, not necessarily in the Central Office or Store, but at Home, and she hoped that every Woman in the Town and Presidency, who was in a position to do so, would set herself some task, such as making so many garments per week, or at least of providing a certain number of finished articles regularly.

In this way the Central Office would be saved having to work at high pressure when sudden calls for garments or hospital equipment were made.

It was further necessary, her Excellency added, that the Branch should be kept well supplied with money, especially as the War was likely to last for many months more. An excellent suggestion had been brought to the notice of the Committee by a gentleman who had been of great assistance to them in obtaining donation in cash and kind. He recommended that individuals clubs, gymkhanas, firms, etc., should now promise regular monthly subscriptions, and he had set a good example by promising a substantial sum monthly in future. The hope was expressed that this suggestion would meet with a generous response on the part of the public.

PROPOSED ANNIVERSARY MEETING.

At the suggestion of the President it was resolved to hold an Anniversary meeting of the Women of the Bombay Presidency in the Town Hall on Saturday 21st August, in order to stimulate renewed activity.

Her Excellency also expressed the hope that before the public meeting all those circles which have become dormant would have been revived, and also that many new circles would have been formed.

CALCUTTA OPIUM SALE.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July 6.

At the opium sale to-day the total proceeds were thirteen lakhs fortyeight thousand rupees.

The Government of Bengal will hold a conference at Laksam on Wednesday in connection with the prevailing distress in Tipperah and Noakhali districts. Several leading men and officials have been invited.

WOMEN RELEASING MEN FOR WAR-WORK.

Reproduced from "The Sketch."

WOMEN "POSTMEN" AT ENFIELD STARTING ON A ROUND FROM THE HEAD OFFICE.

INTERESTING GOVERNMENT APPEAL.

SESSIONS JUDGE'S VIEWS ON POLICE.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, July 6.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Rafique are engaged in hearing the Government's appeal against the acquittal by the Assistant Sessions Judge of Mainpuri of 18 men charged with rioting and offences against the police.

Mr. Ryves, Government Advocate, said these 18 men were sent up for trial for resisting the police in the execution of their duty, and on charges of rioting, causing hurt to the police, robbery (in taking away their uniforms) and for wrongful restraint.

The case was sent for trial to a judge who had never tried a criminal case before, and although he had written a very long judgment there was internal evidence of his inexperience of such cases. He had in fact just been appointed Sessions Judge when this case came before him. Mr. Ryves read portions of the judgment, and drew attention to the following portion which said:—"Generally speaking all offences are committed by rogues either in the darkness of the night or in some secluded places in daytime where there is no one to see them, while a man in authority commits any act of violence under the colour of his office in daytime. Such being our experience, if presumption was at all justified on hearing the report of the fight in which both sides were hurt, it would be against police officers, and not against assailants."

Mr. Ryves submitted that part of the judgment quoted showed the spirit of the whole, and the learned judge's general idea was rogues committed crimes in darkness while police under the colour of their office committed crimes in broad daylight.

The hearing is proceeding.

ITALY'S WAR LOAN.

APPEAL TO HER PEOPLE IN INDIA.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July 6.

Mr. G. Gmeiner, Acting Consul General for Italy, Calcutta, writes in continuation of the communiqué of 28th June:—

"I have received a further telegram from the Italian Government, by which I am instructed, that all Italian residents in India will have the privilege of subscribing to the Italian loan at the rate of 93 instead of 95 per 100 Lira. They will also receive the further concession that interest will be calculated from 1st July 1915 to the date of payment of the subscribed money. The subscription list will be closed on 31st August by which date payment must also be made.

In view of the high rate of exchange now prevailing between London and Italy the cost per 100 Lira bond in India will be about Rs. 51, bearing interest at the rate of 4½ per cent.

Throughout Italy the loan has been subscribed for with great patriotism by many small investors as well as by capitalists and financial and mercantile institutions and it is therefore hoped that Italians in India will do their utmost to subscribe to the limits of their powers to aid their country in her hour of need.

The Italians of Calcutta true "Citizens of no mean city" must be thanked for the patriotism with which they have responded with subscriptions but much more remains to be done and I raise the fervent appeals of Italy to all Italians in India to come forward and help her in her supreme undertaking."

A NEW WEAPON.

FLUID TO BURN THROUGH WIRE.

The Warsaw correspondent of the "Bourse Gazette", telegraphs that the Germans are using on the Bzura a new instrument of war. It consists of a metal cylinder filled with a mixture of benzine and kerosine at a pressure of 75lb. per square inch. A turn of a screw opens the vent and liberates a jet of burning fluid 12ft. to 15ft. in length.

The storming parties are provided with these apparatuses, with which they fuse a path through the wire entanglements. The heat of the flame is so intense that it cuts through these obstructions like a pair of shears.

Mr. Farquhar, Superintendent of Police in Punjab, whose services were recently lent to Kashmere for reorganisation of the police in that State will get Rs. 1,600 per mensem while on duty in Kashmere.

TRIAL OF SUBORDINATE JUDGE.

ALLEGED RECEIVING OF BRIBE.

(Associated Press.)

POONA, July 6.

The trial of Govind Balvant Laghate, First Class Subordinate Judge of Ahmednagar, on charges of bribery began at Ahmednagar yesterday in the court of Mr. Garrett, Additional Judge.

Khan Bahadur S. C. Davar, Public Prosecutor, Poona, appeared for the prosecution, the accused being represented by Mr. Karandikar, pleader of Satara and several other pleaders.

The first charge against the accused is in respect of receiving the bribe of a horse from one Narayandas Kanailal against whom a suit for Rs. 15,000 brought by his sister was pending in the accused's court.

Inspector Rao Sahib Gardharsing, of the C. I. D., who had charge of the investigation, deposed to the fact that Kanailal purchased the horse which he gave to Mr. Laghate. An entry of the purchase of the horse had appeared in Kanailal's books, but had subsequently been erased, the figures and totals in the accounts being altered. Other witnesses deposed to the purchase of the horse by Kanailal, and to its delivery to Mr. Laghate.

The case which has aroused considerable local interest is proceeding.

BHANDARKAR ORIENTAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE.

(Associated Press.)

POONA, July 6.

To-day being the birthday anniversary of Dr. Sir Ramkrishna Bhandarkar advantage was taken of the occasion to mark the sense of respect in which the distinguished scholar is held by orientalists in general. The best way to do that was found to be the starting of an institution which would carry on his life work, viz., oriental research. A meeting of prominent Sanskrit Scholars in the city was held this afternoon in the Anandashram buildings and an association called the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute was brought into existenco. A strong and influential committee for collecting the necessary funds for carrying on the research work which is estimated to cost a lakh of rupees, was appointed with Drs. Gune and Belvalkar and Vidyabhushan Mahabhagawat of Kurtkoti as Secretaries. After the meeting was over a deputation waited on Sir Ramkrishna Bhandarkar at his residence with a view to communicate to him the decision arrived at in the meeting. Dr. Bhandarkar appeared to be greatly pleased to hear that such an institute was going to be established.

BARISAL TRIBUNAL.

(Associated Press.)

BARISAL, July 6.

Judgment was delivered by the Special Tribunal yesterday in Rati Kirtania case, two men being sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment and one acquitted. The hearing of the Khajurtola case then commenced.

ANNOYANCE TO HORNBY ROAD RESIDENTS.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I shall thank you if you will spare a corner of your valued paper for this midnight nuisance.

The illumination by gas, at Hornby Row, no doubt, is a boon to motorists and to the public, but the inhabitants are greatly disturbed by a gas-man, who every day at about one o'clock in the morning comes to lower lights, without any necessary means of climbing the gas-post, which is about twenty feet high. He strikes blow after blow, with an iron bar, or with a fairly large stone, to the metallc gas-post, to lower lights down by jerks or vibration. The sound is just like continuous hammering at workshops, which severely disturbs midnight sleep. The man has often been rebuked by inhabitants of the surrounding flats, but to no effect.

I request through the medium of your good paper to the authorities, that either a tap be provided on every post, within an easy reach, so that he may regulate the pressure at will, or some means through which he can reach and regulate the present tap, which is fixed above each lamp, than the present practice.—Yours, etc.,

ONE OF THE DISTURBED.

LADY WILLINGDON.

VISIT TO THE SEVA SADAN.

Her Excellency Lady Willingdon accompanied by Captains Goldie and Greenway, A.-D.-C.'s, paid a visit yesterday to the Seva Sadan, at Gamdevi, where she was received by the Hon. Mr. Lallubhai Samaldas, the General Secretary, Miss Engineer, the Secretary, the Vice-President and others. Her Excellency had specially gone there to see the Home Nursing and Care of Infants Class, in which she is very much interested, as these are in connection with Lady Willingdon's Scheme of Home Nursing.

The activities of the Seva Sadan are many and most beneficient. They conduct as many as twelve different classes, and in the majority of these the students are more than the required number and the Managing Committee are most unwillingly compelled to refuse admissions to more students, which only proves the popularity of the institution.

Lady Willingdon inspected all the classes, except a few which for want of room could not be shown to her Excellency. The Seva Sadan while looking after the intellectual side of the students has not forgotten that to Indian girls of middle and poorer classes a knowledge of cookery is most essential, and Lady Willingdon was keenly interested in this work. Singing and sewing are also not neglected.

Her Excellency was very much pleased to learn that as many as 1,500 garments were sewn by the students for the wounded and the men at the Front.

In the work class the students are taught to sew garments and when they become adepts in this, they are given work of a remunerative character, which a large number of customers bring there, as the work turned out in these classes is both cheap and of good quality. This means an addition to the income of poor families.

In addition to all this, mention must be made here of a most philanthropic work which the Seva Sadan has undertaken. This is the Home for the Homeless. Here the waifs and the strays are cared for, educated, and taught a profession. Lady Willingdon was very pleased to see the work they were doing and bought a table made by the workers.

After her Excellency was conducted round and explained the various phases of the activities of the Seva Sadan, some songs were sung both in Gujarati and English. Lady Willingdon spoke to all in a most kind and appreciative manner of the work they were all doing there and expressed her thanks and great satisfaction before her departure.

VISIT TO THE HEAD POLICE OFFICE.

Her Excellency Lady Willingdon paid a visit to the Head Police Office, opposite the Crawford Market, yesterday, where she was received by Mr. S. M. Edwardes, Commissioner of Police, and Messrs. O. A. Harker and G. S. Wilson, Deputy Commissioners. Her Excellency first visited the Commissioner's office and then the Arms, Ammunition and Explosives Department which is under Mr. E. Giles, Chief Inspector. The offices of the Deputy Commissioners, and the Criminal Investigation Department were the next to be visited, Mr. F. C. Griffith, Deputy Commissioner, receiving her at the latter department and explaining to her Excellency the system of taking finger-prints, etc. Her Excellency was then introduced by Mr. S. M. Edwardes, C.S.I., the Commissioner if Police, to the following officers of the C.I.D.:—

Superintendent Sullivan, Inspectors Morris, Favel, Khan Sahib Kavasji Jeffries, Khan Sahib Mahomed Hassam Taji, Khan Sahib Faiz Mahomed Taji, Khan Sahib Obondulla Khan, and others. Her Excellency was presented with a beautiful bouquet bearing police colours, before leaving.

In the afternoon their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon visited the House of Correction and Workhouse in Byculla.

AN APPEAL.

MEMORIAL TO THE LATE PROF. BHADKAMKAR.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—A public meeting of the professors and students of Wilson College, both past and present, was held on the 28th June in the College Hall, when it was resolved to raise a fund for a suitable memorial to perpetuate the memory of the late Prof. Bhadkamkar, who rendered eminent services to the Wilson College and to the cause of Sanskrit learning. A committee was appointed to carry out the object of the meeting. As it would be impossible to approach all the past students of the college, individually, this appeal is made. It is earnestly hoped that all past students will help the movement by contributing handsomely to the fund, proposed to be raised and will enable the committee to raise a memorial worthy of the eminent services of the late Prof. Bhadkamkar. Subscriptions will be most thankfully received by one of the Secretaries or by the Treasurer, Mr. V. S. Sohoni, Wilson College, and will be acknowledged in the "Wilsonian."—Yours, etc.,

P. V. KANE,
T. J. RAJA,
Joint Hon. Secretaries.

RACE HORSES ATTACHED.

(Associated Press.)

BANGALORE, July 6.

On motion of Mr. B. Lawrence, Bar-at-law, on behalf of Messrs. Baldock and Co. of Bombay, the District Judge has directed the attachment of five race horses, namely Master Advance, Maud May, Enderby, Chou-oou and Chin Chin, the property of Mr. Jerry Blackburn and his brother.

Private messages will be accepted at Bombay for transmission by wireless to ships at sea through wireless stations at Basra, Bushire and Jask, provided that military exigencies permit.

THANA "COMMON SAFE" CASE

ARGUMENTS FOR THE DEFENCE.

JUDGMENT RESERVED.

(From a Correspondent.)

The proceedings in the case at Thana, now generally styled the "Common Safe," are being watched with the keenest interest.

The accused in the case is one Domnick Fonseca, head clerk in the office of the Executive Engineer, Salsette Building Sites, Bandra, while the complainant is his superior Mr. Stanley Randolph Perfect, the Executive Engineer. The case is being tried at Thana before Mr. J. B. Wacha, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Bhiwandi Prant.

The first day's proceedings have already been reported. Subsequently charges against the accused were framed under section 409, I. P. C., of misappropriating the sum of Rs. 490 being the price of a tent and Rs. 1-4-0 and Rs. 8-9-6 being the subsistence and travelling money due to peons.

After the prosecution witnesses had been examined and cross-examined his Worship asked Mr. Vaidya, the Government Pleader, what he had to say in the matter. Mr. Vaidya confined his remarks to the bare statement that a *prima-facie* case had been made out.

Mr. Joseph Baptista, Bar.-at-Law, argued that there was absolutely no case against the accused to justify his being dragged into Court, much less for the matter being allowed to proceed any further. So far as the accused was concerned, counsel argued, no case whatever had been made out against him. Mr. Perfect, said counsel, was the only pivot on which the prosecution case revolved, and the evidence of Mr. Perfect himself had completely broken down this pivot. From the admission made by Mr. Perfect it was clear he was in impecunious circumstances. If this were not so why should he have borrowed monies from certain sources, as he had done? asked counsel. Mr. Baptista maintained that Mr. Perfect had taken advantage of the confidence reposed in him by Government. He had been entrusted with the standing amount of Rs. 1,000 to meet the contingent expenses of his department. He admitted having been in the habit of taking monies from time to time from this imprest amount to meet his private needs. Against such a woeful situation what was the financial position of the accused asked counsel. At the time of the accused's arrest some hundreds of rupees were found in his house and the legal assistance he had procured for his defence would cost him no small amount. All this, counsel argued, went to point to the probability of Mr. Perfect rather than accused having used the missing amount.

Coming to Mr. Perfect's veracity, Mr. Baptista said he had been given the lie direct on many points by his own trusted subordinates. For instance, Mr. Perfect had said on oath that certain irregularities of the accused had been brought to his notice between the 10th and 14th April by Mr. Mahratte, his confidential clerk; while it was a significant fact that this very clerk wholly denied he had ever found any irregularities of the accused at any time or ever brought any such irregularities to Mr. Perfect's notice.

At the last hearing of the case (5th July) Mr. Perfect was further cross-examined by Mr. Baptista and the defence closed.

As Mr. Vaidya was addressing the Court for the prosecution the Magistrate observed, that so far as the monies in the safe were concerned there appeared to be a confusion. His Worship also questioned how the accused could be convicted on the uncorroborated testimony of Mr. Perfect, especially after his admission that he had been in the habit of using Government money for his own private needs.

Mr. Vaidya replied that the Court could safely rely even on the uncorroborated testimony of an accomplice.

Mr. Baptista pointed out that there was a recent weighty ruling of the Bombay High Court to the effect that an accomplice's testimony could not be accepted unless corroborated on material points.

Judgment is reserved for Thursday next.

DACCA UNIVERSITY SCHEME.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, July 5.

The Dacca University scheme in its final form is now before the Government of India and a despatch on the subject will shortly be sent Home for the approval of the Secretary of State. The scheme will be given effect to by an Imperial Act which will be undertaken as soon as sanction is received.

INDIANS IN CAMBRIDGE HONOURS LIST.

The following Indian names appear in the first Tripos published at Cambridge on June 11:—

Economic Tripos, Part 2, Class 2, Division 2 S. A. Akbar, Peter house.

Economic Tripos.—Part 1, Class 2, Division I, B. K. Gokhale, non-collegiate; G. H. Kelkar, non-collegiate; H. N. Khundkar, Peterhouse; Class 3, R. M. Deshkukh St. Catharine's; M. A. Hussian, Trinity.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Monday, 5th July, 1915, should be regarded as a full weather working day for vessels in the Prince's Victoria and Alexandra Docks.

In a letter of farewell to the Indian Mining Association Mr. V. Bayley, Superintendent of Munitions, writes of the ardent spirit of helpfulness which pervades the whole city.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

A RENT COLLECTOR'S LAPSE.

Before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate at Mazagaon, yesterday, Inspector Power charged one Mahomed Hussein Mahomed Karim with criminal breach of trust of property worth Rs. 29, belonging to his master.

The accused was a rent collector in the employ of Lakshmishanker Kuberji's master. About six days ago the accused took some rent bills for collecting rents as he said the tenants wanted to pay the rent. After some three days, when the accused was asked for the money he said the tenants had not yet paid the amounts. On enquiries it was found that the rent had been paid and that he had misappropriated the amount for his own use. The accused pleaded guilty.

The Court sentenced the accused to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 40, or in default, one month's rigorous imprisonment. Out of the fine Rs. 29 were ordered to be paid to the complainant as compensation.

HIS THIRD CONVICTION.

At Mazagaon, before the Second Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, Sub-Inspector Krishnaji Govind charged one Raghunath Govind with house-breaking and theft of property of the value of about Rs. 14, belonging to Nagindas Harkisandas. The accused was an old offender, as he had two previous convictions.

The evidence shows that the complainant who is a rent collector of a chawl got the accused to repair the electric apparatus in the building. When he was out on the 28th June after locking his room, the accused broke open the room and stole property of the value mentioned above.

The accused pleaded guilty and the Magistrate sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment, as he had two previous convictions.

SHIP'S OFFICER'S NEGLECT OF DUTY.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, John Kilpatrick, lately fourth officer on board the Hospital ship Loyalty, was charged with cheating and neglect of duty.

On the 1st June last the accused signed on as fourth officer of the ship and received Rs. 150 as month's wages in advance. On the morning on which the ship was to sail, he asked permission to go ashore. He was granted leave and was ordered to return within half an hour. He, however, failed to return, and the Loyalty sailed with one officer short. The captain left a complaint with the shipping master, and the accused, on his going to the Director of Royal Indian Marine for a job, was arrested.

The accused admitted having failed to return to the ship but said he could not do so as he was drunk at the time.

The Magistrate held the accused had no dishonest intention when he left the ship and discharged him. He convicted him of neglecting duty and sentenced him to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

THROWN INTO "HOLI FIRE,"

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Chimanlal charged Bala Pandurung with causing grievous hurt to Ganpat Krishna.

On the last "holi" day the complainant had been to Durgadevi to offer prayers at the "holi," when the accused came up and slapped him on the face for no apparent reason whatever. The complainant remonstrated, whereupon the accused lifted him bodily and threw him into the fire. He received serious injuries and was removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital, where he was detained for two months.

The accused pleaded guilty, saying he was drunk at the time and did not know the consequences of his act. He was convicted and sentenced to a day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 75, or in default to three months' rigorous imprisonment. Out of the fine, if recovered, Rs. 50 were ordered to be paid to the complainant as compensation.

A DAY'S IMPRISONMENT BEFORE PROCEEDING TO THE FRONT.

A EUROPEAN TELEPHONE CLERK IN TROUBLE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 6.

At the Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court before Mr. C. B. N. Pelly, a European named David Veigar was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 35. Evidence showed that the accused, who was formerly employed as a telephone clerk in Addison and Co's establishment in Mount Road, was in April last year entrusted with Rs. 35 for purchasing some telephone switches etc., for the firm. The accused disappeared with the money and remained at large till last week when he was traced to Bangalore, where he had enlisted in a draft of the East Lancashire Regiment, which is now under orders for the Front.

The accused, who pleaded guilty, replied in answer to the Court that he was very anxious to proceed to the Front. It was pointed out to the Court that the draft in which the accused had enlisted was under orders to leave Bangalore for the Front on Thursday, the 8th instant and if the accused was sent to jail, he would on release be treated as a deserter.

Considering all the circumstances and the fact that the accused expressed himself anxious to go to the Front, his Worship sentenced him to a day's imprisonment till the rising of the court and, in addition, a fine of one rupee which was, the accused said all he possessed. The accused will be taken to Bangalore by train and handed back to the military authorities there.

PROGRESS IN VICTORIA MEMORIAL BUILDING.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 6.

Yesterday H. E. Lord Carmichael, visited the Victoria Memorial building which is under construction. His Excellency was accompanied by the Hon. Mr. C. P. Payne, the Hon. Mr. F. H. Stewart, Mr. G. L. Godfrey, Mr. N. H. Y. Warren and Raja Kisto Das Law (Members of the Victoria Memorial Committee), Mr. H. M. Haywood (Secretary), and Sir Rajendranath Mookerjee and Mr. Aswald Martin (representing the contractors). The party was conducted round by Mr. Henry Marshall, Personal Assistant.

Considerable progress has been made since the Governor paid his last visit.

The North-Western Railway brought 28,271 tons of wheat, and 5,561 tons of other grains and seeds into Karachi from up-country during the past week.

THE TRUE EMPIRE OF "SWARAJ."

LORD CARMICHAEL'S ADDRESS TO CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY STUDENTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 5.

The Governor of Bengal on Monday performed two interesting ceremonies. One was to unveil the bust in the Senate House of the late Nawab Abdul Latif, who was a member of the Senate for thirty years and who was described as Sir Syed Ahmed's co-adjutor and colleague. The Vice-Chancellor, in requesting Lord Carmichael to unveil the bust, paid a fitting tribute to the great work done by the deceased. His Excellency in the course of a long speech said, by keeping the bust in the University building the University was not only honouring the distinguished gentlemen, but it was also honouring itself.

His Excellency next proceeded to lay the foundation of the new building of the University Institute started twenty years ago, for giving moral training to the young men. The Honorary Secretary gave a long sketch of the work done by the Institute and appealed for more funds. The Hon. Mr. P. C. Lyon, President of the Institute, in requesting his Excellency to perform the ceremony referred to their great indebtedness to the Viceroy for his help and sympathy.

His Excellency addressing the students said:—"What is the highest desire in your minds to-day? It is not to be worthy of your Motherland? I do not know in detail what the future of India will be, none of us know that, but I believe that her future will be great and, for my own part I believe, that it will be all the greater through her association with Great Britain and the countries which make up the British Empire. If that is to be so, we must all of us learn to know and to appreciate each other.

"A PERFECT UNDERSTANDING."

We must study the history and the wonderful literature of India and we must study the history of England and the history of the British Empire. In this way we shall, I hope, attain to a true sympathy with each other based on a common feeling and the result of accurate knowledge. Our two races, British and Indian, have been brought together, we trust, in the providence of God for some wise purpose, but it is only by the perfect understanding of each other that we can make ourselves fit instrument to carry out that purpose. I hope this institution will be a powerful force in helping us to attain a sympathy free from any idea of tolerance, free from any feeling of condescension, a sympathy which denotes unity of feeling founded on a perfect knowledge of each other and which will lead to a wider conception of the motherland, wider than the land of the seven rivers, wider than the India we know to day—a Motherland as wide as the British Empire itself. If we can only attain to that, most of the causes of friction between our races will be gone. There will be no question then as to the true meaning of "Swaraj." There will be but one feeling that all must be free and equal citizens of one Great Empire whose aim and object is to fit each individual to do his best for the benefit of his fellow citizens. No doubt we are far from that ideal, but we must always keep it before us if we are ever to attain to it, and we must prepare ourselves by our education to appreciate the goal. At this moment, many of our fellow-citizens are fighting for all that the ideal of the Empire means to them. Our thoughts are seldom far from our brethren—British and Indian—who are giving their lives for what we hold dear. I believe there are hundreds here who would gladly follow their example if only they could be called on to do so. But, if the supreme sacrifice is denied to us, we can at least try to do what does lie to hand, so that, whatever the future may bring forth, Bengal will be ready for it and her sons may feel they have taken their share in helping the Empire to attain the noble ideal, which I trust they will set before themselves."

SUIT AGAINST MANAGER OF BANK IN LIQUIDATION.

QUESTION OF A GUARANTEE LETTER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, July 6.

An interesting bank case is proceeding before the Suborinate Judge of Allahabad in which Mahant Narain Gani of Ajudhia sues B. Girdhari Lal, late manager of the Peoples Industrial Bank now in liquidation, Rana Gyan Jung Bahadur of Nepal and the bank itself for the recovery of some Rs. 41,000.

The plaintiff alleged he was induced to deposit this sum on the first two defendants giving him a letter of guarantee that they would be personally responsible for the sum deposited. The bank failed and went into liquidation, and the plaintiff sought to recover the money on this guarantee.

Girdhari Lal was not present to defend the suit and his whereabouts are unknown. Rana Gyan Jung's defence was he never signed the guarantee letter and knew nothing of the matter. A disciple of the Mahant deposed that the plaintiff would not make further deposits as the bank was a new concern. The manager promised he would get security from a big man and brouht the the witness to Rana, who recommended the bank and assured him that the investment would be safe. Subsequently a guarantee letter was written and signed by the Rana and the deposit made.

Mr. Ross Alston appears for the plaintiff and the Hon. Mr. Motilal Nehru for Rana Gyan Jung Bahadur. The case is proceeding.

Several hundreds of Moplahs who had been trading or otherwise working in Colombo and other parts of Ceylon have now returned to their homes in Malabar, several of them emptyhanded, as a result of the recent riots. On the other hand a Sinhalese coolie recruiter came to north Malabar the other day and succeeded in recruiting about seventy Moplahs for labour in Ceylon.

DACOITY CASE AT KRISHNAGAR.

ADVENTURES OF A BOATING PARTY.

(From our Correspondent.)

KRISHNAGAR, July 6.

On Monday the trial of the Pragpur and Khalilpur dacoity cases commenced before the Special Commissioners. In this case there are five accused, viz., Fani Bhusan Roy, Khitish Sanyal, Ashutosh Lahiri, Narendra Chakrabarty, and Gopendra Ray. Mr. Langford James with Mr. Nirode Chander Chatterjee, Vakil, appeared on behalf of the prosecution; Mr. S. K. Sen with others appeared on behalf of the accused. Mr. Sen said that he wished to know whether the procedure would be that of a warrant case. The President of the Tribunal said that the procedure would be that of a warrant case. After referring to the rules the President of the Tribunal said that the witnesses might be cross-examined after the examination of each.

Mr. James, in opening the case, said that there were two main incidents, viz., the dacoity at Pragpur and another dacoity at Khalilpur. The prosecution claimed that these two were connected with each other. In dealing with the Pragpur incident first, he said that on the 28th of April two boats were hired and in them 13 men went towards Ramkristopore. When starting they said that they were going to Sikharpur to play football. Mr. James described the journey, in the course of which the party stopped at various places. On the evening of the 30th all except one left the boat. They were seen at various points on the road to Pragpur. One curious fact was that the telegraph wire was cut and two instruments by which the wires could be cut were found at the place of the dacoity. A dacoity was committed on the night of the 30th in the shop of Hari Nath Show, in the course of which there was firing. The party then went back to the boat and after visiting several places they came to Pabna Bajitpur Ghat. They, however, did not go to the ferry steamer ghat, but stopped at the burning ghat. Here another boy and eleven of the party left the boat. Shortly afterwards they moved to the steamer ghat and the two remaining men took out a trunk and took it to a gharry and then drove to Gopendra's house.

THE KHALILPUR DACOITY.

In the second incident on May 2nd, three men left Gopendra's house, two of whom had gone there the night before. Later, a boat was hired for 12 persons to go to Goalando. After reaching Khalilpur the party got out of the boat to cook food in a cow-shed. They, however, roused the suspicion of Abdul Wahid, a pilicoman, who went to call the Daroga. The police party came there, suspicion was aroused and the police fired a shot, in reply to which a volley was fired from the boat and one of the dacoits was killed. His body was taken on the boat and the party moved to the other side of the river.

Mr. James their described the movements of the dacoits and the arrest of the accused. Ashutosh, Khitish and Gopendra were known to each other. In concluding his opening, Mr. James urged that there was a conspiracy among the men to commit dacoity. These incidents were overt acts of the conspiracy.

At this stage there was a discussion whether there would be a joint trial or a separate trial. The Tribunal decided that there should be a joint trial.

The first witness for the prosecution, Nabin Mandal, said in Baisakh last two Babus came to Saraghat and hired two boats, one his and the other Hari's. The witness described the places the party visited. Witness was then cross-examined by Mr. Sen and the cross-examination was not finished, when the Court rose for the day.

ACIVILIAN'S BEQUEST OF HIS LIBRARY

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, July 6.

Mr. C. W. McMinn (retired I.C.S.), who died in 1914, has bequeathed to the Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces for distribution among the public libraries at Lucknow, Allahabad and Nainital, the whole of his library consisting of some 3,676 volumes, valued approximately at £1,100 sterling. In the number of rare books relating to India, the library represents the labour of his lifetime, and the bequest will place some books of much value within the reach of students. Mr. McMinn had been engaged for years on the economic history of India and his collection of books was acquired largely with this object in view.

NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

ANNUAL MEETING IN LONDON.

In the absence on military duty of the President, Lord Lamington, the Right Hon. Syed Ameer Ali took the chair at the annual meeting of the National Indian Association on June 3. The majority of the speakers emphasised the fact that the work of the Association is principally carried on by women, both in this country and in India. It was a woman, also—Mrs. Fox-Strangways—who made the most practical suggestions. She spoke from personal knowledge of the work in India, for she founded the Central Provinces and Berar branch, and naturally takes special interests in her nurseling. She urged that branches should be started without delay in provinces where they do not already exist, and that a conference should be held annually in some convenient centre—she mentioned Jubbulpore as a good place to start—so that delegates from all the branches might confer and encourage each other.

Mr. T. J. Bennett, C.I.E., called attention to the way in which the war had brought out the spirit of service among the women of India on behalf of the soldiers in the field, and gave credit to the National Indian Association for preparatory work in accustoming them to friendly co-operation for a special purpose. He quoted with approval Sir Valentine Chirol's letter to "The Times" on this point, and added his own experience as to the better understanding which was likely to follow from the presence of the Territorials in India.

Syed Ameer Ali, Sir William Duke, Sir Krishna Gupta, Sir James Wilson, and several Indian members paid tribute to the devoted service of Miss Beck as hon. secretary and guiding spirit of the Association carrying on the tradition of its founder, Miss Mary Carpenter, and her successor as hon. secretary, Miss Adelaide Manning. It may be mentioned, says the "Indiaman" that in addition to the "War Service" of the Association in India, a sum of £230 has been raised in this country to provide warm clothing and comforts for the Indian troops.

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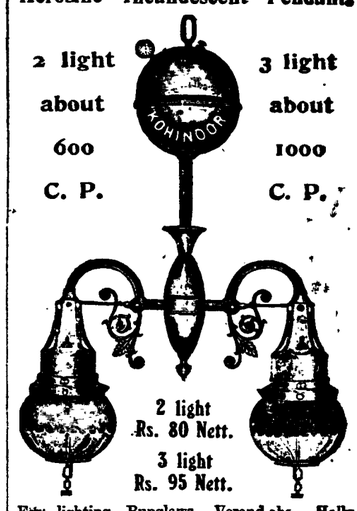

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Dr. P——, Varthoor, Bangalore,

writes: "I selected a case (a boy of 11 years old) who was very anæmic, averse to any sort of food from want of appetite, morose, of a languid disposition, loathful to play and study; he also suffered from a severe chest pain, which it was feared would culminate in that dreadful malady, Angina Pectoris. He had only taken Sanatogen for three days when the child was found to be cheerful, active, and the appetite returning. He relished his usual food, and the best results being that he has had no more chest pains for the last two months."

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writes: "Since taking Sanatogen I am really better—a brighter, stronger tone altogether."

Mrs. KENSINGTON,

wife of the Hon. Mr. Justice Kensington, Lahore, writes: "Both I and Mr. Kensington have tried Sanatogen in the great heat of Lahore, where it is specially trying, and we have both found it a wonderful reviver and tonic. It is also the best thing for digestive troubles that I have come across."

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LAW INTELLIGENCE

HIGH COURT.

THIRD CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

ALLEGED ATTEMPT AT ABDUCTION.

(Before Mr. Justice Davar and a Common Jury).

EMPEROR *v.* VITHAL MAIRAL GAIKWAD.

The accused Vithal Gaikwad a chauffeur in the employ of the Hon. Mr. Orr, was charged with the offences of having attempted to abduct one Radhabai and having caused hurt to one Gurudin, who had come to the help of Radhabai.

Mr. R. S. Pandit appeared for the prosecution.

Mr. D. M. Colah defended the accused.

The facts as alleged by the prosecution were as follows:—

The accused was a chauffeur in Mr. Orr's service. He was on friendly terms with a butler named Kashinath in the service of Major Cumming. The butler with his two wives was staying in the outhouses of Major Cumming's bungalow. On the 12th of May, the butler left for Conoor with his master on the 13th of May (i.e. the next day) the accused went to the butler's rooms at about 9 a.m. in the morning and asked Radhabai to go away with him and live as his mistress. Radhabai refused saying that she had a husband. The accused then went away. At about 1-30 p.m. while she and her husband's second wife were going out to make cigarettes, the accused who was evidently lying in wait, went up to her, seized her by the hand and asked her to come to his place. Both the women cried out for help and one Gurudin, a dhobie living at No. 3 Marine Lines, came upon the scene and snatched the grip of the accused from the wrist of Radhabai. The accused then assaulted Gurudin on the head with an umbrella. There was a wound on the head which bled freely. All the time the two women were crying for help and Major Willis, the Mint Master, who passing that way came up. The accused then went away. Major Willis followed the accused and saw him entering Mr. Orr's bungalow. Gurudin was taken to the hospital. On information being given to the Police, the accused was arrested. He was committed to the Sessions by the Second Presidency Magistrate on charges of attempt to abduct and hurt.

In support of the case for the prosecution, Radhabai, Major Willis, Kuchroo and Gurudin gave evidence.

In his charge to the Jury his Lordship characterised the case as a palpably and wickedly false case against the accused. If the evidence were analysed, they would find that the charge would lead to many absurdities. Evidence of the dhobie was tainted and the evidence of others except Major Willis too was manifestly tainted.

The Jury returned an unanimous verdict of "not guilty" against the accused on both the charges. His Lordship ordered the accused to be acquitted and said that the Jury had returned the only verdict that could be returned in this case. His Lordship regretted that he should have been in jail for a few days on a charge of this description.

THEFT BY POSTAL CLERK.

EMPEROR *v.* LOWJIBHAI PESTONJI MOTIVALA.

The accused in this case, a Parsi clerk temporarily employed at the Grant Road Post Office, is charged with the offence of having committed theft of a postal article, viz., a registered letter containing a cheque drawn on the Allahabad Bank in favour of Hormasji Shapurji Tantra, for Rs. 4,000 The accused stands charged under section 52 of the Post Office Act, which runs as follows:—Whoever, being an officer of the Post Office, commits theft in respect of or dishonestly misappropriates, or for any purpose whatsoever, secretes, destroys or throws away, any postal article in course of transmission by post or anything contained therein shall be punishable &c., &c.

Mr. Nicholson appeared for the prosecution on behalf of the Crown.

Mr. S. G. Velinkar, with Mr. R. D. Batlivala, defended the accused.

CASE FOR PROSECUTION.

Mr. Nicholson opened his case for the prosecution and said that the accused was an acting clerk at the Grant Road Post Office. He did general duty at the Post Office. A He did general duty at the Post Office. A man named J. Madan dispatched a registered letter containing a cheque for Rs. 4,000 in favour of one Hormusji Tantra, on the 13th of May, 1915. The said letter was addressed to the Balivala Victoria Theatrical Co., at Tardeo; the cheque inside was drawn on the Allahabad Bank. In addition to this letter, Hormasji Tantra was advised by telegram about the dispatch of this letter. On 15th May, when the letter from Calcutta would in the ordinary course arrive, Tantra awaited for the letter, but as it did not arrive on that day, he went to the Grant Road Post Office where he received some information. On the 17th instant he sent a telegram to J. Madan at Calcutta asking for the number of the cheque and asking him to authorise the Allahabad Bank not to pay. Madan did as desired. Tantra made inquiries at the Allahabad Bank where he received further information. The postal authorities reported the matter to the Police. The result of the police inquiries was that a boy who presented the cheque to the Bank was identified by one Digambar, a clerk of the Bank. The young boy was one Dhondu Vithal and he said that he received the cheque from the accused whom he was able to identify. The boy was a shrewd boy and he had made a note of the number of the cheque and the person in whose favour it was drawn. It would be better to relate how the boy came to know the accused. The boy said that a friend of his knew the Parsi and when he wanted some employment, he introduced him to the accused. The accused gave the boy an introductory note on a clerk employed at the municipality. Along with this note the cheque in question and a slip to the people of the Allahabad Bank were given to the boy Dhondu. This cheque he presented to the Allahabad Bank and the payment was refused to him on some ground.

There were other facts which it was necessary to know. On the 15th May at 3 p.m., a mail bag was brought to the Grant Road Post Office, sealed up and in proper order. It was checked by one of the Postal clerks. There were only two registered letters in the bag and the clerk made a note and placed the letters with the book on the table of the dispatching clerk. This dispaching clerk was doing some other business and left his table between 3 and 4 that afternoon. The accused was working in this office and he had occasion to go from table to table and he came twice to the table of the dispatching clerk. The evidence here was rather indefinite. The dispatch clerk did not see him go there, when he came back to the table, the dispatch clerk discovered that one of the two registered letters was missing. He informed his master. All of them searched for the letter, but as it could not be found, the police was communicated with.

Hormusji Tantra was the first witness called on behalf of the prosecution.

The trial is proceeding.

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APPELLATE SIDE

ILLEGAL ORDER BY A SUB-DIVISIONAL MAGISTRATE QUASHED.

(Before Justices Batchelor and Hayward.)

ASMAL MAHAMED ISAP *v.* THE KING-EMPEROR.

This was a reference submitted under section 438, Criminal Procedure Code, by Mr. D. J. Talyerkhan, Sessions Judge of Broach, with a recommendation that the order issued by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Jambusar Mr. S. N. Ziman, in a case under Chapter X of the Code, to one Asmal Mahmed Isap requiring him to block up a door newly constructed by him in a wall of his house be quashed as illegal.

Briefly the facts are these:—Sometime back one Asmal Mahmud constructed a door in a wall of his house opening on to a road. Some of the residents of the locality thereupon petitioned the Assistant Collector Mr. Ziman, complaining that the door inconvenienced them in their use of the road and prayed that it might be ordered to be closed.

Mr. Ziman thereupon made a local enquiry and in his capacity as Assistant Collector, ordered Asmal under section 61 of the Land Revenue Code to close the door. Asmal not having complied with the order, Mr. Ziman, as Sub-Divisional Magistrate, issued an unconditional order under Chapter X of the Criminal Procedure Code, directing Asmal to block up the door within a certain period. Asmal thereupon applied to the Sessions Court to move the High Court to set aside the order.

The Sessions Judge in making the reference observed:—"The order was clearly illegal as it was made without holding the judicial enquiry prescribed by Chapter X. The magistrate should have in the first instance made only a conditional order under section 133. It would be only after he had held the enquiry prescribed by the succeeding sections that he could finally make an unconditional order such as he has made under section 140—Vide I. L. R. 9 Cal. 637. The magistrate had made the order without recording his reasons in support of it. If his reasons were the same as those he had recorded when he previously dealt with the matters in his capacity of Assistant Collector, they were in my opinion unsound. It was undesirable for the same officer to have dealt with the matters judicially after having previously dealt with it in his administrative capacity."

Their Lordships quashed the order as recommended by the Sessions Judge, with a remark that the matter should be brought to the notice of the magistrate concerned.

Mr. G. N. Thakore appeared to support the reference.

Constipation produces more suffering than any other malady to which the human system is liable. The sure cure for it is Kasagra, pleasant and perfect. D. 26

ORIGINAL SIDE.

INTERIM INJUNCTION AGAINST DRUGGIST.

(Before Mr. Justice Macleod.)

MESSRS. BURGOYNE BURBRIDGES & Co., MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS OF LONDON BY THEIR CZNSTITUTED ATTORNEY IN BOMBAY, MR. M. K. SHAH, *v.* THE ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO., OF BOMBAY.

This was a notice of motion taken out by the plaintiff, applying for an interim injunction restraining the defendants from selling "Tincture Cardemum Compound" and other drugs in packets done up to look exactly like the plaintiff's goods so as to lend unwary buyers into the belief that they were buying the drugs manufactured by the plaintiff-firm.

Mr. Moos, instructed by Messrs. Payne & Co., appeared for the plaintiff.

Certain bottles were produced by the plaintiffs, which they alleged were so exactly alike in shape, size and general get-up to the plaintiffs' goods that it would enable the defendants to palm them off on the public as the goods of the plaintiffs.

Mr. Moos pointed this out to the Court and stated that the defendants had already given an undertaking with regard to the "Tincture Cardemum Compound" not to use the labels and general get-up similar to the plaintiffs' but there was no such undertaking with regard to the other drugs. An interim injunction was necessary, as in the event of default the defendants could be brought up before the Court for contempt.

His Lordship, in granting the injunction prayed for, remarked that as the defendants did not appear to oppose the application he would make an order for interim injunction.

SHORT CAUSES.

DECREE AGAINST A BARRISTER.

(Before Mr. Justice Macleod.)

MAHOMAD ALI ADAMJEE MASSALAWALA, plaintiff *v.* MAHOMAD ALI TYABLI KADARBHAI, Defendant.

AND

ADAMJEE ABDABHOY MASSALAWALA, plaintiff, *v.* MAHOMAD ALI TYABALI KADARBHOY, Defendant.

In these two suits the defendant was a barrister practising in the Bombay High Court. The plaintiff in the second suit was the father of the plaintiff in the first. The claims in the suits were for Rs. 8,000 and odd and Rs. 2,000 and odd, lent to the plaintiff for the purpose of prosecuting his studies in England as a barrister. The defendant had left Bombay for London for the purpose of a suit pending before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

The defence was that the plaintiffs were old friends of the family and the monies were lent on condition that they should be repaid when the defendant was able to repay the same from his earnings. This unfortunately had not been the case yet. The plaintiffs also claimed 9 p. c. interest with yearly rests, alleging an agreement to that effect with the defendant.

His Lordship passed a decree for the principal sums claimed with cost, but disallowed the claim with regard to interest.

Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. Kanga appeared for the defendant.

When other remedies fail to cure that headache, here's the cure. Stearns' Headache Cure, headache gone in a few minutes. C. 5

Attorneys for the plaintiffs, Messrs. Jehangir, Seervai, Minocher and Hiralal.

Attorneys for the defendant, Messrs. Tyabjee, Dayabhai and Co.

DAMAGES CLAIMED FOR REFUSAL TO TAKE DELIVERY OF GOODS.

(Before Mr. Justice Macleod.)

HOOKAMCHAND SOOBAPCHAND, V. MESSRS. NETANAND OOMAND, A FIRM.

This was a claim for Rs. 10,000 and odd in respect of transactions in linseed of September 1914 vaida. It was alleged by the plaintiff that because of the war the market rates had fallen and the defendants had failed to take delivery of the goods. He claimed damages on the basis of the difference between the contract rate and the market rate at the time.

Mr. Jinnah appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. Dadachanjee appeared for the defendants.

Mr. Dadachanjee said that the defendant had filed his written statement and applied for transfer to the list of long causes. The defence was twofold. First, proper delivery orders had not been sent by the plaintiffs and they were not ready and willing to perform their contract; secondly, the market rate mentioned as Rs. 5-15 for the vaida was arrived at by the plaintiff not by sale of goods assigned to the defendant's contract, but by the sale of other goods of other people sold on the day. The market rate, counsel submitted, was Rs. 8-6-1, the rate fixed by the leading broker in the bazaar, by which the parties were bound.

Mr. Jinnah:—So far as the rate is concerned, your Lordship has decided in another suit that the rate on that particular vaida was Rs. 6-4. I am prepared to accept that rate.

Mr. Dadachanjee:—That suit was between different parties and the case is under appeal on the very question of rates.

His Lordship ordered the suit to be transferred to the long cause list, on the defendant depositing Rs. 9,000 in Court. Otherwise suit to be put down as a short cause on his Lordship's board after decision in the appeal abovementioned was given.

Attorneys for the plaintiff: Messrs. Malvi, Hiralal, Mody and Ranchoddas.

Attorneys for the defendants: Messrs. Pocha and Co.

CAUSE LIST.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
IN INSOLVENCY.

BOARD FOR WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF JULY, 1915.

Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw D. Davar.

Applications for Discharge under Sec. 36.

530-12.—M B Chothia, Kikabhai Rajabali *v.* Nandramdas Mathuradas & ors, Crs. No. 35, Payne and Co.

130-14.—M B Chothia, Mahason bin Abdula bin Rajab, *v.* Mulchand Hemraj & anr, Cr No. 1, Daphtary F and D.

212-15.—M B Chothia, Jusab Ayub Cutchi Memon and Esmail Ayub Cutchi Memon, *v.* Suleman Aba Mahomed Cr. No. 5, Mulla & M.

636-13.—M B Chothia, Ganpatrao Atmaram Jayaker & Vinayek Atmaram Jayaker, *v.* Tejmul Bhagchand & Co, Crs No. 2, Amin and Desai.

659-13.—Hiralal & Co, Prabhakar Govind Vaidya, *v.* The Texas Company, Little and Co.

502-13.—Hiralal & Co, Mahomed Enoos Valad Kamrudin Mitkar, *v.* Mahomed Hasan Farid, son and legal representative of Mahomed Ebrahim Gulammohiddin (Deceased) Cr No. 1, In person.

N.B.—This opposed Board will stand adjourned till the next Regular Court day, viz., 21st July, 1915.

LAHORE CONSPIRACY CASE.

DEFENCE EVIDENCE.

(From our Correspondent.)

LAHORE, July 6.

The Lahore Conspiracy Case was resumed before the Special Tribunal yesterday. During the period of the adjournment of the case court summons have been issued for the appearance of 302 defence witnesses, while the Commissioners could not see their way to summon a certain number of them including 32 from America. All the accused were present except Kehr Singh. The court took up the evidence of the defence witnesses. Lala Hakumat Rai conducted the defence for Surain Singh, the younger Khushal Singh, and Wasawa Singh.

Buta Singh, Sher, Jawala Singh, and Kehr Singh of Gulwali and Bhagyri, deposed to the good character of Surain Singh and said that he never shaved since he got a beard two years ago.

Lal Singh, Harnam Singh, Atar Singh, Jivan Singh and Surain Singh, all Zamindars of Padri, bore witness to Khushal Singh's good character, to his being a member of the Singh Sabha and to the sale of his wife's ornaments in accordance with the practice of his religious school.

Sohan Singh of Padri (prosecution witness No. 183) summoned as a defence witness, did not know if Khushal Singh owed him any rent.

Buta Singh, (a lambardar), Ishar Singh (a zemindar) and Khan Darvesh Alli (jagirdar), all of the Lyallpur district, deposed to Wasawa Singh's presence in the Lyallpur colony on certain dates in January and February in connection with the lease of a land to him.

Head Constable Zhulam Muhammad, Muharrir, Sardar Thana, Amritsar, had seen Wasakha Singh once in connection with the proceedings before the Deputy Commissioner of Amritsar, but Wasakha Singh and Mula Singh were never together in the Amritsar police lock-up. Bakhshiah Sing and Udham Singh were in the thana together for a few days, but in different lock-ups.

This finished the evidence of 21 witnesses.

A SUBSIDIARY CASE.

There is no truth in the newspaper report that charges have been already framed against Bhai Parmanand. Two of the remaining absconding accused, Banta Singh and Sajjan Singh, have been also arrested, but they will come up for trial in a subsidiary case which will follow the present case.

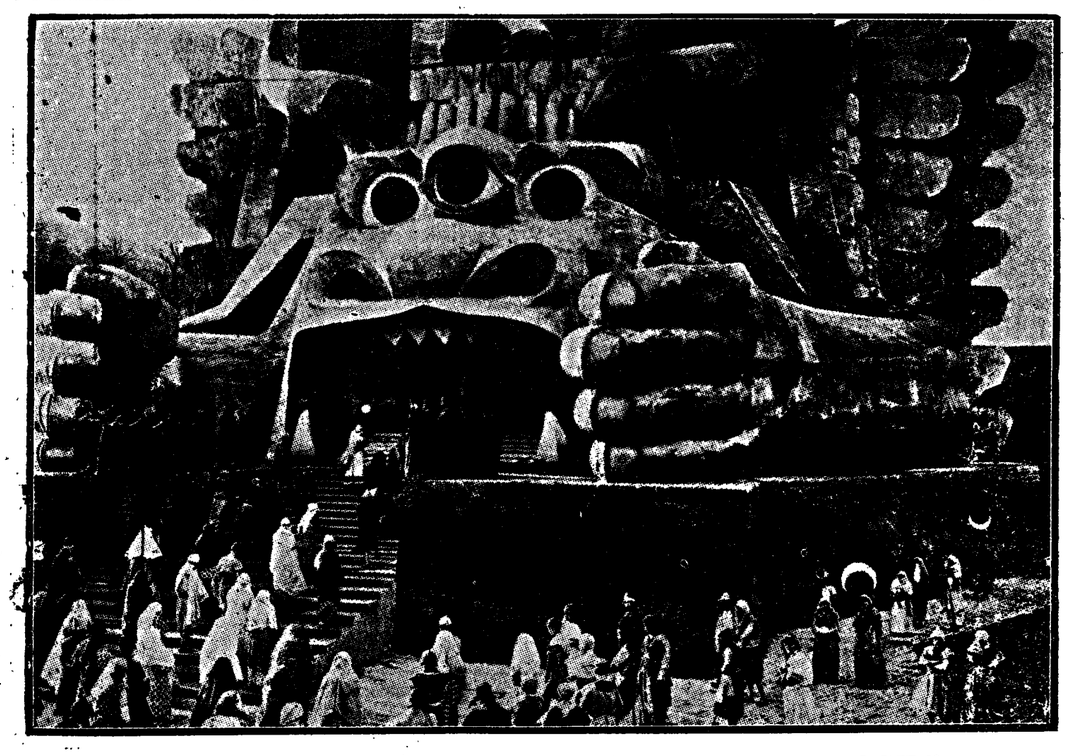
If the bowels are clogged up, they need clearing. Inactivity of the bowels is what is known as constipation, and is productive of many baneful results. When your bowels do not act regularly take Kasagra. D 25

A CINEMATOGRAPH EPOCH FOR BOMBAY.

So much lavish description, such a careless use of the words "STUPENDOUS," "MAGNIFICENT," "COLOSSAL," and so forth, has been so recklessly applied to long and cheaply sensational films in Bombay and extensive praising has been so misapplied that, when the genuine thing comes along, we have to be careful when bringing it before the public that we do not slip into the same rut of conventional stereotyped and flattery. Fortunately the film we are about to present to Bombay will hurl all the above superlatives at you itself; and this film is

CABIRIA

A few facts about this wonder film will give you some idea of its immensity. First and foremost, its scenario has been written by the greatest Poet of modern times: **GABRIELE D'ANNUNZIO,** whose dramatic works have earned him the title of **"The Shakespeare of Italy". D'Annunzio** is not a only literary genius but a great patriot and no one has done more to bring Italy on the side of the Allies and their fight for liberty than this Poet who has consented to write a Romance for the Cinema which has resulted in the greatest dramatic work ever produced either on the screen or stage. Nearly two years were occupied in producing and staging **CABIRIA. 2,000 artistes** are to be seen in some of the battle scenes. **MACISTE,** a slave character, is a man of colossal build, and the world was searched to find a man of such giant-like proportions. Every actor had to grow naturally long hair and beards where the character demanded it, and were engaged months in advance.



THE ENTRANCE TO THE FIRE GOD "MOLOCH."

In order to make this the greatest film for all time the producers have spent nearly **£50,000** or about 8 **LAKHS OF RUPEES** in bringing it to perfection. Signor Mazzo, a well-known composer in Italy, has written the music for every foot of the film. "The Fire God" symphony has been composed by another famous musician.

One of the most extraordinary scenes is the "Temple of Moloch" shown in the illustration. The entrance to the building is the mouth of a gigantic monster through which thousands of worshippers pass to offer their human sacrifices to the fiery breast of the god "Moloch".

The Excelsior Orchestra will be augmented. **CABIRIA** has been shown in every leading Opera-House in Europe and America with Orchestra of 150 and Chorus of 80. We cannot do that in Bombay but no expense will be spared to place before the Bombay public, who are lovers of art and things beautiful apart from the cheaply sensational, an attraction which will reach the highest mark of Cinema Drama.

CABIRIA shows the first naval battle ever recorded and 20 full sized ships are destroyed by fire, when Archemides, by a gigantic machine which concentrates the rays of the sun on the attacking ships burns them like matchwood. Such terrible realism must be seen to be believed. There are some magnificent earthquake scenes. In one case a beautiful Roman street, which took nearly a year to build and cost thousands of pounds, is destroyed in 10 minutes.

Prices of admission will not be raised and seats may be booked at Rose & Co.

"CABIRIA" is in 2 epochs. The first epoch, 600 feet, will commence on July 10th.

"THE LONDON DAILY TELEGRAPH" says:—"Such elaborate staging and extraordinary realism could only be seen through the medium of the Cinematograph."

A PAGE FOR THE HOME.

FASHIONS OF TO-DAY.

(From our Correspondent.)

LONDON, June 15.

Grace and moderation are the keynotes of fashion in this present summer; and provided one keeps within the limits of these two words, and does not run to extremes in any direction, the effect is dainty and delightful. There is a perfect furore for muslins now that the summer has really descended upon us; and no known material lends itself more readily and delightfully to the frills and drapery in which woman delights. Stripes in two shades of blue make up exquisitely if mounted over a white silk foundation, three deep frills forming the "skirt." With the price of food and other provisions mounting steadily week by week, it is refreshing to know that the cost of dress material remains practically what it was a year ago, where it has not got cheaper; so that it is possible for all to be well turned out even though incomes have diminished to an alarming extent.

DAINTY SUMMER FROCK.

This delightful example of seasonable frock is made of anemone-blue and black pin-striped silk, the sleeves of flowered muslin varying the scheme. The bodice, belt, and tunic hem are of anemone-blue taffetas. The skirt is wide, but drapes prettily in to the figure; and the tunic is fuller still, and hangs in graceful folds all round. The wide belt outlines the waist most effectively; and the little bodice is gathered slightly in to it. The sleeves are of elbow length—a delightful concession to the hot days—and the gloves are long and puckered over the arm. The dainty lingerie neck frill is easily made at home, and is completed by the narrow velvet band. The large shady hat is necessary to this picturesque costume, completed as it is by the long-handled sunshade that harmonises in colouring.

A PRETTY COATEE.

The dainty small garment here shown is composed of Belgian-blue ninon patterned with knots of pastel-coloured flowers; and the waistband is in the same colouring. The long sleeves of the coatee are set in in Raglan fashion; and the neck is completed by one of the fashionable high collars finished with up and down frills, the same frills being arranged at the cuffs. About halfway between the waist and the hem of the coatee comes a row of gauging, which gives a dainty effect when the garment is worn. There is room for originality in the making-up of a dress adjunct like this, as colour scheme and general style can be adapted to individual taste.

A SHADY HAT

The accompanying sketch shows a flat-brimmed sailor hat made of alternate ginger-brown and rose-du-Barri picot-edged ribbon. The other trimming consists of two dull pink roses and two nigger-brown mounts. The mounts are laid flat on the wide brim, and jut out at each side in most effective fashion. The hat would not be difficult to make at home. All that is necessary are the materials mentioned and a good shape, combined with a little patience and tastefulness in manipulation. The secret of good millinery is a "light" effect, and this is only achieved where the fingers are deft and long invisible stitches are taken.

THE RETURN OF SUMMER

SOME EVENING DRESSES.

The arrival of the summer has brought with it the return of the true evening dress writes "S. C. M." in the "Manchester Guardian." All through the winter and the colder spring days it had been set aside in favour of demi-toilette. Sometimes this has been provided by last summer's dresses which have thus done their duty twice before being finally abandoned. Or experiments have been made with the more recent fashions, and high dresses in net or lace have thus been produced, and worn in the evenings. But for the summer nothing is so refreshing as the low-cut corsage and therefore many a woman is now returning to old habits so far as to wear it again.

In some instances the dressmakers are providing a compromise by making the evening bodice high at the back, while leaving it cut low in the front. The idea is partly the result of the serious mood of to-day, which would modify any detail which is too obviously smart. But this type of corsage is also quite in harmony with other nineteenth century ideas which are now inspiring the designers. The only difference between the old fashion and the new is the manner in which the idea is carried out. For there is now more art in the arrangement of the back of the corsage, and that is the note which is so essentially modern.

THE LONG SLEEVE AND SHORT SKIRT.

Again, the fashion for long sleeves in the evening is partly a revival and partly a result of the simplicity which distinguishes social life at the moment. There are now no "parties" which demand "full dress." Dinners are given because the evening is the only time in which most people are quite free from some serious pursuit. And even these dinners are restricted to the intimate circle, where friends find relief and refreshment in the opportunity for quiet talk and for exchanging news of those loved ones who have gone to the front.

Meanwhile the skirts of the new models are perfectly short. And it cannot be denied that though it be lacking in grace there is somthing very convenient in the short evening dress. Some women, no doubt, will refuse to accept it until they have become more accustomed to the idea. They will still wear the draped skirt which is finished by a panel or a scarf which does duty for a train. Miss Elizabeth Chesney appears in a dress of this type in "The Day Before the Day." And just because it is worn at the St. James's Theatre, where the mode is so carefully studied, many a woman will be confirmed in her refusal to wear the short skirt. On the other hand, the evening dress worn by Miss Grace Lane in the same play is typical of the most advanced modes. It is carried out in white poult de soie, with a corsage of fine lace which is cut square only in front and finished with a wide folded belt. The dress recalls a model in taffetas, in the exact shade of the green leaves which now so exquisitely veil every tree. This is made with a skirt which is cut to a point at each side, so that a shallow concave curve is described across both the front and the back. In this way is revealed a glimpse of an underskirt fashioned in green chiffon and made perfectly straight and just narrow enough to show off the width of the over-dress. The corsage is daintily arranged in the taffetas carried straight across the shoulders and crossed in front where the points rest on the decolletage of fine white net. Relief is provided by the tiny flowers which stud the straps on the shoulders and by the touch of rose red which is introduced among the folds of the ceinture.

WIDTH WITHOUT STIFFNESS.

The lines of this model are so good that it could be reproduced in black or white, or in some darker colour, and would still be assured of success. The dress is indeed a marvel of cleverness in that the skirt is so full and yet hangs so straight. And this is the characteristic which the leading dressmakers have made their ideal. It is to be seen again in chiffon taffetas in an exquisitely soft shade of blue. The skirt here might rouse fears of the crinoline's return, so many are the tiny pleats at the waist and so Early Victorian are the frills at the hem. But the soft folds in which it hangs emphasise the straight lines of the silhouette and banish all fears of so disastrous a revival.

All these models, thus charmingly presented in colour, are continually repeated in black or soft grey. But those who are looking for something lighter than poult de soie or taffetas will find it in many a pretty model in black lace or net. The net models are indeed exquisitely dainty, trimmed now with graduated bands in black velvet, and again with a touch of gold at the hem of the overdress. Sometimes they are mounted on accordion-kilted chiffon, which in its turn is lined with thin silk. Sometimes the net provides a soft veiling to shimmering white satin. But in every case such a dress is characterised by a lightness of touch which endows it with an effect of coolness most desirable in a garment intended for a hot summer evening.

OFFICER'S 1,000 LOVE LETTERS.

"LASTING DEVOTION" THAT FAILED.

An officer who in counsel's words, had "never been surpassed in the phrasing of his ideas of affection and vows of devotion" was the defendant in an action for breach of promise of marriage which came before Mr. Justice Atkin and a common jury in the King's Bench Division on June 10, writes the "Daily News and Leader." Miss Lily Eyton Jones, professionally known as Miss Lily Eyton, of Bolsover-street, W., was the plaintiff, and the defendant was Captain E. Ludlow Porter, of the Worcestershire Regiment, whose address was given as Aldershot. The defendant denied the alleged breach of promise.

Mr. Martin O'Connor and Mr. C. T. Williams appeared for the plaintiff, Mr. Alexander Neilson representing the defendant.

In opening the case Mr. O'Connor stated that the plaintiff was a well-known music-hall artist. The action was in many respects a rather painful character. The plaintiff and defendant met for the first time some eight years ago, and in August, 1913, they were engaged. Captain Porter in the course of the friendship and engagement wrote altogether something like a thousand letters, which were gems in their way. Counsel said he did not intend to read the whole of the letters. When he had read a selection the jury would come to the conclusion that Shakespeare in his description of the feelings of the heart was an apprentice compared with Captain Porter. (Laughter). At the commencement of the war defendant made his will in plaintiff's favour.

"HIGH EXPLOSIVES."

Counsel then read some of the letters which had passed between the parties. The following are extracts:

My own dear little darling,—Oh, my little loved one!

To have won your love, sweetheart, is indeed a treasure to be proud of, but it is a very safe keeping, little one.

I just worship and adore you with a passionate intensity that defies words to express.

All my longing and devotion can be summed up in those three words, so old, but, nevertheless, so true—"I love you."

There will be nothing left of you when I get you in my arms again.

I had no idea, sweetheart, that I loved you so madly until last Sunday.

I never knew until I held you in my arms that night how truly and passionately devoted to you, my angel, I was.

Yes, my baby, all the self-control which I thought was mine has been entirely swept away, and I am yours, body and soul, now and always.

Mine, sweetheart, you are for ever, and the love I give you is not that of a boy, but the lasting devotion of a man who has found at last what he despaired of ever finding—a little girl whom he could worship.

My darling, would I could find words, my precious, to tell you just what I feel, but none have ever been coined yet.

I just adore you, and true will I be to my little Lily as long as life lasts.

Baby, I don't bore you, do I, with telling you over and over again how much I love you.

Counsel was proceeding to read numerous letters when his lordship asked: "How many of these high explosives are you going to read, Mr. O'Connor?"

Mr. O'Connor asked whether, having regard to those letters, anyone could have any doubt that the defendant loved her most intensely, and meant to marry her. Suddenly, however, he changed his mind and the engagement was broken off by letter on February 13.

"THE HARDEST."

The letter of Feb. 13, 1915, dated from Cawsand Bay, Cornwall, contained the following passages:

My dear little Girl,—This letter is going to be the very hardest one I have ever written in my life, since it is to tell you, child, that, try hard as I will, I don't love you as once I did—not as much as I thought I did until a short time ago.

I have tried so hard to banish all thoughts of everyone but you, and came up to town to try and convince myself that it was you, and you only, that I wanted. Even when I got back here I would not allow that there could be anyone else; but I have realised now that there is another, and that that other has got what I thought was in your keeping for ever.

Oh, child, I feel such a contemptible cur to write to you like this, but we always promised each other to say if either of our loves waned and so hard as it is, and much as I despise myself for having to do it, I must make the confession.

Good-bye, Lily. I would rather have been killed at the front than have had to write a letter like this to you. God grant that in time you may be able to forgive.—Charlie.

IN A DIVORCE CASE.

Before this letter of Feb. 13 had been written, said counsel, defendant had been away with the wife of a brother officer—the wife of his friend. He had since been a co-respondent in the Divorce Court, and had agreed to pay £1,000 damages. There they got the solution of this mysterious change of feeling on the part of the defendant. When Miss Jones received this letter she was perfectly shocked. She had expected to be married to him soon. He was expecting to be a Major, had a decent allowance from his father, and was a man of genuine expectations. When the writ was served upon him he wrote to her:

If you remember we always promised each other that if at any time our affection waned we could tell the other at once. At present I am going through proceedings in the Divorce Court, and the result is a foregone conclusion. The expenses alone will absolutely cripple me financially, and if my father hears of it he will stop my allowance altogether.

The plaintiff gave evidence in support of counsel's statement. There was no condition attaching to the engagement of any kind, she said.

Mr. Neilson: It would be a dreadful tragedy to marry anyone if you were not fond of him?—Yes.

Therefore, it was a right thing for Capt. Porter to tell you the moment that condition of affairs had arrived?—He waited a considerable time before he wrote to me.

The defendant did not give evidence. Mr. Neilson, addressing the jury on his behalf, said that Capt. Porter had not any means beyond his pay and voluntary allowance from his father. He advanced argument in favour of the mitigation of damages.

His Lordship in summing up said the question for the jury to decide was solely as to the amount of the damages to be awarded.

After a brief deliberation, the jury returned a verdict for plaintiff, awarding £250 damages. Judgment was entered accordingly with costs.

MISS MARIE LOHR.

Reproduced from "The Tatler."

Who is playing the part of Marie Odile in Mr Edward Knoblauch's new play, which Sir Herbert Tree produced at His Majesty's Theatre during mail week.

£25,000 FOR MUSIC.

CHARITABLE BEQUESTS OF A WOMAN.

About £25,000 was bequeathed by Mrs. Maria Maude Drinan, of 12, Abbey-road, St. John's Wood, N.W., wife of Mr. John Albert Drinan, to the Royal Academy of Music, for the foundation of a fund to be known as the "Bentley Trust," for the benefit and advance of music in England by the foundation of scholarships for young and talented musicians or in such other ways as the committee shall determine. The testatrix also left:—

£500 to the Actors' Benevolent Fund, for the benefit of actresses.

£300 to the R.S.P.C.A.

£200 to the Home for Lost Dogs, Battersea.

£200 to the Home of Rest for Horses, London.

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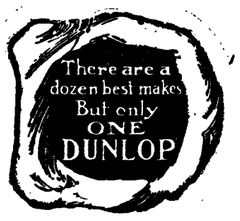

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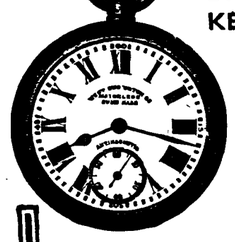

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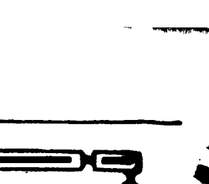

Some of the unscrupulous imitators are trying to deceive the public by affixing on very inferior qualities of watches even concocted and illusory names like Ruskope," "Roskope," "Roscope" and such others which have no existence at all, but still the substantial good qualities of the Genuine Roskopf watches are gaining so much appreciation all over different parts of the world that they raise the envy and jealousy of rival manufacturers, and it is against such artful deceptions that it has become necessary for the purchasers to protect themselves by *very careful* and *minute* examination of the Roskopf trade-mark as herein indicated and for which we are obliged to give this warning.

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